

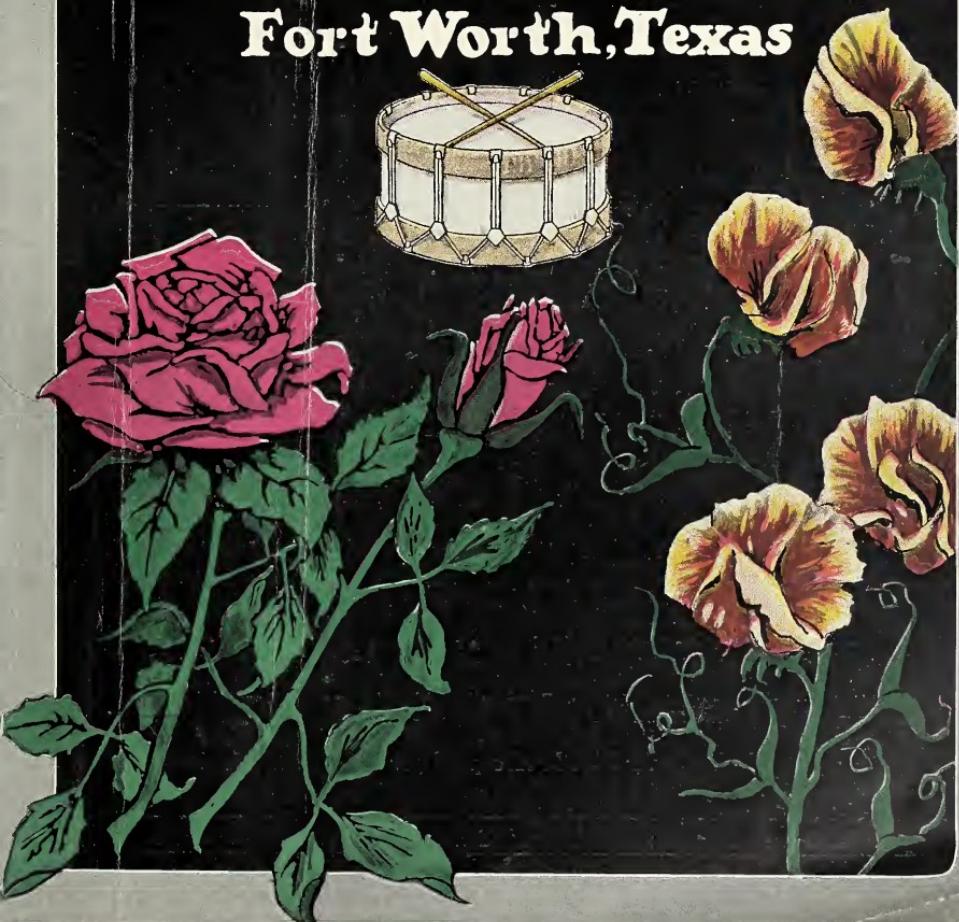
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Catalog 1922

DRUMM SEED & FLORAL COMPANY

Fort Worth, Texas



To Our Friends and Customers —



HIS is our 33rd Annual Catalog and we have tried to make it of more value to you than previous issues. Our catalog is keeping pace with our rapidly growing business, which has been built by service cooperation with our customers and High Quality Seeds, Plants, Cut Flowers and Nursery Stock. ¶ Our Landscape Department is in charge of an experienced landscape engineer, and many of our customers are not acquainted with this department. We are prepared to give you expert advice in beautifying your home grounds, and solicit your correspondence. ¶ We hope to have your continued orders, which shall have our careful attention.

Yours respectfully,

DRUMM SEED & FLORAL CO.

See Inside Back Cover for General Directions to Customers

Special Collection for Home Gardens

1 Pkt. Stringless Green Pod Beans.....	\$.10
1 Pkt. Eclipse Beet .....	.10
1 Pkt. Oxheart Carrot .....	.10
1 Pkt. Jersey Wakefield Cabbage .....	.10
1 Pkt. True Southern Collards .....	.10
1 Pkt. Black Seeded Simpson Lettuce.....	.10
1 Pkt. So. Giant Curled Mustard.....	.10
1 Pkt. Dwarf Champion Tomato .....	.10
1 Pkt. White Velvet Okra .....	.10
1 Pkt. White Tipped Scarlet Radish.....	.10
1 Pkt. Nott's Excelsior Peas .....	.10
1 Pkt. White Bush Squash .....	.10
1 Pkt. Bloomsdale Spinach .....	.10
1 Pkt. Klondike Cucumber .....	.10
1 Pkt. Purple Top Strap Leaf Turnip.....	.10

Total \$1.50

**\$1.50 Worth of Good Tested
Vegetable Seed for..... \$1.00**

Special Flower Garden Collection

1 Pkt. Mixed Zinnias	\$.10
1 Pkt. Mixed Snapdragons .....	.10
1 Pkt. Mixed Verbenas .....	.10
1 Pkt. Mixed Poppies .....	.10
1 Pkt. Mixed Larkspur .....	.10
1 Pkt. Mixed Portulaca .....	.10
1 Pkt. Mixed Vinca or Periwinkle.....	.10
1 Pkt. Mixed Foxglove .....	.10
1 Pkt. Mixed Four O'Clocks .....	.10
1 Pkt. Mixed Petunias .....	.10
1 Pkt. Mixed Dwarf Nasturtiums .....	.10
1 Pkt. Mixed Calendulas .....	.10
1 Pkt. Ageratum .....	.10
1 Pkt. Sweet Alyssum .....	.10
1 Pkt. Mixed Cosmos .....	.10

Total \$1.50

\$1.50 Worth of Choice Seed for..... \$1.00

Our catalog is Free on application. If you want friends to have our catalog, have them send us their names.

Private Exchange: Call for the department you want. Store and Office, Lamar 2700; East Side Nursery, 2701X. Night Phone, Rosedale 374.

Holidays.—Owing to the extraordinary demand, it is sometimes impossible to give you exactly the kind of flower you want. We do our best but our customers will find we can give better values in mixed boxes of our own selection.

Mothers' Day.—One of the hardest days of all the year to supply the demand. If the weather is hot and damp, it is time of poor quality and high prices. We shall endeavor to bill all stock at most reasonable prices, according to quality.

Prices of Cut Flowers during Christmas, Easter and Thanksgiving are not provided for in this catalogue. CASH WITH ORDER. WE DO NOT SHIP C. O. D.

Positively No Order Will be Accepted for Less than \$1.00



The Rare Beauty and Fragrance of the Rose Puts It in First Place Among the Flowers.

CUT FLOWERS

The Cut Flower branch of our business has grown to be quite a large business in itself. Flowers spread a beautiful, refining influence wherever they are sent, more than any other gift could do.

A box of loose cut flowers, with their long stems and fine foliage, arranged with care, cause pleasant smiles of welcome when opened. A few flowers sent in this way make pretty informal presents to an acquaintance.

For birthdays a bunch of loose Roses or other choice flowers—one for each year—are always acceptable. And for many other occasions flowers rank highest as gifts than any other thing. Flowers are always in place. If in doubt as to the arrangement, color or kind of flowers to send, then mention purpose and price and leave the selection and arrangement to us, and we will be almost sure to give perfect satisfaction.

It would be impossible to name a fixed price for flowers at the different seasons of the year. We might say, to give you an idea as to cut flowers, a very nice box of assorted flowers may be arranged for \$2.50 and up to \$5.00, and even higher.

We assure you that we will at all times give you the very best that can possibly be given for the money.

Cut flowers can be sent by parcel post always at your risk, but remember, no parcel post goes out on holidays, and we advise express shipments where possible. But if they are to be delivered on a rural

route, parcel post is all right. Give route and box number and include postage in your order. To insure quick delivery add 10c for special delivery.

The use of flowers becomes largely a matter of sentiment, their value appealing to our senses through the fitness of the forms employed, the perfect beauty and freshness of the flowers and proper arrangement.

Our established reliability and experience in the exacting cut flower trade gives assurance of an ability to meet all demands in the filling of orders, even on short notice. It is conceded that we excel in the arrangement of flowers suited to special uses, while we offer also and practice that experienced judgment on details that leads to a presentment of every flower in its best condition.

Telegraph orders forwarded to any part of the United States, Canada and all principal cities of Europe. Orders transferred or intrusted by the trade to our selection for delivery on steamships or elsewhere receive special attention.

Out-of-town flower buyers should remember that a business of our established nature is in every way much better prepared to meet the wants of all purchasers than the florists in small towns, who only do a small business.

We also give a list of code words, so as to enable you when ordering by telegram to use very few words. Be sure and study up the code words before placing an order.

CURRENT PRICE LIST

(SUBJECT TO CHANGE)

Prices are for Dozens unless otherwise noted

Red Roses, \$4.00 to \$6.00

White and Pink Roses, \$3.50 to \$5.00

Carnations, \$2.00 to \$3.00

Chrysanthemums, October to December, \$6.00, \$9.00, \$12.00 and \$15.00

Single Violets (50 Violets in a bunch), 75c to \$1.00

Sweet Peas (bunch of 25), 50c, 75c and \$1.00

Calla and Easter Lilies (supply uncertain), \$6.00 to \$8.00

Lily of the Valley (supply very uncertain), \$5.00 to \$7.50

Narcissus, Tulips, Daffodils, Jonquils (in season), \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00

Asters, Tube Roses, Gladiolas, June to September, \$2.00 to \$3.00

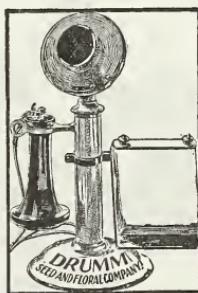
Christmas Prices

\$6.00, \$7.50 and \$10.00

\$5.00 to \$6.00

\$3.00 to \$5.00

DAY PHONE 2700



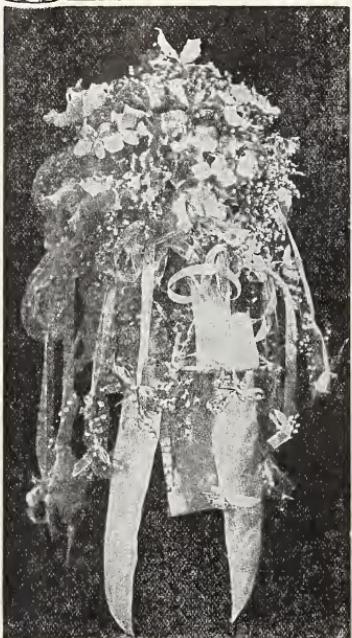
NIGHT PHONE, Rosedale 374

TELEPHONE YOUR ORDERS

Mothers' Day, always second Sunday in May, including three previous days. Carnations, \$3.00 to \$4.00. No change in other flowers. Christmas and Easter prices advance three days before.

CASH WITH EVERY ORDER. WE DO NOT SHIP C. O. D.

BOUQUETS



Bride's Bouquet

Bride's Bouquet

The Bride's Bouquet is very essential to a wedding, and we have met the demand in style, arrangement and price. The Shower Bouquet is quite popular at present, and we pride ourselves that none can equal us in this line. We make a specialty of this class of work, and feel sure that we have pleased our many customers.

We would call your attention to the cut on this page, which is one of our many Shower Bouquets made of orchids, roses, lilies of the valley, chiffon, etc. We also carry the latest patterns in

sashes for bride's bouquets, one of the newest creations being one designed in France especially for the Gould-Vanderbilt wedding. This is a dream; you should see it. No bonny bride would be displeased with this beautiful and artistically arranged bouquet.

Only give us a chance to show our skill in this particular line of work and you will feel fully repaid when you see how deftly your bouquet is made.

Prices, \$6.00, \$8.00, \$10.00 and up to \$50.00.

Floral Muff. One of the newest arrangements for a wedding. This makes a very attractive and artistic arrangement which is both attractive and handsomely decorated, with showers falling from the ends and over the front of the muff. The material of this muff is beautiful chiffon on invisible wire frame.

Prices, \$15.00 and \$30.00

The Bridesmaid's Bouquet

Truly the Bridesmaid's Bouquet can not be omitted; hence we are just the one to make them up to please the most fastidious. Our style is original and up to date. We strive to give good effect in the bridesmaid's flowers as well as the bride's, and flatter ourselves that all parties are delighted with our arrangements, etc.

We have made this class of work a study for years, and keep up with all the latest styles, as the arrangement of flowers change as well as dress; hence it behoves us to keep up to the minute in this department of our work. We have prepared many of them of roses, carnations, lilies, etc., and in fact any flower you may select, and can fashion into a bouquet that will meet your approval.

If in doubt of exactly what you want, we would be pleased to correspond with you in regard to style, price, etc. Prices from \$7.50 to \$10.00 and up.

Corsage Bouquet

The Corsage Bouquet is just the thing for receptions, balls, matinees, etc. Nothing adds more to a woman's appearance when in full dress than a beautiful and well arranged bouquet of flowers.

Give us a trial and we feel sure that you will always be our pleased customer when flowers are needed for these social functions. We make them of roses, carnations, violets, etc., and in fact any flower you may select. We can make them to please you.

Place your order with us and you will be delighted with our Corsage Bouquet.

Prices: Small plain, 75c and \$1.00; well finished, handsome, with selected tie, \$3.50, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$8.00 each and up.

Hand Bouquet

What is more popular than a hand bouquet? It is used for all occasions. Therefore we make them in all varieties of flowers. From the delicate to the most majestic flower. Even the most winsome bride would be proud to have one of our hand bouquets of roses, carnations, etc., on her wedding day, and the sweet girl graduate would also like to be favored on her graduation day.

In fact, they are universally used for all social affairs, and when in need of this particular bouquet we are confident we can please you, both in style and price.



Bride's Shower Bouquet

Give us a trial to show what artists we are in arrangement of flowers. You will never regret placing your order with us. Nothing gives one more distinction and grace than an artistically arranged Bouquet of flowers. Price \$5.00 and up.

Lunch Favors, for each plate or person, \$2.00 to \$5.00.

Button-Hole Bouquets of carnations, rosebud and fine flowers, 50c to \$1.00 each.



Corsage of Ophelia Roses and Violets
\$5.00 size



Corsage of Pink Radiance Roses
\$4.00 size



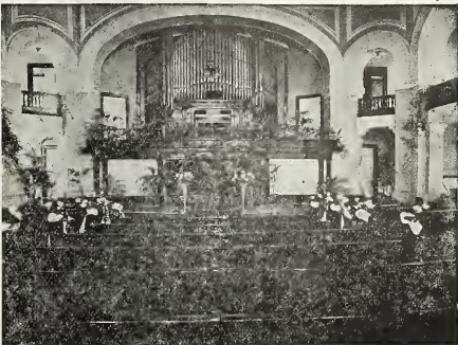
CHURCH DECORATIONS



First M. E. Church, Fort Worth

No church wedding is complete without decorations. We carry a full line of palms, ferns, etc., and are well equipped to decorate any church—from the smallest to the most spacious.

These two cuts, above and on the left, show the interior of two churches which have been recently decorated. Note the arrangement



Broadway Baptist Church, Fort Worth

of plants and flowers. It will please the most fastidious. None can surpass us in giving good effect. We only ask you to give us a chance to show you the skill on occasions where you may need anything of this kind.

Prices are reasonable—within the reach of all. Depends entirely how elaborate the occasion.

FLOWERS FOR FUNERALS

In ordering funeral flowers on short notice, please bear in mind that it will be to your advantage to give us as much time as possible. The more time we have, the more care we can bestow on the work. If we know the time of the funeral, it is often great help to us in selecting the most suitable flowers, as to durability, etc.

We give the two extremes in price, both the highest and lowest, as they vary according to size, quality and scarcity of flowers, time and labor required to arrange the work. For example, wreaths from \$3.50 to \$10.00 and up.

Code

Orders by Telegraph or Telephone.—When flowers are wanted same day or next, it is always best to telegraph or telephone. By using the code words below, an order can be sent in a very few words. Designate the size or quality by the price. For example:

"Wave, Wreath, Five, Durable, Three," means:

"Send today or early tomorrow wreath for \$5.00 and white flowers for \$3.50."

If you add the address of a person and the words "Hail" and "Snow," we will enclose your card, prepay all charges and ship to address named. Nothing more practical. We give these details special attention. Telephone your order when possible. The following cipher code will be found very useful when you telegraph:

Wool—Send on afternoon train today.

Wool—Send on early train tomorrow.

World—Send on afternoon train tomorrow.

Wave—Send today or on early train tomorrow.

Dancing—if you cannot fill exactly as specified, you may substitute according to your best judgment.

Durable—White flowers for funeral purposes; colored flowers must not be used.

Flowers or Cut Flowers—Unless otherwise specified, means sorted colors and kinds.

Hail—Prepay express charges and charge to me.

Snow—This is for a present. Enclose my card.

In ordering, for instance, you want to buy a wreath of flowers, if you telegraph us, all that would be necessary is:

"WEAR" if wreath for \$5.00; if wanted at once, add the word "WOOL."

If white flowers are wanted for funeral, say "DURABLE;" if you want us to prepay express, add the word "HAIL". This would mean: "WEAR DURABLE" if wanted at once. If you want colored flowers for funeral, no colors wanted, prepay express and charge to me."

This would explain that part of our code words.

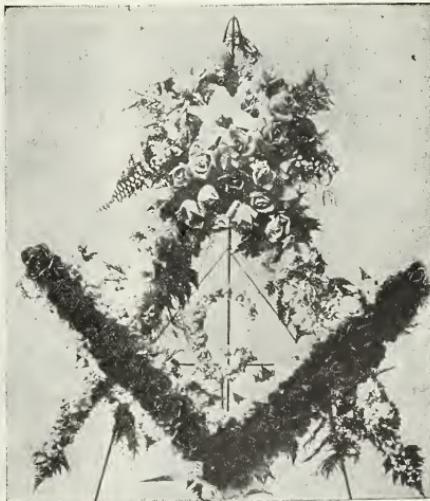
Kindly study out these different words, and you can, for a reasonable telegram, order anything you want.

We herewith give a few additional code words to distinguish the different pieces as priced, respectively:

Madam stands for broken column, 18 inches, from \$10.00 to \$12.00.

Madam stands for flat or lying lyre, 21 inches, from \$8.00 to \$10.00.

CASH WITH EVERY ORDER. WE DO NOT SHIP C. O. D.



Square and Compass, \$6.00 to \$25.00



Pillow, \$12.50, \$15.00, \$20.00 and up.

FUNERAL DESIGNS

Open Book—\$15.00, \$20.00, \$25.00.

Odd Fellows' Design.—Three Links, \$15.00, \$20.00.

Sickle—\$3.50, \$5.00, \$7.50.

Sickle and Sheaf of Wheat—\$5.00, 7.50, \$10.00.

Sheaf of Wheat, with Cycas leaves and sprays of flowers, \$5.00, \$7.50.

Preserved Cycas Wreaths.—These will keep for several months in good condition when placed on a grave; \$3.00, \$3.50, \$5.00.

Metal Designs.—Will keep indefinitely; very pretty flowers in metal and glass from \$3.00, \$5.00, \$7.50.

Masonic Emblem.—Square and compass in wreath, \$10.00, \$15.00.

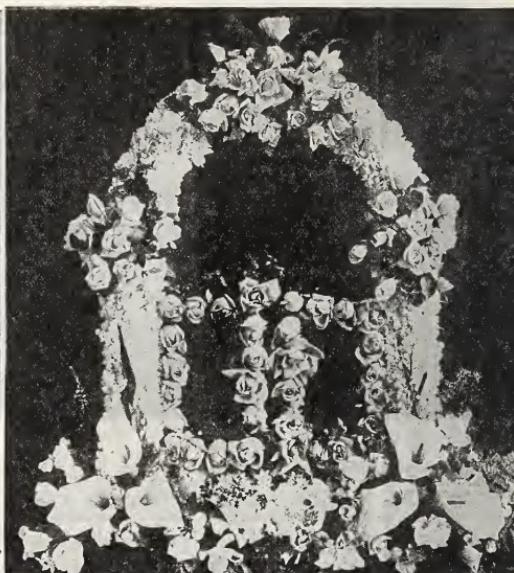
Shield, on base, \$10.00, \$15.00, \$25.00.

Star.—In any colors, \$3.00, \$7.50, \$10.00.

Star and Crescent. Standing, \$7.50, \$10.00 and up.

Triangle—\$3.00, \$7.50 and up.

Cross and Crown.—On base, \$10.00, \$15.00.



Gates Ajar, \$15.00 to \$50.00 and up.

Scroll.—With any letters desired in purple or white, \$25.00, \$35.00, \$50.00 and up.

Harp.—A very pretty piece, having a striking effect, with gilded or purple strings flat or on base, \$5.00, \$7.50, \$10.00, \$15.00, \$25.00 and up.

Plain Harp.—Lying down, would be the same price—in ordering, say "HARP".

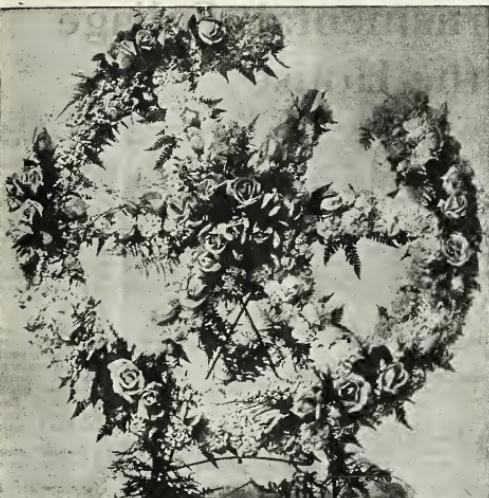
Sheaf of Wheat on Base with Sickle
\$12.00 to \$35.00

Cross on Base, \$7.50 to \$35.00



Harp on Base, \$10.00 to \$50.00

CUT FLOWERS FOR PARTIES AND WEDDINGS. WRITE FOR PRICES.



Broken Wheel, \$15.00 to \$35.00

Cross.—Mailse, \$6.00, \$8.00, \$10.00, \$15.00.

Cross.—Square, \$6.00 up to \$15.00.

Cross.—Standing, \$6.00, \$8.00, \$12.00, \$20.00.

Cross.—Standing, \$7.50, \$10.00, \$15.00, \$20.00.

Crescent Wreath—\$5.00, \$7.50, \$10.00.

Clock—A magnificent design, \$25.00.

Gates Ajar.—The most showy of all designs and one which is

used. Even the smallest size makes a n excellent show. It is composed of base, two posts, an arch overhead and gate to swing in center; \$16.00, \$20.00, \$25.00, \$30.00, \$50.00. (See cut, page 4).

Flowers—Hope and Charity.—Anchor, cross and heart on base. A

very beautiful and appropriate design; \$10.00, \$15.00.

Wreaths.—The universal favorite; \$6.00, \$7.50, \$10.00, \$12.00,

\$15.00, and \$25.00.

Preserved Palm Leaves—35c, 50c, \$1.00 each.

Heart.—Solid, \$5.00, \$7.50, \$12.50, \$25.00.

Heart.—Open center, \$5.00, \$7.50, \$10.00, 15.00.

Ladder.—\$12, \$15, \$20.

Anchor.—Beautiful and effective design, from \$5.00 to \$10.00.

Lyre.—A beautiful piece, similar to the Heart in effect, but different in makeup; gilded in strings, a very popular design; flat or on

base; \$5.00 to \$10.00.

Lyre on Easel, \$6.00 to \$20.00
If wanted on base, add \$5.00 to above pricesCasket Bouquet of white roses, \$3.00 up to \$10.00; ribbon extra.
Casket Bouquet of white roses on cycas leaves, with bow of ribbon.

This is something very attractive. Price from \$6.00 to \$10.00.

VACANT CHAIR.

The Vacant Chair is appropriate for funerals. When decorated with beautifully arranged flowers, nothing could be a higher tribute to love and veneration for the departed than this suitable design.

The originality we display in the special design always calls forth the loudest praise. The beautifully arranged flowers and trailing vines only tend to make one realize and feel it is a vacant chair in the fullest meaning. The design is appropriate for a friend or member of some loved circle gone to their reward. Possibly no more suitable piece could be designed. Prices, \$35.00 to \$50.00.

ELK'S HEAD

The Elk's Head is one of our masterpieces. It is a symbol of the Elk's Club; hence no design would be more suitable to show respect and love to your departed brother than this particular piece.

No one can surpass us in fashioning this intricate design, as it calls forth all the skill of a florist to give good effect in all its details. However, we have executed this beautiful design to the entire satisfaction of several lodges throughout the entire state. Prices from \$35.00 to \$50.00.

Basket of Flowers

A basket of flowers is always appropriate. We make them in all sizes, shapes and styles, and with embellishments of ribbon, flowers, etc., they are truly beautiful and can not fail to win the admiration of all.

Our arrangement is equal to the best. Favor us with an order, and you will be more than pleased.

Priced: \$4.00, \$6.00, \$8.00 and \$10.00 up.

We furnish sufficient ferns for ordinary purposes with flowers free of charge, but should an extra amount be needed, it can be obtained at the following prices:

Asparagus sprays, 5c each. Ferns, 25c per dozen; fancy, 35c per dozen. Smilax, 40c a yard.



Wreath, according to size, \$5.00 to \$25.00. Extra size, \$35.00 to \$50.00

Basket of Roses and Chrysanthemums
Priced according to size, \$3.00 to \$25.00

Decorative and Ornamental Foliage Plants for the House



Asparagus Plumosus

ASPARAGUS FERNS

Also often called Asparagus Fern; but while it does not belong to the Fern Family of plants, it yet has a beautiful fine fern-like foliage, and the beautiful sprays of lovely, feathery foliage can be cut freely for bouquets, etc.

Sprengeri.—The green sprays are used in fine cut-flower work, especially with large roses, etc. Succulently handled in hand-pots or baskets these plants are very useful everywhere, but especially on porches and in sun parlors. These plants are also very extensively used in window and porch boxes. The long sprays of green are used in indoors decoration. These plants should have a sunny position and not be neglected as to watering. 2½-inch pots, 20 cents each; 4-inch pots 50 cents each; 5-inch pots, \$1.00; large plants, \$2.00, \$4.00, \$6.00 and \$10.00 each.

Plumosus Nanus.—One of the handsomest of our foliage plants; sprays bright green, lacey-edged, and foliage so finely woven that the finest silk mesh, surprising! Maiden Hair Fern is graceful when cut, is remarkable, retaining perfect freshness for weeks. Like Sprengeri, it is used for decorations in place of Smilax. As a pot plant it should not be exposed to the strong sun, and take care that it is not overwatered. The soil wants to be moist all through but not at all soggy or very wet. Prices for nice plants, well grown: 2-inch pots, 25 cents each; 4-inch pots, 75 cent; large plants, \$2.00 to \$5.00.



Nephrolepsis John Wanamaker

DRAEANAS

Draeana.—These beautiful decorative plants are always pretty, live long and highly colored. We offer only the hardiest varieties.

Indivisa.—This is one of the best plants used for the center of vases and large baskets. Its long, narrow, graceful foliage contrasts beautifully with other plants. It is one of the few plants that will stand the dry air and fluctuating temperature of a living room, but it also makes good centers for conservatories and rooms with rather dwarf plants. \$1.00 to \$1.50 each. Larger plants, \$3.00 to \$4.00 each.

Terminalis.—This is one of the best species for greenhouse, conservatory or sun parlor, where you can regulate the temperature and humidity. Good for a vase plant, where it can be given a north or eastern exposure. Foliage rich crimson, marked with carmine pink, and creamy white, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$3.00 each.

Fragrans.—This variety, like *Indivisa*, will grow under the most adverse conditions. It will stand the dry air of a living room and is therefore a good house plant. Broad dark green foliage. \$1.00 and \$2.00 each.

FERNS

Of these beautiful and ornamental plants we can offer you some of the hardiest varieties for this climate. For home decoration they vie with the palms for the first place in the esteem of plant lovers. Few other plants produce such a graceful effect as ferns, and they do exceedingly well in parlor or conservatory.

Nephrolepsis Bostoniensis (The Boston Fern).—This popular fern has proven one of the best decorative plants of recent introduction. The fronds are much larger than the sword Fern, and do not stand up stiff, but droop gracefully. Excellent for making large specimen plants and for hanging baskets, when same can be kept out of the sun. 3-inch pots, 80 cents; 4-inch pots, \$1.00; 6-inch pots, \$2.50; larger plants, \$5.00 to \$10.00 each.

Nephrolepsis Scotti (Dwarf Boston Fern).—Dwarfer than the Boston, more erect in growth, much darker shade of green, very gracefully arched. Very desirable house plant. 50 cents to \$1.00 each.

Nephrolepsis (Fiddle Leaf Fern, or Intermediate Boston Fern).—Fronds are broad and beautifully tapered from the base to the tip, drooping just enough to make a graceful plant. It produces nearly four times as many fronds as any other fern introduced. Compact and vigorous and thrives under most any conditions. 75 cents to \$1.00 and \$2.00 each.

Nephrolepsis Scholzelli (Plumed Scotti Fern).—The ideal plumed fern holding the same position to all other plumed varieties that Scotti holds to the old Boston. It is a sport from Scotti, possessing the characteristics of that old parlor variety, but with the pinnae subdivided, giving it an airy, feathery, appearance. Nicely shaped plants, 75 cents, \$1.50 and \$2.50 each.

Nephrolepsis John Wanamaker (the Wanamaker Boston Fern).—This is a sport from Scholzelli with longer, narrower, gracefully drooping fronds. It is not so compact in growth as Scholzelli and therefore does not decay so rapidly, and is a durable house fern. It is a bold grower, making an abundance of fronds, and is quite distinct from any other fern. \$1.00, \$2.00 and \$3.00 each.

Nephrolepsis Whittemanii (the Ostrich Plume Fern).—This is a very popular fern, dwarf in growth but graceful, very compact, dense and feathery. Each frond or branch has a double row of perfect little fronds set at right angles to the midrib, and so thick they seem almost crowded, yet constantly growing and unfolding fresh fronds of light green that contrast exquisitely with the deep green of the older fronds. Strong young plants 50 cents; 4-inch pots, \$1.00; Strong handsome plants, \$2.00 to \$4.00 each.

Asplenium Nidus Avis (Bird Nest Fern).—Broad, banana-like leaves, 3 to 9 inches wide and 2 to 4 feet long, when fully developed growing in a crown. The green is a rich transparent green intensified by close parallel veins, and a prominent midrib of purple-marrow, \$1.00 to \$6.00 each.

Adiantum Cuneatum (Maiden Hair Fern).—The best known variety of the Adiantum. Its graceful lace-like foliage makes it indispensable for flower designs or anything where small ferns are used. 25 cents each; larger plants 75 cents; specimen plants, \$2.00 and up. 25 cents each; larger plants 75 cents; specimen plants, \$2.00 and up.

Sansvieria Zebrina.—A beautiful variegated plant, especially adapted for drawing rooms, halls, conservatories and sun parlors. It likes full sun and grows well in a window or porch box. It is also good for the center of window and porch boxes. It will also do to plant out in foliage beds. Keeping it from frost, it will stand any amount of hardship and neglect. The leaves are thick and leathery and grow to a length of from 3 to 4 feet. They are beautifully striped crosswise with broad white variegations. 75¢ to \$1.00; large specimen plants, \$2.00 to \$3.00 each.

CROTONS.

On account of their beauty and rich color of foliage, crotons excel nearly all plants of this class. As pot plants they are beautiful in conservatories and sun parlors. They are also now extensively used as bedding plants for tropical foliage beds. When used out of doors they should have an Eastern or Northern exposure—or at least planted in partial shade. They like a moist place or plenty of water. We can recommend the following:

Julieta Dolaray.—Large, deeply lobed, oak-leaved foliage of a bright green; the midrib veins and irregular blotches in the leaves are of a clear canary-yellow. \$2.00 to \$4.00 each.

Lord Behaven.—The leaves of this variety are very large, sometimes reaching 18 inches long, compound leaf green, midrib rosy-salmon, surface blotches with yellow. \$2.00 to \$4.00 each.

Pitcairn.—The leaves are of good size and substance. When young are green with a broad area of yellow through the center, maturing to rosy bronze with red-salmon blotches. It is a free grower and very showy. \$2.00 to \$4.00 each.



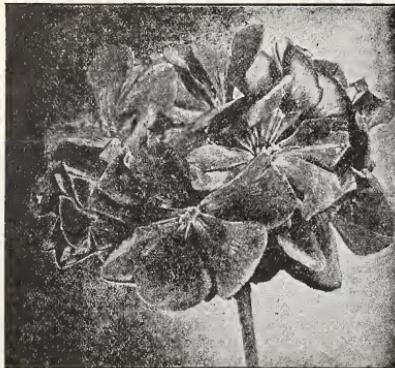
DECORATIVE PLANTS

Ficus Elastica (Rubber Plant).—We have a splendid stock of this useful tropical plant, which withstands under the most adverse conditions. It is good as a house plant. It also does well planted out in hedges or on lawns and taken up in the fall. Small plants, 8 to 12 inches, 75 cents each; 12 to 15 inches, \$1.00 each; larger plants, \$1.50 to \$3.00 each.

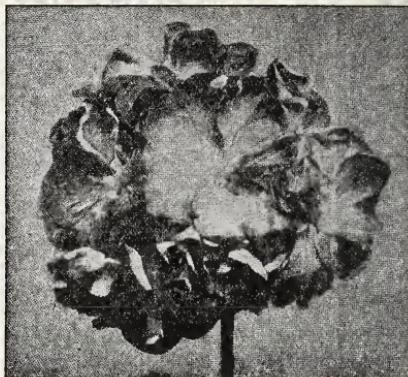
Pandanus (Screw Pine).—Is perhaps the most useful of our ornamental foliage plants. It is fine for the center of vases. As specimen plants for conservatories and halls of private residences it cannot be surpassed.

P-Utilis.—This is one of the hardiest and is harder than many other plants adapted to culture in the winter room. Bright green foliage. Price \$1.00 each; 4-inch pots, \$2.00; from 3-inch pots, \$1.00 each; 5-inch pots, \$3.50 each.

P-Veitchii.—This is one of the most attractive decorative plants for the house. The leaves are light green, beautifully marked with broad stripes of pure white and gracefully curved. Plants from 4-inch pots, \$2.00 each; specimen plants, \$4.00 to \$6.00 each.



Marquis de Castellane



Berthe de Pressly

GERANIUMS

Our assortment of these hardy and beautiful house and bedding plants is quite large and contain some of the very best varieties on the market. They are most all standard varieties, and the new varieties we are quoting are the very best.

All varieties priced at 20 cents each are \$2.25 per dozen; all at 25 cents are \$2.50 per dozen; all at 30 cents are \$3.00 per dozen; all at 35 cents are \$3.50 per dozen. These are all out of 2½-inch pots.

All Geraniums in bloom out of 4-inch pots are 50 cents each; \$5.00 per dozen.

The following assortment will not fail to give satisfaction to everybody.

Dagata.—The finest pink bedder extant; the freest grower among free-flowering sorts that we have met; habit perfect, freedom workflow; attracts attention among all other dried other sorts. The color is bright pure pink with large plume of white at base of upper petals; a most effective bedder, often throwing the sixth and seventh petal. 30c each, \$3.00 per dozen.

Jean Viaud.—Soft, pure pink; semi-double, with two distinct blanches. Dwarf, stocky grower; rigid stems; large trusses, perfect florets; a continuous bloomer, plant being covered with flowers throughout the season. 25c each.

Alphonse Ricard.—The leading scarlet bedder. 35c.

Rouge Poitevine.—Semi-double. Enormous flowers; aurora-pink shading to bright salmon center. The grandest of all the light fancy Bruntas. 30c each.

Thos. Meehan.—Double. Extremely large trusses and very large florets, almost circular in form. Color, quite distinct in this section—brilliant rose pink, the base of the upper petals more or less orange. 25c each.

Mme. Jaulin.—Semi-double. Very large florets compose a truss of grand size; center, tender pink, surrounded by border of white. For freshness and beauty this color is without a parallel among outdoor bedding varieties and is equally fine as a pot specimen. 35c.

Marquis de Castellane.—A sharply dwarf grower, with immense flowers about 2½ inches in diameter; petals undulating on the edges, very fine and distinct. One of the best bedders. Besides blooming winter in, Fine for pots.

John Doyle.—It is a strong, vigorous grower, throwing its truss up well above the foliage, of enormous size, and of the richest brilliant vermilion scarlet. 25c.

Buckner.—Flowers purest white; not a trace of coloring at center. Very free flowering, always a perfect mass of white. Plant dwarf and bushy. 25c.

La Favorite.—This is a very good double white geranium. It is perhaps the finest white ever introduced and the best all-round geranium in cultivation. It is as free flow-

ering as any of the single varieties. It is fine as a bedding plant and furnishes a large supply of beautiful white flowers for vases. For pot culture in house it is excellent during the winter season. 25c each.

Abbie Schaefer.—A semi-double crimson scarlet, with elegant florets and very perfect form; truss fine, on good stems; a fine grower, as good as S. A. Nutt, with better constitution. At the present time we consider this the very best and most dependable red bedder yet introduced. 25c each.

S. A. Nutt.—The very best of the dark crimson-scarlet bedders. Always in heavy demand. We have a very large stock of it. Stands the sun perfectly and is always a mass of blooms. 20c each, \$2.25 per dozen.

Mrs. J. M. Garrison.—Of dwarf, compact habit and freedom of bloom; is superior to all whites and equal to the best scarlet bedders. 20c each, \$2.25 per dozen.

Double Dryden.—Magnificent combination of colors; center of flowers coral white, gradually shading to the most exquisite, glowing, soft crimson; beautiful variety; strong and robust. 25c each.

François.—This is the best double pink bedding Geranium. Extra strong, vigorous grower, throwing out tall spikes of large, well-formed flowers of a bright pink color. 25c.

Berthe de Pressly.—Beautiful silver-rose of exquisite brightness; the blossoms are extra large, very double; the habit is dwarf, robust and branching. 25c each.

Spaulding Pet.—This is one of the best bedding geraniums for Texas. It is absolutely sun proof. It bears the most beautiful scarlet bloom. 20c each; \$2.25 per dozen. If wanted in large quantities, write for special prices.

Easter Greeting.—The flowers of this variety have a large size and the gorgeously rich coloring of the "Lady Washington" Geranium." And in addition to it, Easter Greeting is a continuous bloomer. It is the first of a new race and one of the most valuable recent introductions. As an Easter plant it rivals the Azaleas, but, unlike Azalea, Easter Greeting will remain in bloom all summer. Each, \$1.00, \$2.00 and \$3.00, according to size.

Mrs. E. G. Hill.—It is a most distinct and pleasing shade of salmon, with light shading to the center. The finest salmon-flowered Geranium to date. 30c each.

Baronne Alice de Rothschild.—A robust grower, with splendid trusses; flowers enormous, semi-double, and circular in color; hyacinth-rose-pink with large white mark; extremely fresh and pretty. 25c each.

We can furnish handsome specimens in four-inch pot Geranium, \$5.00 per dozen.

Rose-Scented.—Two kinds, broad leaf and cut leaf. This is the most popular of all scented geraniums. 20c each.

Skeleton-Leaved.—Leaves very finely cut; rosy; fragrant. 20c.

Balm-Scented.—Delicious balm fragrance. 20c.

Nutmeg-Scented.—Small leaves, nutmeg perfumed. 20c each.

APPLE-SCENTED GERANIUMS.

There are few, indeed, who are not acquainted with this old favorite. A plant of it will fill a room with its delicious odor, which is precisely like the fragrance of apple blossoms. Price, 30c each.

Ivy-Leaf Geraniums

These are among the prettiest flowers we have. They are exquisite and borne in large clusters all the year around. The plants are of graceful trailing growth, with bright, glossy, ivy-shaped leaves; fine for pots, window boxes, etc., also for bedding.

Gordon's Rose.—Reddish purple, full flowers. 25c each.

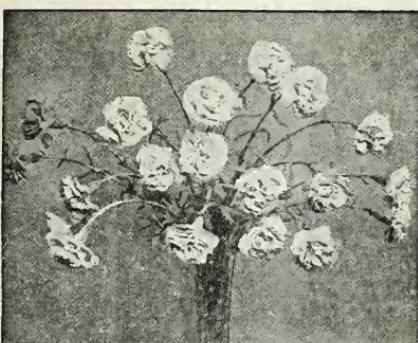
Jean D'Arc.—A beautiful pure white. 25c each.

Achievement.—Pure rose with white eye. 25c each.

Cæsar Franck.—Soft, rich crimson. 25c each.

Duke of Edinburgh.—Large double pink. 25c each.

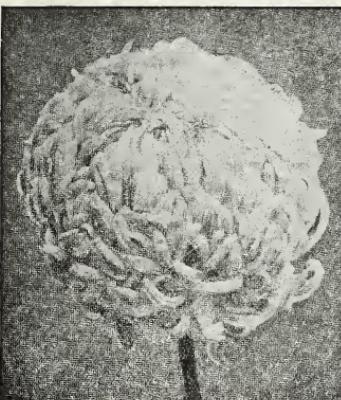
Souvenir de Chas. Turner.—Pink and maroon. A handsome flower. 25c each.



Carnation

White Wonder.—A greatly improved White Perfection, which begins blooming in September and continues throughout the season; snow-white, fragrant, absolutely perfect in form, large in size, on stiff stems, healthy and free and an easy rooter; grand in every way. The only variety that threatens to pass White Enchantress in the race. 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen.

DRUMM'S CHRYSANTHEMUMS



Richmond

Mistletoe.—A free blooming, ball-shaped flower of good size; one of the latest to bloom; rich, pale yellow.

December Gem.—Flowering season extends from the last of November to middle of December, according to date of buds. White with pink tinge. Ball-shaped; stiff stem.

Golden Chadwick.—When high class blooms are the object, this variety reigns supreme. Its rich yellow color, combined with the other good characteristics, place it as the best late yellow.

Helen Frick.—Color, a beautiful clear pink (like the Mermet Rose) slightly deeper at the center.

Miss Clay Frick.—White sport from William Duckham. Every

'mum grower knows the variety, William Duckham. The sport named above is identical with the parent save in color, which is pure white.

This variety won the C. S. A. prize for "best undisseminated variety" at the Chicago Show.

Golden Wedding.—The grandest yellow ever offered. As an exhibition variety it has never had an equal in the same color, which is a deep bright yellow of shining texture. It is very large in size, the

The Chrysanthemum has a distinct place among flowers. Nothing will stand as much neglect and had treatment without serious injury, and the blooming period comes when most other flowers are gone, being in their prime from September to December.

Chrysanthemums are very easy of culture, and the plants last for years in the south. For exhibition of large flowers, give more careful culture, and pinch off the side shoots from main stem. Those who have not raised exhibition flowers are sometimes disappointed when they find many smaller flowers instead of one large head. Remember, there is just so much flowering energy in a plant. Pinch off all but one bud for large flower. The following list contains the best varieties in size and color and vigorous growth for the South. 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen.

October Frost.—Pure white with broad, slightly incurved petals. One of the earliest to flower.

Chrysolora.—A very fine commercial yellow, medium to tall in growth. Considered the finest early yellow.

Mrs. Jerome Jones.—One of the finest white mums ever raised. The flowers are magnificent heads of exquisite form and finish. In color the purest white.

petals are long and broad and channelled lengthwise. One of the best. White. See description of mid-season "Richmond." This is a later blooming form. Golden yellow.

Edwin Seidewitz.—A beautiful late incurved, bright pink, maturing from Thanksgiving to early December. Surpasses all late pinks we have grown.

Wm. Turner.—A decided incurve of the purest white; fine form and a strong grower with clean foliage.

Intensity (The Best Red).—This superb variety is the best red of recent years, darker in color than W. W. Childs and more vigorous grower, with fine stem and foliage; petals slightly reflexed. Color bright crimson, showing no reverse color, and is therefore especially valuable where a good red Chrysanthemum is desired. The flowers are large and of remarkable keeping qualities. Unequaled as a good red.

Richmond.—A new golden yellow; noticeable for its long blooming season, fine form, perfect fullness and silky finish.

Mrs. H. Weeks.—Beautiful incurved white, with broad petals.

POMPON CHRYSANTHEMUMS

From being a comparatively insignificant section of the Chrysanthemum family, this class during the past few years has leaped into prominence and given the gardening world a wealth of new varieties, beautiful in form and exquisitely colored. The flowers run from 1-4 inch to 2 inches in diameter, small petaled, very compact and formal, usually in rather close clusters so that one cut spray is a bouquet in itself. While not all varieties are entirely hardy, their inexpensiveness makes a liberal planting worth while even for but one fall show. As pot plants, the Pompons are in every way satisfactory and furnish some of the daintiest table decorations of the fall and winter season.



Shasta Daisy

ACHYRANTHUS

These beautiful and conspicuous foliage plants are very desirable for foliage beds, where a distinct coloring of foliage is wanted in preference to bloom.

Herbsti.—Leaves transparent, rosy carmine.

Emersoni.—Leaves glittering garnet.

McNallyi.—Leaves rich green, with yellow aching veins.

Price on all Achyrantus: 10 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen.

Alyssum, Little Gen.—(Carpet of Snow).—This is the dwarf, white variety so much used for edging. A mass of white flowers nearly all summer. Do not plant it subject to the strong rays of the south or west sun. It ought to have an eastern or northern exposure. Nice plants, 20 cents each; \$2.25 per dozen.

Antirrhinums (Snapdragons).—These popular plants are among the best for bedding purposes, not only on account of their profuse blooming qualities and beautiful colors, but also because they are

Lantana

All shades of bloom—orange, sulphur, cream and white, changing from one color to another, as they increase in age and development. 20 cents each; \$2.25 per dozen.

Alba Perfecta.—Pure white, very fine, 20 cents each; \$2.25 per dozen.

Golden Ball.—Bright orange; one of the best bedders, 20 cents each; \$2.25 per dozen.

Delicatissima, New Weeping Lantana.—This plant has a most graceful drooping habit, grows very rapidly and blooms continually summer and winter, including large clusters of the most delicate lilac and rose-pink flowers. Foliage is a beautiful dark green. 25 cents each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Pansy

The Pansy is one of the most pleasing and satisfactory of plants to grow, and should be planted by every lover of handsome flowers. Large blooming plants, 20 cents; \$2.00 per dozen; \$10.00 per 100.

Plumbagos

Plumbago Capensis.—This beautiful plant with bright blue flowers, blooms freely in pots during the winter season, and it is also very fine for planting out in mixed flower beds, where it blooms continually all summer. The flowers are produced in large masses of delicate azure-blue. 2½-inch pots, 20 cents; \$2.25 per dozen; 4-inch pots, 50 cents each.

OUT OF DOORS BEDDING PLANTS

Golden Climax.—Of all yellow Pompons, this variety can be depended upon to furnish the extreme limit in cut flowers of choice quality and great brightness.

Becky McLane.—Very compact, multi-petaled flowers of dollar size, borne in the greatest profusion; bluish white, slightly tinged lavender. One of the most charming Pompons.

Golden Mum.—Smallest and prettiest of the Pompons; bright golden yellow, the individual flower being one-half to five-eighths of an inch in diameter, quilled. Perfect pot plant, also valuable for cut flowers.

Lillian Doty.—Beautifully formed shell-pink flowers in abundance, on erect stems. Early.

Daisies

Planted in a flower bed the several varieties of Daisies bloom all summer, and with their long stems and bright flowers they are very good for cutting. The following varieties are among the best for this climate.

Marguerite or Paris Daisy.—The Marguerites are a delight in the garden where their conspicuous flowers and rich green, indented foliage blend harmoniously with other bedding plants. Potted they carry nicely in bloom through the winter. 20 cents each; \$2.25 per dozen.

Shasta.—The old well known variety. \$1.50 per dozen; \$8.00 per 100; 15 cents each.

Giant Hardy Daisy.—An improvement on the "Old Shasta Daisy." Much larger and finer, 15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen; \$8.00 per 100.

King Edward.—The giant of giants in the daisy family. Snow-white, yellow disc. 15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen; \$8.00 per 100.

Feverfew, Little Gem.—It is very dwarf, attaining a height of 8 to 10 inches. Flowers are large, of perfect forms and of the purest white. 10 cents each; \$1.00 per dozen; \$7.00 per 100.

among the very best for cut flowers. We can furnish them in many varieties and colors, in dwarf and tall. Price for good plants: 20 cents each; \$2.25 per dozen; \$12.50 per 100.

Celosia.—These are among the very best bedding plants for foliage beds. The color of bloom runs through an endless variety of shades. We can furnish them in all shades, both trailing and upright growing. Order the color you want, stating whether trailing or upright. 15 cents each; 4 for 50 cents; \$1.50 per dozen.

Centaureas (Dusty Miller).—For foliage beds the Centaureas are invaluable, as the beautiful white foliage is very valuable as a contrast to other colors.

Candidissima.—White, silvery leaves, broadly cut. 20c each; \$2.25 per dozen; \$12.50 per 100.

Gymnocarpia.—Fine cut, silvery foliage. Same price as Candidissima.

Petunias

We have a very fine assortment of Single Petunias. They are of a compact, bushy growth, fifteen inches in height and about the same diameter, and are covered during the entire season with open-throated flowers, one and one-half inches in diameter. We have many of the most beautiful shades. 10 cents each; \$1.00 per dozen; \$7.00 per 100.

Mammoth Giant.—This is one of the very best varieties, rich in color. 20 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen.

Petunia (Double).—We have now succeeded in getting the finest strain of this double-flowered Petunia we have ever offered; they are very fine for house culture 35 cents each; \$8.50 per dozen.

Impatiens Sultani.—This is a lovely plant for house culture and also for the open ground. It is nearly always loaded with brilliant, rosy-crimson flowers. 25 cents each.

Pilea Arborea (Artillery Plant).—A pretty little plant of drooping, graceful habit and fern-like foliage, literally covered with small pretty flowers, giving the plant a pleasing effect; not only good as a pot plant for house culture, but it is also good for baskets, flower boxes and vases; 20 cents each; \$2.25 per dozen.



Petunia



Salvia

Salvias

Are very popular bedding plants, blooming from early spring throughout the hot, dry summer, when hardly any other plant can bloom. The growth is always satisfactory. We cheerfully recommend it.

Splendens.—This variety is covered with spikes of dazzling scarlet flowers.

15 cents each; \$1.25 per dozen; \$8.00 per 100.

Splendens Alba.—A pure white-flowered variety. 20 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen.

Vinca

Madagascar Periwinkle.—Ornamental free-blooming plant and one of the best out of door bedding plants. It grows about 2 feet high and blooms all summer.

Rosea.—Rose, dark eye.

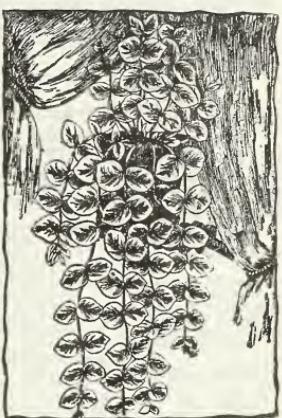
Alba.—White, crimson eye.

Alba Pura.—Pure white.

All varieties of vinca are 10 cents each; \$1.00 per dozen; 7.50 per 100.

Verbenas

The MAMMOTH strain which we have secured furnishes some of the most valuable bedding plants. They are very thrifty, have exceptionally large blooms, and will stand a great deal of dry weather. They are particularly good for hanging the summer. Colors—Red, White, Pink and Rose shades. 15 cents each; \$1.25 per dozen; \$8.50 per hundred.



Variegated Vinca

Tender Vines and Trailing Plants for Spring Planting

Ipomea

The different varieties are all remarkable rapidly growing vines, and they will not fail to please where a quick-growing vine is wanted for the summer only. We have them all in white, blue and red.

Lauri.—This handsome climber is a native of Ceylon. It has deep, azure-blue flowers with crimson bars, and is frequently called the "Blue Moon Flower." When grown with the white one, the picture is striking and very effective. 20 cents each; \$2.25 per dozen.

Noctiflora (Evening Glory or Moon Flower).—With many this is still the most popular vine in existence. For easy culture, rapid growth and freedom of bloom, it certainly has no equal. Flowers are pure white, six inches in diameter and open at night and on all dull days. 20 cents each; \$2.25 per dozen.

Quamoclit (Cypress Vine).—Of all the beautiful varieties of the Ipomea family, this is in our estimation the best, considering its fine fern-like and extremely graceful foliage and its continued abundance of small, very showy star-shaped flowers. We furnish this vine in two colors, scarlet and white. 15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen.

Quamoclit Hybrida (Cardinal Climber).—A splendid new climber that has created a sensation wherever grown. It climbs to a height of 20 to 30 feet and is covered with beautiful red flowers shaped like the Morning Glory. Leaves are deeply lacinated and are in themselves very decorative. We believe that everyone will be more than pleased with this vine. Nice plants, 25 cents; \$2.50 per dozen.

Linaria Cymbalaria (Kenilworth Ivy or Mother of Thousands).—A neat and delicate plant of trailing habit with small bright-green ivy-shaped leaves, and small light violet-colored flowers; well suited to hanging baskets, window and porch boxes, vases, and in cool, shady places it is fine for rockwork. 15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen.

Maurandia Barclayana.—A beautiful rapid, slender-growing climber, blooming profusely until late in the autumn. It is also fine for conservatory and green house. If you want to keep it in the house through the winter, take it up before the approach of frost. It includes very beautiful colors in purple, blue, white and rose. 20 cents each; \$2.25 per dozen.

Glossyina, or **Variagata**.—(Variegated Groundsel or Ground Ivy).—It is a most useful vine or trailer for hanging plants; fine for porch and window boxes, vases and baskets. It is especially good for rock work, for banks and for planting in shady places on lawn, where grass will not grow. It will cover the ground perfectly as good as the best lawn grass, and it stays green all winter in this climate unless the frost should be exceptionally heavy. 15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen.

Dewplants.—These beautiful plants of trailing habit with thick, fleshy leaves and small purple flowers are exceptionally good for window and porch boxes, baskets and vases. They are easily cared for and give general satisfaction. 10 cents each; \$1.00 per dozen.

Manettia Bicolor.—This is perhaps the most beautiful and desirable of all vines. It may be planted out or kept in the house, where it can be trained about a window, forming a wreath of the most beautiful and brilliant bloom both summer and winter. Flowers of a most intense scarlet, shading into flame, tipped with bright golden-yellow. 25 cents each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Arcutus Variagatum.—This remarkably fine trailer is very serviceable for porch and window boxes, baskets and vases. It has large beautiful leaves variegated with white. 25 to 50 cents each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Smilax.—A pretty climbing plant with dark, glossy green leaves. It is extensively used in cutflower work and for decorative purposes. Also a good parlor or basket plant 20 cents each; \$2.25 per dozen.

Seneio Scandens (Parlor or German Ivy).—A rapid grower with attractive green leaves. It is exceptionally good for boxes, baskets, vases and in the making of trellis work. 15 to 20 cents each.

Tradescantia (Wandering Jew).—We can furnish these well-known trailing plants in three distinct colors of foliage, beautifully marked. They are fine for hanging baskets, boxes, vases, etc. 10 cents each; \$1.00 per dozen.

Vinca Minor (Trailing or Ground Myrtle).—This valuable evergreen trailer is very good for boxes, baskets and vases; and it is also exceptionally good to plant out in shady places on lawn, where the grass will not grow. It makes a beautiful evergreen ground cover, which will grow in almost any soil. 15 to 20 cents each.

Vinca Major.—It has a good deal larger leaves than *Vinca Minor*, and can be used for the same purposes. Price the same.

Vinca Argentea Variagata.—This variety does not make quite as long vines as the other two, but it has a beautiful variegated foliage, which makes it very pretty. Leaves are marked with silvery white.

It is best for pot culture in house, for boxes, baskets and vases. 25 to 50 cents each.

NOTICE—If you want larger quantities of stock, by the dozen or by the hundred of one kind, you will find it to your advantage to write us for special prices, stating at the same time what you want and how much of each kind.

11



Verbenas



Tuberous and Bulbous Plants for Outdoors Planting

Large Flowering Cannas

No other bedding plant will give the same uniform good results in our varied and trying climate. They do well in all sections of the country and stand pre-eminently at the head of the list, succeeding in any sunny position in any kind of soil, but responding quickly to liberal manure. For best results the beds should be spaded two feet deep and a generous amount of well-decayed manure or any kind thoroughly incorporated, and at all times supplying water freely. For best effect, plant in large masses of one color, setting out the plants 2 feet apart.

Mme. Crozy.—The popular bright scarlet with golden edge; foliage green; 4 feet. 15c each.

Pennsylvania.—One of the best flowers, which measure fully 6½ inches in diameter, are produced remarkably free, and are of an intense vermillion scarlet, overlaid with an orange-sheen; foliage rich green. 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen.

Italian.—Bright, orange scarlet, with greenish-yellow border; the flowers are rounded, the hairy stems set well above the foliage, which is large and heavy. 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen.

Allemanna.—Pleasing dark salmon with golden markings. 20c each.

Alphonse Bouvier.—Finest tall brilliant crimson, foliage green; 6 to 7 feet. 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen.

Beauté Poitevine.—Brilliant crimson with scarlet shadings, compact; very free; green foliage. 4 feet. 15c.

Duke of Malsborough.—The finest of the very deep crimson; fine individual blooms in large trusses, and exceptionally free flowering and attractive; foliage green; 4 feet. 15c each.



Canna

The Six Leading Cannas

IN THEIR RESPECTIVE COLORS

THE BEST BRONZE CANNA

King Humbert.—A combination of the highest type of flower with the finest large foliage; the flowers 6 inches across, produced in heavy trusses of gigantic size, are a brilliant orange scarlet, with bright red markings—the foliage is broad and massive and of rich, coppery bronze with brownish-green markings. A bold and effective variety, making a gorgeous effect. 6 feet. 20c each, \$2.50 per dozen; \$12.50 per 100.

THE BEST RED CANNA

Meteor.—Flowers fully 4 inches across; color in deep crimson. Continues blooming luxuriantly all summer, 4 feet. Each, 50c; per dozen, \$4.00.

THE BEST PINK CANNA

City of Portland.—Distinct among the several really worth-while pink Cannas. Derived from "Mrs. Alfred Conard." This new variety is deeper, warmer pink, holding its tone through both hot and cold weather. The great, single-petaled trusses are borne very freely on heavy stalks, and make a wonderful show throughout the season. 3½ feet. 50c each; \$5.00 per dozen.

THE BEST YELLOW CANNA

Gustav Gumpner.—The finest yellow flowers of good size are held well above the foliage, the fine trusses always clean looking color a rich golden yellow, a shade that has been missing heretofore. 3½ to 4 feet. Each, 35c; per dozen, \$3.50.

THE BEST SCARLET CANNAS

Firebird.—Color clear glistening scarlet; green foliage. Flowers a trifle better than Meteor. Its only drawback is its rather scant foliage, which is sparse.

Louisiana.—A strong, vigorous growing variety, attaining a height of 7 feet; producing a dense mass of glossy green foliage and vivid scarlet flowers, often measuring 7 inches across. 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen; \$10.00 per 100.

Florence Vaughan.—Bright, rich golden-yellow, spotted with red, of large size and perfect form; foliage green; 4 feet. 10c each.

Secrétaire Chabanne.—Distinct and pleasing salmon; 3 feet. 15c each.

West Virginia.—Intense crimson-scarlet, with broad golden yellow border; foliage green; 3 feet. 15c each.

THE GRAND DARK-LEAVED CANNA

"Black Beauty"—In dark-leaved Cannas no variety attracts so much attention and is so effective as "Black Beauty," with foliage of the richest glistening bronzy-purple, shaded black, and having crimped wavy margins. 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen.

SURPRISE COLLECTION CANNAS

We will select TWELVE CHOICE CANNAS from list for \$2.50, postpaid. This collection includes those varieties having flowers of crimson, scarlet, yellow, orange, spotted and gilt edge shades, also bronze leaf sorts; our selection.

Caldarium Esculentum (Elephant Ear).—This is one of the most effective plants in cultivation for large foliage or tropical beds, borders or for specimen plants on lawn. Combined with certain ornamental grasses they make a splendid show. They are exceptionally good to plant on the margin of artificial lakes and water-courses on your ground. In this climate they require a cool, partially shaded place. Large, strong bulbs, 25 to 50 cents each.

ficial, but too much causes profuse foliage and stem at the expense of bloom. Frequent cultivation prior to their blooming season is absolutely essential to success. Time for planting varies according to climate, but generally safe after all danger of late frost is past. Tubers should be planted about 6 inches apart, laid flat, eyes or sprout up. Although good, lively tubers are apt to send more stalks, started plants are more sure of development, and give practically an equal amount of bloom. We send out tubers until supply is exhausted, after which orders are filled with started plants at the same price.

Jack Rose.—Brilliant crimson red, perfect for garden decoration and cutting. 35c each; \$3.00 per dozen.

White Swan.—Reliable, pure white, very pretty. 35c each; \$3.00 per dozen.

Earl of Pembroke.—A very free bloomer, color a good shade of lavender. 35c each; \$3.00 per dozen.

Yellow Duke.—A splendid primrose yellow, of good form. 35c each; \$3.00 per dozen.

Nymphæa.—Very dark red, almost black, a rich, nicely-shaped flower. 35c each; \$3.00 per dozen.

Princess Victoria.—Primrose yellow, never produces an imperfect flower; in bloom early and late; fine for cutting. 35c each; \$3.00 per dozen.

Henry Patrick.—Light red, one of the prettiest of the newer varieties. 35c each; \$3.00 per dozen.



Cactus Dahlia

Dahlias

Culture.—Dahlias are not particular as to soil or location. Although maximum growth and bloom reward the full sun, some of the strongest sorts develop most perfect specimens in partial shade; and localities with a moist atmosphere or dewy nights are apt to give better results than a drier air. A judicious use of fertilizer is always be-



EXTRA SPECIAL GLADIOLA COLLECTION

15 Choice Assorted Bulbs for \$1.00, Postpaid

This includes all the best varieties; Mrs. Pendleton, Schwaben Halley, Panama, Chicago, Niagara, Francis King and other good ones.

SPECIAL BULB COLLECTION

15 Everblooming Tuberose Bulbs for \$1.00, Postpaid

Will grow anywhere, bloom all summer. Color pearly white, very fragrant.

DRUMM'S GLADIOLUS

Within recent years American hybridizers have produced some of the very best Gladioli, being noted for their strong, free growth, free-flowering qualities, purity of color and their ability to produce satisfactory results in our climate even under the most ordinary conditions, and whether wanted for show in the garden or for cutting, the eight sorts offered under this head now hold the premier place in their respective colors, and are offered at prices so reasonable considering their high grade, that they should be planted in quantity wherever summer flowers are wanted.

America.—Conceded to be one of the finest varieties for cutting or bedding ever sent out; color a beautiful soft flesh-pink; orchid-like in its coloring and texture. 10 cents each; \$1.00 per dozen.

Mrs. Francis King.—A striking shade of light scarlet or flame color; one of the most effective. 10 cents each; \$1.00 per dozen.

Niagara.—A charming variety, with all the good qualities of America, but of a delicate cream-yellow, lightly marked and splashed with rose-carmine in the throat; beautiful as a cut flower. 10 cents each; \$1.00 per dozen.

Princess.—A favorite wherever high-grade varieties are grown. It is similar to and has all the good qualities of America, but in color is a rich rose-pink. One of the finest. 15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen.

Peace.—Immense pure white flowers with a touch of carmine in the lower petals. These are borne on tall, graceful spikes; a beautiful and exceedingly refined variety. 15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen.

Principes.—Immense wide-open amaryllis-like flowers of a rich, dazzling scarlet, marked with white on the lower portion, which serves to intensify the brilliancy of the scarlet. 10 cents each; \$1.00 per dozen.

Schwaben.—A most meritorious imported variety of wonderful vigor, with strong erect spikes and large, well expanded flowers of a clear canary-yellow with a small blotch of deep garnet in the throat. 10 cents each; \$1.00 per dozen; \$7.00 per 100.

Mrs. Frank Pendleton.—All experts agree that this is one of the finest varieties yet introduced. The flowers are of largest size, borne

on strong, straight spikes. In color a lovely salmon-pink with brilliant deep, red blotches in the throat. A color combination rivaling many of the finest Orchids in its richness; exquisite in every way. 15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen; \$10.00 per 100.

Peonies.—Also described and priced under "Hardy Perennials." The three varieties, *Officinalis Rosea*, *Officinalis Alba* and *Officinalis Alba*, which commonly make up this section in the Penny family, represent the best in free early-flowering and reliable kinds.

Officialis Rosea.—Deep cerise-pink; very striking. Price, 75c each.

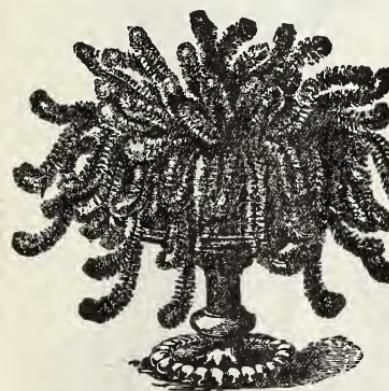
Officialis Alba.—Pure white; large and full flower. Very popular for cemetery planting. Price, 75c each.

Officialis Rubra.—Deep crimson; excellent for early cut flowers. Very effective. Price, 75c each.

Tuberose (Mexican).—Well-known and easily grown. Should be taken up in fall, dried, separated and put away in dry sand in a warm place until spring. This is the most satisfactory time to use for this climate. It begins to produce its fragrant flowers in June and blooms continually until frost. Plant them in good soil and water them occasionally until frost. Plant them in good soil and water them occasionally during extremely warm weather, and an abundance of lovely flowers will be your reward. In the southern part of the state the bulbs may be left in the ground over winter. 15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen; \$8.00 per 100.



DRUMM'S GLADIOLUS



Parrot's Feather

AQUATIC PLANTS

Cabomba Virgata (Washington Grass).—A pretty and popular submerged plant; leaves brilliant glossy green, fan-shaped, regularly cut and more beautiful than the most delicate fern. 20c per bunch. \$2.00 per dozen.

Water Poppy (*Limnocharis Humboldti*)

Small oval leaves and showy flowers of bright lemon color, standing a few inches out of the water and producing freely all summer. Easily grown in shallow tub or pan. Price, 25c each.

Water Hyacinth (*Eichornia Crassipes Major*)

One of the most remarkable, curious and beautiful plants we have ever grown. Instead of growing in soil, it floats in the water. Each flower is larger than a silver dollar. Color a soft lilac rose, sparkling as if covered with diamond dust. Will grow in open air in summer and in the window in winter, in anything which will hold water. Price, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Parrot's Feather

A novel aquatic hanging plant. Its long, trailing stems are clothed with whorls of the most exquisite, finely cut foliage. Plant in a watertight basket, so water can be kept standing on the surface. 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen.

Cyperus Alternifolia. (Umbrella Plant).—An excellent plant for the house or conservatory. It will thrive in any good soil and always presents a green and attractive appearance. It is really an aquatic plant and should therefore have plenty of water. The best way to grow it in the house is to take a large jardiniere, fill it with water, and place your potted Cyperus in there, pot and all. These plants are also good for window and porch boxes, if planted together with other things, which will all stand an abundance of water. 2½-inch pots, well grown plants, 25 cents; 4-inch pots, 50 cents each.

HYDRANGEAS

These magnificent flowering plants are not used near as extensively as they ought to be. With their large head of flowers they present a most wonderful spectacle when in full bloom.

Hortensis.—Pink, small plants, \$1.00 to \$1.50 each; larger, \$3.00 to \$7.50.

Thomas Hogg.—Pure white. Price, same as Hortensis.

New Red Branched.—Deep rose, small plants, \$2.00 each; larger, \$5.00 to \$10.00. Fine specimen plants in full bloom at Easter-time, \$5.00 to \$10.00 each.



Worth Consideration

We wish to call particular attention to the size of the seed packets we send out. By actual comparison in weight, one of our packets has been shown to contain as much as four of the ordinary five-cent packets sent out by other concerns. Our seed is all tested and care used in its selection.

A WORD ABOUT SOWING SEEDS

Many seeds are small and the germination weak; therefore, sow them very shallow, often not more than one-eighth inch deep. This is because the germ or sprout must have air and light. If this is denied by too deep sowing, it dies before it reaches the surface.

In order to assist small or weak seeds to grow, it is advisable to

Artichoke

Sow seeds in April or May in deep, rich, sandy loam with plenty of well-rotted manure. When large enough, transplant into rows three feet apart and two feet in the row.

Large Green Globe.—Flower heads can be cooked like Asparagus. Pkt., 10 cents.

Jerusalem Artichoke.—The tubers are planted like potatoes about three bushels to the acre. They are excellent for feeding stock, especially hogs. Write for prices.

DWARF BEANS

Culture.—No crop responds more readily than Beans to good soil and cultivation. Beans are very sensitive to cold and wet weather, though frequently they are put in in March. The fall crop is set in in August. For a succession, for private gardens, plant at intervals of two weeks, except during June and July, as they generally do not do well during the very hot months. Give frequent shallow cultivation up to the time of blossoming, not, however, when the ground is wet, or dew on the vines, as it is liable to cause rot. Two pounds are sufficient for 100 feet of drill, 60 to 90 pound to acre.

Green Podded Varieties

Burpee's Stringless Green Pod.—This new bean produces a vine similar to Red Valentine, but develops pods to an edible condition in 42 days, about four days earlier than Valentine. The pods are green, not quite as round as Valentine and less curved. The pods are stringless, absolutely so; this quality at once placing the variety at the top of the list among table beans, while the ear maturing is of great merit. The stringless quality is of particular value, there being no breaking as short and free as pipe stems. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 55c; 5 lbs., \$1.25.

Giant Stringless.—A very hardy, stocky vine, pods long, round and green in color, of exceptionally fine quality and stringless throughout its entire growth. About a week earlier than Red Valentine and much more prolific. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.50.

Tennessee Green Pod.—One of the most popular varieties through Kentucky and the south. Hardy and prolific. Pods large, flat, irregular in shape and bright green in color. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 55c; 5 lbs., \$1.25.

Extra Early Red Valentine.—A standard green-podded variety and more extensively grown than any other garden sort. Vines medium to large, erect, with dark green leaves; pods about 4½ inches long, are very fleshy, crisp and tender. It is resistant to disease and will thrive well on any kind of soil. A first-class market variety and one of the best and most popular of all the green-podded sorts. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 50c; 5 lbs., \$1.25.

Wax Beans

Prolific Black Wax (Black Seed).—Very early, round, yellow pods; a well-known standard sort. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40.

Wardell's Kidney Wax.—(Flat pod, 45 days). The trucker's delight, with long, straight, creamy pods. Our stocks are the best. Large ptk., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.75.

Dwarf Golden Wax.—The old standard wax sort. Productive and early with yellow semi-round pods of good quality, ready to pick 49 days from planting. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40.

Dwarf Lima Beans

Dwarf or Bush Limas should be planted three feet apart, dropping two or three beans fifteen inches apart in the row. Cover about an inch deep. Dwarf Limas require no support. Plant with the eye down.

Henderson's Bush Lima.—Valuable on account of extreme earliness, extremely productive, tender and delicious. The dry beans are small and white. The best variety to use for canning. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40.

Fordhook Bush Lima.—This is an excellent Bush Lima Bean for the home garden. It is a type between the Burpee's and Deer's. Very good yielder, the pods being well fitted with thick, meaty beans, which are excellent for cooking. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40.

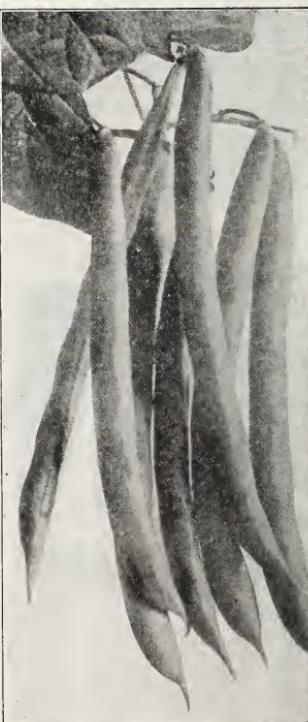
plant plentifully, because the many seeds will give strength to raise the soil where one could not do so.

This advice applies particularly to beet and melon seeds, but is applicable to all small seeds. It is easy to thin out the surplus plants. A good general rule is to plant seeds to a depth equal to from three to five times their diameter.

Asparagus

Culture.—The seed before sowing should be soaked in tepid water for 24 hours. Sow in open ground in the early spring in drills 2 to 3 feet apart, scattering about 1 inch apart in the drills. Cover with 1 inch of soil; cultivate freely. One ounce will produce about 200 plants. The following spring set out the roots to a permanent bed in rows 2 to 5 feet apart, 18 inches apart in the rows. Cover with 2 inches of soil.

Conover's Colossal.—The standard variety; large size, tender and excellent quality; packet, 10c; ounce, 25c.



Giant Stringless Beans.



Pole Beans

Pole Beans are even more sensitive to cold and wet than the Dwarf varieties, and should be sown two weeks later. After settled warm weather, set poles four to eight feet apart and extending north and south, the poles being three feet apart in the row. Around each stake plant five to eight beans two inches deep.

One pound will plant 100 hills.

Kentucky Wonder, or Old Homestead.—Pod green, nine inches or more long, nearly round, fleshy, stringless, and of excellent flavor. Dry beans, long, oval dun-colored. It is an early and most prolific variety. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40.

White Creaseback.—Very hardy, very early and moderately productive. Pods 5 to 6 inches long, uniform, round and slender; slightly stringy, very fleshy, brittle and fine grained; fair quality; color dark green. Beans small, oblong and white in color. Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 85c; 5 lbs., \$2.00.

Pole Lima Beans

Lima Beans are not only profitable as green shell beans, but are also a paying crop to sell as dried beans during the winter.

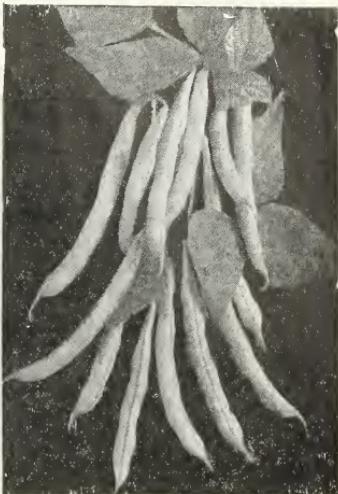
They are always in demand and bring good prices.

Lima Beans will not grow until the weather and ground are warm; if planted earlier the seeds are apt to rot in the ground.

King of the Garden Lima.—Vines vigorous and productive, producing a continuous bloom and fruitage to the end of the season. The pods are of enormous size, some specimens measuring from 5 to 8 inches, some containing 7 beans to the pod, all perfectly formed and of superior quality. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40.

Small Lima or Butter Bean.—Also called Sieva or Carolina. Not nearly so large as the other varieties, but a good bearer, and about 10 days earlier than other varieties. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40.

Jackson's Wonder Butter Beans.—(50 days). This is the best small Butter Bean we know of; pods are flat, having about five beans to the pod. Large pkt., 10c; lbs., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40.



Prolific Black Wax



One ounce sows 50 feet of drill; 4 to 6 pounds for one acre.

For early, sow as soon as ground can be worked, and about the middle of May for general crop, in drills 15 inches apart, and 1½ inches deep. As the plants grow, thin to six inches in drills. Young plants make excellent greens. Seed will germinate more freely if soaked in warm water twenty-four hours before sowing; but care should be taken not to plant soaked seed in very dry ground. The soil should be a deep, rich loam,

Crosby's Early Egyptians.—Improved strain of the famous Early Egyptian, but producing a deeper or thicker root, of fine form, extremely early, deep red color, almost black, fleshy, sweet, moist, tender, and of exceptionally fine quality; can be depended on for best results when grown either in garden or under glass; highly recommended as an early market variety. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼-lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

Early Eclipse.—To the grower desiring a very early crop we would recommend this variety as the first to be ready for table use and therefore able to command a high price on the market. It is very smooth and round. The skin and flesh are deep red—it is very sweet, tender and succulent. It does not grow to a very large size, but is of fine grain and meanness not possible in the larger varieties. One of the very early beets. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼-lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

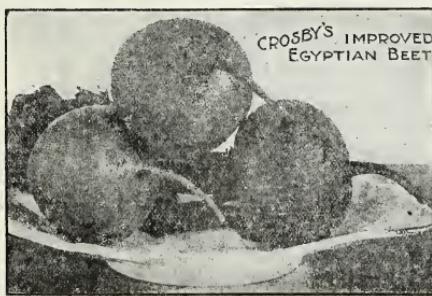
"New Crimson Globe" Beet.—This is one of the best bunching beets yet introduced. A handsome variety of medium size, almost globe-shaped, and entirely free from roots, a great success in the main crop. The root is of medium size. Beets average 10 inches in circumference, very handsome in shape, being a little deeper than round, with a remarkably smooth surface. The foliage is small and of a rich bronze purple, borne on slender stems which occupy but a small portion of the root. Flesh is a rich blood red, slightly zoned or ringed in a most beautiful manner, making it very attractive in appearance; never stringy. Pkts., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼-lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

Detroit Dark Red.—A medium early, globe-shaped beet of excellent quality. It is especially esteemed on account of its dark-red color which extends entirely through the beet, and without the light colored rings seen in many varieties. Root is smooth and handsome. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼-lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

Long Dark Red.—A good keeper and grown especially for winter use. Packet, 10c; oz., 20c; ¼-lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75.

Half Long Blood.—(65 days). This is the best for winter use. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼-lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

Swiss Chard Lucullus.—The plants grow to a height of two to two and one-half feet. The stalks are heavily-ribbed, and from ten to twelve inches long below the leaf; are delicious when cooked, and served in the same manner as asparagus. The leaves are large, heavily crumpled or "scrubbed," crisp, tender and of fine flavor. The leafy portion of the foliage is cooked and served in the same manner as spinach. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼-lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25.



CROSBY'S IMPROVED EGYPTIAN BEET

Mangel Wurzel

Sow 6 lbs. to acre, in May or June, in rows 2 feet apart, and thin to 9 inches.

Mammoth Long Red. (Also called Norbitian Giant, Jumbo Mangel, Colossal, etc.) Packet, 10c; ¼-lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c.

Danish Slidstrup.—This is without doubt the finest stock beet known to the trade and is shipped to us direct from the growers in Denmark. Pkt., 10c ¼-lb., 25c; lb., 75c.



SELECTED

CABBAGE

TESTED



All that Cabbage requires is the soil to be rich, deep, well drained and abundantly manured. For the early kinds, plant 30 inches between the rows and 16 inches between the plants. For the late kinds, 3 feet between the rows and 2 feet between the plants. For very early use, sow in January or February in hotbeds.

In Jersey Wakefield, this famous early head will the fine qualities of the Early Jersey Wakefield; it produces heads of a much larger size, but is two weeks later. Pkt, 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c.

All Head Early.—Heads flat, deep, and solid; valuable also for late. Seed sown in July and set out in August will make fine heads. Large planted by market gardeners. Nearly 10,000 can be grown on an acre, and almost every one will head. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c.

Early Jersey Wakefield.—Long recognized as the best earliest marketable Cabbage. In size, medium; in shape, pyramidal with pointed peak. Its uncommonly fine heading qualities, together with its fitness for wintering in cold frames, please the most critical gardeners. Our strain of seed is of superior quality. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25.

Succession.—A good second early round-headed sort, similar to All-Seasons. It heads up very evenly, and comes in a few days after

Early Summer, and is largely grown on account of its good keeping qualities. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c.

Selected All-Seasons.—A fine second early Cabbage, which produces large heads nearly round, and stands dry season. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c.

Ball Head (Hollander).—An extra hard-heading variety of Cabbage originated in Denmark. It is a medium or late variety, but is mostly used as a winter Cabbage. Medium size, round head and a fine keeper. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85c.

Early Flat Dutch.—An early Cabbage of good size. Heads are flat and very solid. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c.

Chinese or Celery Cabbage.—Also called Pe-Tsal or Cut Cabbage, by Chinese gardeners, who began to attract attention in America. It does not form a cabbage head, but when grown to its full size resembles Cos Lettuce, and the outer leaves may be used during its growth. It is odorless while being cooked and the flavor is delicious, being very mild, and it is excellent for use as a salad, or cooked like asparagus. We are quite sure that it will please all who partake of it. Sow seed after July 1st, and give plenty of room to the plants, setting in rows 3 feet apart and 2 feet apart in the row. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85c.

OUR FROST-PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS

Will Mature Heads Two to Three Weeks Earlier Than Your Home Grown and Double Your Profits

There are a number of islands along the Coast of Louisiana where the soil and climatic conditions are just suited for growing tough, hardy cabbage plants during the winter and early spring. The plants make a slow but steady growth, until at eight and ten weeks of age they are very tough and hardy, the buds are purple and the outer leaves a reddish brown. When in this condition they can be shipped to territory further north and be planted in the open ground a month to six weeks sooner than the home-grown hot bed or cold frame plants.

Plants usually withstand the cold winter, say at least 6 winters out of 8 in Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama. In other territories February and March are the best months for planting. The word "frost-proof" does not mean "freeze-proof." However, you will be surprised at the amount of freezing weather the plants will stand. A temperature of 20 degrees above zero with sleet and snow seldom hurts them. Under favorable conditions, they stand it down to 13 above zero.

The top of the plant does not grow until your regular spring weather opens up, but the roots grow from the time they are planted, and just as soon as spring weather starts the established root growth assimilates the fertilizer in the soil and the plants grow very fast, maturing headed cabbage two or three weeks sooner than you can mature them from hotbed and cold frame plants. You know what the difference in profit will be if your crop is matured and marketed before the general crop from home grown plants is matured.

To get the advantage of these Frost-Proof Cabbage Plants they must be planted a month or six weeks earlier than you would plant home-grown plants. We fill orders from November 15th to May 1st.

The plants when received will be somewhat wilted and have a hard, stunted appearance, which will be disappointing to persons who have never used these plants before. Regardless of appearance, they will produce the crop results.

Varieties: Early Jersey Wakefield, Charleston Large Type Wakefield, Succession and Early Flat Dutch

Prices by Parcel Post, postage paid. In lots of 100, 200, 300 or 400 plants at 50c per 100 plants; 500 plants for \$1.75; 1,000 or more at \$3.25 per 1,000 plants.

Orders are filled by the 100, not 250 or 350. The prices are for even quantities of one variety to package; if you ordered 200 of one variety and 300 of another variety you would pay at the 100 rate.

Priced by Express, buyer paying express charges. In lots of 1,000 to 4,000 plants at \$2.25 per 1,000; 5,000 or more at \$2.00 per 1,000. Plants packed for express shipment, 1,000 or 2,000 plants of a variety to a package, weigh about 25 pound per thousand plants, packed for shipment. For the past two years the express service has been congested, and the deliveries slow and unsatisfactory. We therefore advise parcel post shipment.

Order Early to Get Plants Delivered in Time

When we receive your order for these plants we have to forward it to our growing station which takes several days. Plants are shipped direct to you from growing station. Plants cannot be pulled or shipped when buds are wet. We sometimes have a week or ten days of continued wet weather, which prevents shipment. If you do not receive you plants as soon as you expect them, you will know that weather prevents shipment. Send your order two or three weeks before you expect to set the plants and you will get them on time.

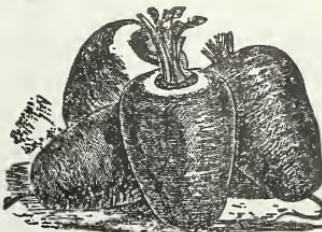


CARROTS

Culture.—Carrots do best in well enriched and manured sandy loam, though they will do well in any good land that is deep and thoroughly worked. For early crop, sow seed during the early part of April; for late crop, in July and August. As the seed are very slow in germinating, it will be found helpful to soak the seed for twelve hours previous to planting in warm water, and to roll the land after planting, to prevent evaporation of moisture. Plant in rows 12 to 15 inches apart.

Danver's Half Long.—Very productive and adaptable to all classes of soils. The roots are smooth, of medium length, tapering to a blunt point. The root orange color. The flesh is tender and of excellent quality. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25.

Oxheart, or Guerande.—The best for hard, stiff soils. The roots are 4 to 5 inches long very thick. The flesh is bright orange in color, fine grained and sweet. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25.



Oxheart Carrot.

CELERY

One ounce of seed produces 2,000 plants.

Boston Market.—Popular sort in the market; the best variety for light soils. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., \$1.00.

Early Arlington.—An extra early strain of Boston Market, somewhat larger; bleaches easily, and is strong grower. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., \$1.00.

CELERIAC, OR TURNIP-ROOTED CELERY

Produces large turnip-like roots which keep well for winter use; it is highly esteemed either cooked for flavoring soup or sliced and used with vinegar, making an excellent salad. It is cultivated like celery. Little or no earthing being required. Ready for use in October. One ounce for 50 feet of row. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 85c; lb., \$2.10.

TENDER

CUCUMBERS

CRISP

Cucumbers succeed best in warm, moist, rich, loamy ground. They should not be planted in the open air until there is a prospect of settled warm weather. Plant in hills about four feet apart each way. The hills should be previously prepared by mixing thoroughly with the soil in each a shovelful of well-rotted manure. Sprinkle the vines liberally with Slug Shot to protect them from bugs, and when all danger from insects is past, thin out the plants, leaving three to four of the strongest to each hill. One ounce of seed will plant about 50 hills; two pounds will plant an acre.

Klondike.—It is without an equal for outdoor growth, for slicing, producing specimens equal to the finest hothouse products under favorable conditions. It is a very hardy grower. Early, and when most early fall. When ready to ship the shape averages, yields abundantly and withstands unfavorable weather conditions as in cut; color dark green, with pale green stripes from the blossom end about one-third the length; flesh white and crisp, of excellent flavor; length about seven to eight inches. No sort produces more uniform fruits. Many plant their entire crop in Klondike cucumbers. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 35c; lb., \$1.35.

Arlington White Spine.—Every market gardener knows that value of well-selected and fixed strain of extra early cucumbers, especially for forcing purposes; selected seed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 30c; lb., \$1.25.

Improved Long Green.—Long and crisp; a popular and reliable variety of pickles. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25.

Livingston's Emerald Cucumber.—It is almost free from "warts and spines"—so much that it may be called spineless. As an all purpose table or market variety, whether for gardeners' or farmers' use, it cannot be surpassed. Price, large packet, 10c; oz., 15c; 2 ozs., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25.

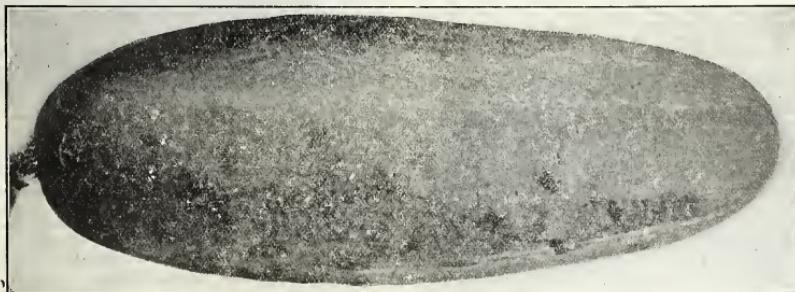
A variety of Cabbage known in different sections as "Cole," "Colewort," or simply "Greens." It is extensively used in the South, where it continues in luxuriant growth all winter.

Georgia Southern, or Creole.—We offer the true white or green-stemmed sort so extensively used in the South, where it furnishes an abundance of food for man and beast. Freezing does not injure but rather improves their quality. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

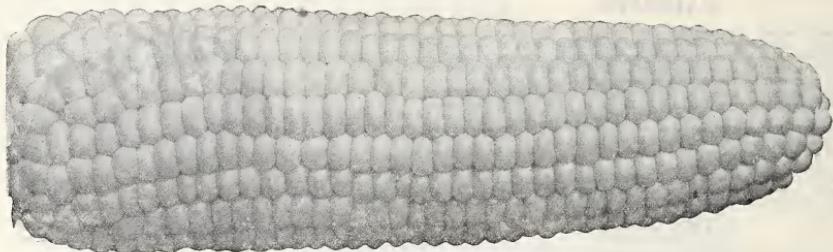


Long Green Cucumber

Early Green Cluster.—Very prolific, producing the fruits in clusters near the root of the vine. Fruit short and thicker at one end. If fruits are picked frequently, the vines continue to bear for a long season. It is a good pickling variety. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25.



Klondike Cucumbers.



Stowell's Evergreen Sweet Corn.

GARDEN CORN

The early Garden Corn, such as the Adams and Early Northern Field Corn, can be planted the end of March or early in April. Sweet Corns cannot be planted until the ground begins to get warm. Frequent cultivation is necessary to have good Corn. The Adams and Northern Field Corn can be planted in rows 3 feet apart, the grains about 12 or 15 inches apart, one inch deep or in hills of six grains, three feet apart each way. The Sugar or Sweet Corns can be depended upon the same, except that such dwarf varieties as Golden Bantam and Mammoth White Corn can be planted even closer. For succession, one can either plant several varieties which mature at different seasons or use one variety and plant every two weeks up to July. $\frac{1}{4}$ pound will plant 100 hills, 12 to 15 pounds an acre. It will be ready for the table in from sixty to seventy days from planting.

Extra Early and Early

(Not Sugar Corn)

Early Adams.—A little later and larger than the above. Stalks grow about six feet high; ears about eight inches long, with twelve to fourteen rows. Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c.

Sweet, or Sugar Corn

For table use the Sweet Corns are far and away ahead of all other varieties. While they cannot be planted quite as early as the first, or Field Corn, their quality is so superior that no garden should be without a good planting of early and late varieties.

Improved Golden Bantam.—This handsome new variety is one of the most delicious of all, and generally believed to be richest in flavor. Extremely early, of hardy, vigorous growth, so that it can be planted quite early. The stalks grow only about four feet high, but bear two or three good ears five or six inches long, of handsome golden yellow color. In flavor quite distinct from the white sorts, and some have called it sweet as honey. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c.

Stowell's Evergreen.—This has long been the leading main crop selected and can be depended upon to produce fine large ears of variety for home use, market, and canning. Our stock is carefully selected and can be depended upon to produce fine large ears of superior quality. The grains, of good size, are long and slender, entirely free from glaze or flintiness. Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c.

Country Gentleman.—(70 days). This is sometimes known as shoe-peg from the small peg-like kernels, irregularly placed on the cob. It is also known as Shelling Sweet, giving great quantities of kernels. The quality of this variety is fine and is preferred by some to all others. Excellent for home use and is popular in many markets where its fine quality is known. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 55c.

Pop Corn

Popping corn provides the children with amusement for many winter hours and furnishes them with a healthful, nutritious food.

White Rice.—A very handsome and popular variety; ears short, kernels long and pointed, resembling rice; color white. A splendid popping variety and finds a ready sale upon any market. Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c; 10 lbs. or more at 20c per lb. by express.

Kohl-Rabi

Culture.—The seed should be sown in the spring three-fourths of an inch deep in drills two feet apart. When the plants are a few inches high thin to fifteen inches apart. Two pounds of seed to one acre.

Early White Vienna.—(50 days). Dwarf, small, early: bulb handsome, firm, glossy white; the best variety for the table, but should be used when young. All varieties are tough and stringy when overgrown. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c.

Kale, or Borecole

Culture.—Kale is one of the hardest of "Greens" belonging to the Cabbage family. Sow either in rows or broadcast, for summer and fall use the seed should be sown in the early spring, or may be sown in August or September for spring use. One to two pounds to an acre.

Dwarf Green Curled.—(55 days.) This is the most popular variety of Kale, dwarf and very hardy. Splendidly curled leaves, excellent flavored. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 65c.

Egg Plant

Culture.—Seed are of slow germination, require moderate amount of heat. Should be started in hotbeds and not checked after starting to grow. When two or three inches high, they should be potted in three-inch pots and not set out in the open until nights are warm



New York Improved Purple Egg Plant

Plant in rich soil for best results. Plant about three feet apart and keep well watered. One ounce of seed will produce about 1,000 plants.

Black Beauty.—This new variety is an excellent market sort. It is about the same size and shape as the New York Improved, except a little fuller at the top; is a few days earlier and a heavier yielder. Its color is a rich purplish black, which it retains after becoming dead ripe. True stock. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.90.

New York Improved Spineless Purple.—A very popular variety in many locations. Fruit is large, entirely free from thorns or spines, of very good purple color. An old well-tried variety and more largely planted than any other. Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.75.



Lettuce

Culture.—Lettuce seed should be covered very shallow to secure germination, especially the black seeded if sown under glass or in the house. For early spring use sow in September and protect through the winter in cold frames the same as cabbages, or sow in hotbeds in March and transplant to open ground as soon as it can be worked. For late supplies sow in the open ground as soon as the season will permit, in rows one foot apart; thin out plants one foot apart in rows. If sown every two or three weeks to the middle of August, it may be had in perfection the entire season. One ounce will sow 125 feet of drill and produce 3,000 plants. The varieties marked thus * are black seeded.

Big Boston.—(45 days). The most popular variety for every purpose on the market. Gives equally good results under glass or in the open. Of the head type; it is easily the leader. Leaves are light green and very tender. Our sample of this variety is unsurpassed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50.

***Black Seeded Simpson.**—(40 days). The leaves are thin, tender, and of a light green color; very early. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25.

California Cream Butter.—A splendid variety for summer. It produces a very large and white head. It will stand extreme heat and is slow to go to seed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c.

Iceberg.—A curly lettuce, large, solid heads. The outer leaves are light green in color and their habit of branching toward the center of head is a great aid to the blanching of heart. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 65c.

Paris White Cos., Romaine or Celery Lettuce.—Has no equal for quality. Forms long, conical heads, which, if tied up, blanch pure white and make solid heads as crisp as celery stalks. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c.

Endive

Culture.—Same as for lettuce. Seed may be sown any time during the year. When plants are well started, thin out to ten inches apart, or they may be transplanted.

Green Curled.—This is the variety generally preferred because it blanches to a beautiful golden yellow. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c.

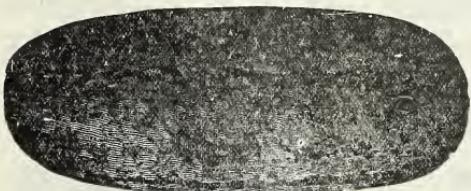


Big Boston Lettuce

WATERMELON



A light sandy soil, with good exposure to the sun, is the best situation to plant Watermelons. The ground should be prepared deep but receive shallow cultivation. Hoe often and very thoroughly. If extra large Watermelons are desired for exhibition purposes, leave but one or two on a single vine. Plant in hills eight to ten feet apart each way, with a very generous shovelful of well-rotted manure mixed with the soil in each hill. If commercial fertilizer is used, it should contain a large percentage of ammonia and potash. Plant eight or ten seeds in each hill, and finally, when danger from insects is past, thin out to three strong plants. One ounce of seed will plant 20 to 30 hills; four or five pounds will plant an acre.



Tom Watson

Tom Watson.—We think that this melon has every quality that goes to make up a very desirable variety. The shape is ideal, rind dark, thin and very tough, making a good shipper. Medium early, very vigorous vine and very prolific. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; lb., \$1.25.

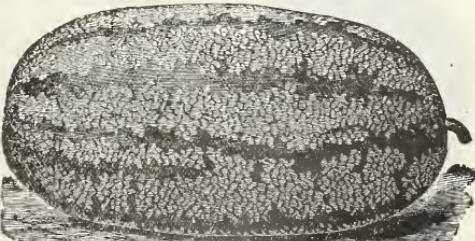
Kleckley Sweets.—A combination of sweetness, earliness and size. It is an ideal melon for home use and local market, but the rind is so thin and crisp that it will not stand shipping. The melons grow very uniformly, about 20 pounds each, with dark green skin, extremely thin rind, bright scarlet meat and solid heart. The flesh is crisp, sugary, and melting to the highest degree, and entirely free from stringiness. For the home garden we cannot recommend it too highly. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; lb., \$1.00.

Halbert Honey.—Said by many to be as handsome and as fine flavored as Kleckley Sweet, and much more productive. Has dark green,

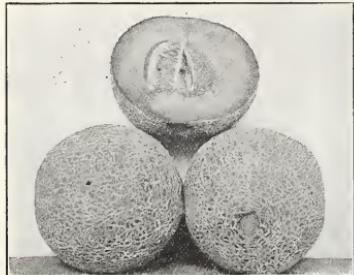
very thin rind, with meat so crisp and tender that well ripened melons split ahead of the knife when cutting. Fine for home market and garden, but with too thin rind for shipping. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.10.

Sweet Heart.—Globular in shape; skin very bright, mottled green; flesh bright red, firm and heavy, but exceedingly sweet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; lb., \$1.00.

Alabama Sweet.—Skin dark green; flesh tender and sweet. Fine for shipping. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; lb., \$1.00.



Kleckley Sweet



Netted Rock

MELONS, MUSK

One ounce will plant about 80 hills; 4 pounds to plant an acre. Matures in from 65 to 80 days.

Cultivate rich, deep sandy loam, well worked and highly manured with old rotten compost, is of the first importance. Plant when all danger of frost is over, in hills 5 to 6 feet apart each way; scatter a dozen seeds to a hill, and, after they are out of danger from bugs, thin to three or four plants. When they have four or five rough leaves, pinch off the end of the main shoot, which will cause the lateral branches to put forth sooner. This will strengthen the growth of the vines, and the fruit will come earlier to maturity.

Rocky Ford.—The flesh is deep and thick, and light green in color, except near to the seeds, where it is yellowish and yellow. The flavor is exceedingly fine. The skin is regularly ribbed and thickly netted. It is a firm, solid melon, and will carry in perfect condition for a week or more after its removal from the vine. It is a heavy cropper, and in wide favor as a market melon. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 15c.; lb., \$1.50.

Netted Rock or Eden Gem.—One of the meatiest of the Rocky

HIGH QUALITY

ONIONS

Although onion seed was one of last season's short crops we have a normal supply of high grade stock to offer. All of our seed is raised from carefully selected bulbs and are as fine strains as it is possible to secure.

Cultivation.—A strong, deep, rich and loamy soil is most suitable for this crop. Muck beds well drained to the depth of two feet give large yields. A black, sandy loam is also excellent. The ground should be heavily dressed with well-rotted manure and plowed a moderate depth, taking a narrow furrow in order to more thoroughly mix the manure with the soil; if possible, the plowing should be done in the fall. As early in the spring as the ground is in working order harrow it thoroughly and make as fine and level as possible; sow thinly in drills one-fourth inch deep and 12 inches apart.

Keep the surface of the ground open and free from weeds, but do not ridge up to the growing bulbs. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill, four to five pounds per acre for large onions, 50 to 60 pounds for sets.

Large Red Wethersfield—(100 days). This is a standard variety in the East. Large, deep, purplish red, flesh crisp white, moderately grained and strongly flavored. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; ¼ lb., 65c.; lb., \$1.75. By express 5 lbs. or over at \$1.50 per lb.

Mammoth Silver King—(80 days). A large white onion variety. It matures early, and is of large size, flat, but thick. The skin is a beautiful silvery white, flesh white and of a mild, sweet flavor. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 35c.



Onion Sets

The chief value of onion sets lies in the quickness of their being ready for the table. For green onions much time can be gained by their use.

Culture.—Onion sets should be planted out as early as the ground is dry enough to work; plant them in rows one foot apart with sets three or four inches apart in the rows. If raised early the onions can be used in the green state in June, or they will be ripened off by July. Plant 300 to 500 pounds to the acre. Bermuda sets only in the Fall. Price subject to market changes. Write for quotations on large quantities.

Yellow, Lb., 30c. White, Lb. 35c.

Shallots.—A small size Onion, which grows in clumps and multiplies very rapidly. Lb., 30c., post paid. If larger amounts are desired, we will gladly quote prices.

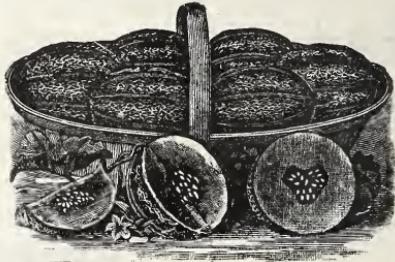
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Ford type melons: of uniform standard size, covered with a beautiful gray lace-like netting, which, with the small seed cavity, are the most essential points in shipping and keeping quality. The flesh is grainy, tinged with a delicate pale pink around the seed cavity. The flesh is firm, but not tough or stringy; sweet, luscious, melting and superb flavor. A heavy yielder, very uniform; few run too large and still fewer are too small. For shippers, also for home growers, we recommend it highly. Price, pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; ¼ lb., 50c.; lb., \$1.75.

Burrell's Gem.—The orange fleshed Rocky Ford, and even better than the Rocky Ford for shipping. The meat is a rich golden color, very thick, fine grained; the flavor cannot be excelled. The melons are very uniform in size and shape and crate evenly. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; ¼ lb., 50c.; lb., \$1.50.

Honey Dew Melon

The delicious honey-like flavor of this new melon created a sensation wherever used last year. The fruit is of good size, weighing 6 to 8 pounds; light cream colored, smooth skin with thick, rich and sweet flesh of light green color. The rind is thin but tough and so close that the rich flesh is practically sealed up where it keeps in fresh condition for several months after it is ripe. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.; ¼ lb., 75c.; lb., \$2.75.



Rocky Ford

HIGH GERMINATION

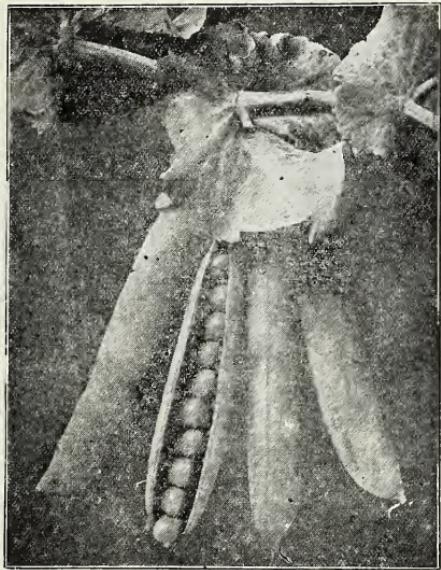
ONIONS

Prize Taker.—(100 days). Although a very large onion, it is hardy and a fair keeper. The outside skin is of a rich yellow color, while the flesh is white, sweet and tender. They bottom well, are free from streaks. It is very productive. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; ¼ lb., 65c.; lb., \$1.85.

Southport White Globe (See cut).—Pure white color, and of very mild flavor, also equally as good for keeping as the Yellow Globe. Excellent for use as a medium crop, but most valuable when grown



Southport White Globe.



Alaska Peas

PEAS

Culture.—Peas mature earliest in a light, rich soil; for general crop a moderately heavy soil is best. Commence sowing early varieties as soon as ground can be worked; continue for a succession every two weeks until June. Sow the early, second early and late varieties at the same time for a succession. One pound for fifty feet of drill; 110 to 175 pounds for an acre. The wrinkled varieties are more susceptible to cold, wet weather than the small round hard sorts, hence should not be planted very early except in warm, dry locations.

In comparing prices, please bear in mind that our prices are postage paid by us, on pounds and two pounds.

Extra Early Sorts

Alaska.—(45 days). An extra early hardy pea. Pods of perfect shape, well filled with smooth peas of unrivaled quality. Seed blue, height 2½ feet. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 60c.

American Wonder.—(55 days). An early wrinkled pea, growing from 9 to 12 inches high and producing well filled pods of the finest flavor. Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c.

Nett's Excelor.—(52 days). This excellent dwarf wrinkled extra early pea is robust and vigorous and produces in profusion hand-sized pods, closely packed with large peas of fine flavor. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 60c.

Gradus, or Prosperity.—This splendid variety combines the finest



Ruby King

quality with extreme earliness and is also very productive. Grows vigorous and healthy; vines about three feet in height, bearing pods fully as large as Telephone, and which are well filled with beautiful light green Peas, which color they retain after being cooked. The quality and flavor are delicious and a valuable feature with the "Gradus" is that the Peas remain tender and sweet for a long time after having been picked from the vines. Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 75c.

Second or Medium Early Sorts

Everbearing.—(60 days). Grows about 20 inches high; pods of good length; peas very large, wrinkled and in quality unsurpassed. For continuance and profusion of bearing this variety is unexcelled. Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 75c.

Large White Marrowfat.—This is a late Pea, hardy, very hardy and vigorous grower. The pods are of good size and usually contain five or six peas of good quality but not of as high flavor as the regular garden peas. Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 55c.

Improved Telephone Pea.—One of the best tall-growing, wrinkled varieties, that has been found exceedingly profitable by both home and market gardeners. Grows 4 to 6 feet tall and must be "brushed"; immensely productive, bearing 25 to 30 extra large pods to each vine. It has excellent, sugary flavor, so desirable in garden peas. Vines and foliage strong and heavy, medium green. Pods 4½ inches long, medium light green, straight, broad and pointed, containing 8 large, light green peas; main crop, productive. Packet 10c; pound, 35c; 2 pounds, 65c.

Parsnips

About 8 pounds to plant an acre.

The value of Parsnips is not well enough known in the South. They are not only very valuable as culinary vegetables, but they make the very best cattle feed, exceeding even the carrot in value for this purpose. They require a deeply prepared loan for their fullest development. The seed is very slow to germinate, and should be sown early in the spring in rows 18 inches apart for hand cultivation or 30 inches apart for horse cultivation. Thin out to 6 inches in the row. Cultivate often.

Sugar, or Hollow Crown.—The very best sort in existence. A large yielder of the finest quality. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

Parsley

Parsley is valuable for flavoring and garnishing purposes. Sow in drills as early in spring as the soil can be pulverized. Seed two years old will vegetate more freely than new seed, which will frequently require five or six weeks to germinate; so the cultivator must not be in a hurry to thin the plants, as they do not appear within a month. The seed will also germinate more freely by soaking it 24 hours in water and mixed with sand before sowing.

Dark Moss Curled.—A famous English variety, and very popular in this country. It is beautifully curled, but the color is much lighter than the single. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c.



Moss Curled Parsley

Peppers

Culture.—For earliest crop sow in hothouse in February or March and transplant to open ground in May, setting plants about 15 inches apart in rows 2½ feet apart. Later crops will be sown in cold frames. Cultivate and keep free of weeds. Peruvian Guano or some good commercial fertilizer applied broadcast around the plant and hoed in when they are about six inches high will produce an enormous increase and improvements in yield.

Ruby King.—This is the most popular large Red Pepper now in cultivation. Very large scarlet fruits of sweet, mild flavor. Plants grow two feet high and bear a fine crop of the handsome large fruit, which ripen earlier than any other large fruited variety. The flesh is quite thick, sweet and mild, so mild that if the seeds are removed the fruit may be eaten from the hand like an apple. Especially fine for salads or stuffed for mangoes. Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; ¼ lb., \$1.50.

Pimiento Pepper.—This is a sweet Pepper—that is the difference—one which you will enjoy eating in salad, either fresh or canned. Canners and market gardeners are planting Pimiento largely. Very thick flesh, wonderful mild flavor. Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; ¼ lb., \$1.75.

Royal King Pepper.—The fruits of this variety are of enormous size, even when ripe. King King is the largest kind of Pepper. The appearance of the Royal King on the market is most striking and attractive, and it sells on sight. The shape is more blocky than Ruby King, being almost square, or about the same diameter both ways. Color, brilliant, glossy scarlet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; ¼ lb., \$1.50.

Long Red Cayenne.—The conical shaped fruits are three to four inches long, of bright red color and borne in great profusion. The flesh in character is very sharp and pungent. A standard household variety of Pepper. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.75.



RADISH



Two ounces will sow 100 feet of drill; 8 to 10 pounds to plant an acre. Matures for table in 20 to 30 days.

Culture.—Sow in the spring as soon as the ground can be worked. Radishes require rich, mellow soil. The smaller, small varieties can be sown broadcast among other crops such as beets, peas, etc. Sow every ten days for a succession.

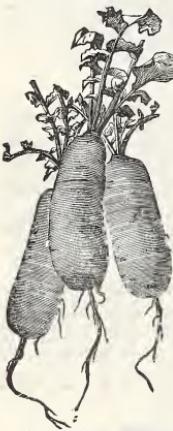
Prices are by mail postpaid.

Early Scarlet Turnip, White-Tipped.—One of the handsomest turnip sorts on the market. An early planting sort very hardy; quick growing. The radish is white, thickened, bright scarlet with white tip; one of the most popular sorts. Flesh firm and crisp; small tops. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25.

White Icicle.—Produces beautiful, long, white roots; extremely early, hence decidedly popular for forcing and a splendid sort for light, cool shelter out of doors. In twenty-five days after sowing this radish is ready for pulling. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25.

Rose China Winter.—Bright rose-colored skin; flesh white and the quality excellent; one of the best for fall and winter use. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., 40c; lb., \$1.40.

Crimson Giant.—A large sized extra early turnip radish, a little longer in shape than the Scarlet Button, but brighter color; twice the size. It grows quickly, and even when it attains large size remains tender and of fine flavor to the last. Will prove a most handsome sort in market gardens, as its bright crimson color makes it a seller on first sight. Equally valuable for home garden use. Pkt., 10c; lb., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50.



Rose China Winter

Early Long Scarlet Short-Top.—One of the best Radishes on the list; very early, attaining a large size; of very best flavor, and will remain in eating condition longer without getting pithy than any other sort. Our strain of this sort is very fine. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25.

Mustard

Culture.—One ounce is sufficient for 75 to 100 feet of drill. Sow either in Spring or Fall, in rows 12 to 18 inches apart, thinning later to about six inches in the row. Cultivate same as Turnip Salad.

Southern Giant Curled.—Leaves are large, light green, with yellowish tinge, much crimped and curled at the edges. Very succulent, pungent and of sweet flavor. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., 40c.

Bloomdale Large-Leaved.—Early. The leaves when small are very tender and admirable as salad. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00.

White or Yellow.—Used mostly for seasoning pickles, etc. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c. Postpaid.

Okra

Culture.—Seed should be soaked before planting to insure quick and even germination; sow in rows 2 to 3 feet apart and thin to 12 to 18 inches in the row. Gather pods when young. It is delicious in soups.

White Velvet.—(60 days). A tall growing sort, with long white pods; the best variety for home use. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 35c. Postpaid.

PUMPKINS



Sow the seed as soon as the ground becomes warm, in hills eight to ten feet apart each way, or in fields of corn about every fourth hill. Plant at the same time as the Corn. They are affected by the same insect pests as the Cucumber and the same remedies should be used. Pumpkins are not so particular in regard to soil as melons and cucumbers, but in other respects are cultivated the same, though on a larger scale. The pumpkin more properly belongs to the farm than the garden, especially as it readily mixes with and injures the quality of the finer squash. Pumpkins are splendid feed for sheep when the pasture begins to fail in the Fall.

Kentucky Field.—A large, round, slightly ribbed, soft shell, salmon-colored Pumpkin that is very productive and excellent for stock. This variety is a standard sort everywhere, and is also often grown for exhibition purposes. The flesh is yellow, tender and of excellent quality. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00.

Japanese Pie.—A variety of high quality and which grows to a large size. The rind is bluish green, blotched with yellow; flesh salmon-colored, fine-grained and sweet. Fine for pies as well as for stock feeding. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50.

Tennessee Sweet Potato.—Belts shape; medium size, thick flesh, skin greenish white, taste remains sweet, delicious. Very fine for pies. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50.

Cashaw or Crookneck.—An excellent table variety, having much the same quality as the squash. It grows to a good size and is productive. Used for stock feeding also. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50.

Connecticut Field.—A large yellow variety with a hard shell. Excellent for stock feeding. The hardest of all Pumpkins and enormously productive. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00.

Salsify, or Vegetable Oyster

Culture.—Sow the seed early in spring, in drills one foot apart and one inch deep, thinning out the young plants to four inches. The roots will be ready for use in October, when a supply should be taken up and stored in moist sand in a cool room. Those remaining will suffice for use until the ground turns in spring. One ounce to 100 feet. Ten to twelve pounds are required for a acre.

Mammoth Sandwich Island.—(95 days). The largest, smoothest and the very best in every way of all salsify. Pure white, very tender and of excellent quality. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$2.00.

Rhubarb, or Pie Plant

Sow in spring in seed bed, in drills two feet apart. Cultivate well during the season, and in the autumn or following spring transplant into deep rich soil, from three to four feet apart. The stalks should be cut off before the third year. For immediate use order the roots, which come into use at once.

Linnaeus.—Large and tender; very finest of all. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c.

Roots.—20c each; \$1.00 per 6 by mail.



Squash

One ounce of early varieties will plant 50 hills; one ounce of marrow sorts, 25 hills. Early Varieties mature for table use in about 40 days.

Culture.—The plants are very tender and sensitive to cold, and plants must be delayed until set out when weather. The general principles of culture are the same as those given for cucumbers and melons, but the plants are less particular as to soil. The summer varieties should be planted 4 feet apart each way, and the winter sorts 8 feet. Three plants are sufficient to a hill. Care should be taken not to break the stems from the Squashes intended for winter use, as the slightest injury will increase the liability to decay.

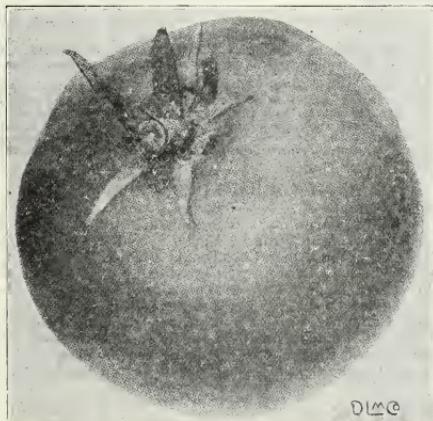
Mammouth White Bush.—This is an improved form of the Early White Bush, or Patty Pan. Is early, uniformly in growth and very prolific. Has beautiful, clear white skin and is from 8 to 12 inches in diameter. Tender and of good flavor. Fine quality and size for home gardens and near-by markets. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75.

Yellow Summer Crookneck.—A favorite in both home and market gardens. Fruits rather small, of bright orange color. Rich and buttery. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75.

Hubbard.—Excellent winter variety; well known. Noted for the uniform good quality of its fine-grained and nutty flavored flesh and its good keeping qualities. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50.

Insects and Blight.—For the green worm, which eats the foliage, use Hellebore, either dry or in solution, or Paris Green mixed with water at the rate of 1 lb. to 150 gallons and spray. For rot, blight and other diseases, spray the plants with Bordeaux Mixture in solution, commencing early.

Our Tomato Seed is grown for us and can be relied on as being pure and reliable.



Dwarf Stone Tomato

Dwarf Stone.—This is the largest fruited of all the dwarf or "bush" tomatoes. The growth is similar to that of Burpee's Quarter-Century, and while considerably later, the fruits are produced in clusters of three to five, and as the growth is close-jointed, each plant produces a large number. The tomatoes are four inches in diameter and two and one-half inches in depth from stem to blossom end. They are bright scarlet, very smooth, firm and solid, meaty center, with no hard core. The quality is of the finest. Per pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.55; lb., \$4.00.

Dwarf Champion (Purplish Pink).—Sometimes called the Tree Tomato. Especially desirable for small gardens, as they may be grown in a cluster three feet. The vines are stiff and upright, holding fruit well off the ground. Smooth and attractive, firm and solid, with thick flesh and meaty center. Bear in clusters of 3 to 5 good-sized fruits and continues in bearing till frost. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.40; lb., \$4.00.

Sparks' Earliana.—(85 days). Remarkable for its earliness, large size, uniform shape, attractive red color, and productiveness. The fruit is solid, and the quality in all that could be desired. The leading early market variety. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$3.25.

Spinach

Two ounces will sow 100 feet of drill; 25 pounds one acre. Matures for table use in about 40 days.

One of the most desirable winter and spring greens, and is better liked and usually sells at much higher prices than kale or turnip salad. Is largely grown for shipping.

Culture.—For early summer use, sow early in spring in a good, well-fertilized soil, in drills 1 inch deep, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet between the rows. For winter and spring use, sow in October. Requires but little cultivation. Best developed and most tender and succulent when grown in rich soil.

Bloomsdale Savoy-leaved.—A heavy cropper, of fine quality and very hardy; succulent leaves curled and crinkled like a Savoy cabbage; hardest and most productive sort. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., 75c.

New Zealand.—Entirely different from the true Spanish in type in that it thrives during the hot weather in any soil, rich or poor. The tender shoots are of good quality and may be cut throughout the summer. Plant three or four seeds in a hill 2 feet apart each way. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50.

TOMATOES

Seed can be grown in a hotbed or in boxes in the house for earliest plants and later in cold frames or in the open ground as soon as danger of frost is past. If sown thinly in rows they will stand until large enough to handle. Enough plants can be started in any ordinary cigar box to supply the average family, but they would of course have to be transplanted to pots or other boxes to afford room for growth. Tomatoes are one of the easiest vegetables to grow from seed and should have them as they are not at all particular as to soil. Where possible, add manure to make the soil richer. A good potash fertilizer. Set the plants three to four feet apart each way and cultivate well. An ounce of seed will produce about 1500 plants. Three to four ounces are sufficient for an acre.

Insects and Blight.—For the green worm, which eats the foliage, use Hellebore, either dry or in solution, or Paris Green mixed with water at the rate of 1 lb. to 150 gallons and spray. For rot, blight and other diseases, spray the plants with Bordeaux Mixture in solution, commencing early.

Our Tomato Seed is grown for us and can be relied on as being pure and reliable.

Pear-Shaped Yellow.—Fruit pear-shaped deep yellow color. Used mostly for preserves. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50.

John Baer Tomato.—The earliest tomato on earth. Our seed came from a source that we know to be reliable and were grown especially for us. This tomato has a bright red color and produces large, beautiful solid shipping tomatoes, earlier than any other tomato that can be started in the field. Produces a large crop every year and produces an enormous crop, ripens evenly, has a mild, delicious, sweet flavor, and is almost seedless, solid and meaty; fruit weighs $6\frac{1}{2}$ ounces. Being such a tremendous yielder, a bushel of "John Baer" Tomatoes can be gathered in one-third the time of any other tomato. Pkt., 10c; 1 oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50.

June Pink.—(85 days). An early variety, similar in habit to the famous Earliana, differing only in its color, which is pink instead of red. Early, bright tasting, long and heavy yielding. An excellent shipper on account of its reasonably tough skin. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85c; lb., \$3.75.

Tomato-A. and M. First Early.—This is the height of perfection in that all that goes to make a desirable early tomato, whether for the home garden or the market garden, the long distance shipper or the canner. The fruit is medium size, dark red, same color as the Stone, about one-half larger and earlier than the Earliana, and fewer poor shapes. A single cluster of eleven tomatoes taken from one vine that had 136 tomatoes of marketable size, and the entire field appears to be a continuous cluster of tomatoes. Compared with the Earliana in another field, planted in the same week, and with equal advantages, the First Early will yield three times more tomatoes, larger and smoother tomatoes. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00.

Ame.—A most desirable variety, particularly for truckers and market gardeners, on account of its keeping and carrying qualities. It keeps remarkably well and it is an excellent shipping sort. It is early, smooth and solid, of a purplish color; ripens all over and through at the same time, and is a continuous bearer. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85c; lb., \$3.25.



John Baer Tomato



One ounce sows 100 feet of drill. Two pounds per acre in drills 12 to 15 inches apart; one pound two feet apart; three pounds broadcast.

Turnips do best in a highly enriched, sandy, gravelly or light loamy soil. Commence sowing the earliest varieties in March, in drills from 12 to 15 inches apart, and thin out early to six or eight inches in rows. For a succession, sow at intervals of a fortnight until the last week in May, and from the last of July to the end of September sowing may be made for the fall and maircrops.

All prices are by mail, prepaid.

Early White Flat Dutch (Strap-leaved)—An old stand-by and one of the most popular early varieties in the South for either spring or fall plantings. Of medium size and a quick grower. Is flat with a purple tap root. Flesh and skin pure white; fine grained and sweet. Pkt., 10c.; ¼ lb., 25c.; lb., 75c.

Red, or Purple Top Strap-leaved—The most widely cultivated and best-known variety. Used largely for sowing broadcast among corn and potatoes. It is round and flat, white on the bottom and a reddish purple above ground, and a very quick grower. It is esteemed as a fine table variety. Pkt., 10c.; ¼ lb., 25c.; lb., 75c.

Seven-Top—The most popular variety for winter and early spring "greens" in the South. Very hardy, grows well through the winter. Can be cut at all times, giving a supply of fresh vegetable matter at times when nothing else is available. Can be sown from August till December and in early spring. Pkt., 10c.; ¼ lb., 30c.; lb., 85c.

Seven-Top—The most popular variety for winter and early spring "greens" in the South. Very hardy, grows well through the winter.

Can be cut at all times, giving a supply of fresh vegetable matter at times when nothing else is available. Can be sown from August till

December and in early spring. Pkt., 10c.; ¼ lb., 30c.; lb., 85c.

FIELD SEEDS

The following is a list of the various kinds and varieties of farm and field seed which we have in stock. We will be glad to quote prices on any of the following items upon request. WRITE FOR PRICES.

SEED CORN

Hickory King—This Corn comes nearest being all corn and no cob than any other. The Corn is so large and cob so small that if you break it open two ears will cover the entire cob. The ears, from 7 to 9 inches in length, are usually borne two to four ears per stalk, making it very productive. It makes a beautiful roasting ear, is highly desirable where a pure white corn is wanted for meal.

Oklahoma White Wonder—One of the large growers of this variety reports that several seasons White Wonder made 80 to 100 bushels per acre, while other varieties made from 30 to 50 bushels. Many of our customers have, however, in breeding varieties, report that the White Wonder gives the best satisfaction in yield and quality. It ripens at the same time as the earliest varieties, and is the only large-eared corn we know of that ripens so soon.

Silver Mine—Distinct in every way, with many superior characteristics. It is adapted to a wide range of soils and climate, maturing about ninety days after planting. The ears are even in shape, of uniform size, measuring from 8 to 12 inches in length and about 7 inches in circumference. They usually contain eighteen rows of deep, pure white kernels on a small white cob.

Early Yellow Leaming—The ideal Corn for the stock-raiser, cattle feeder or dairymen. Has a soft, rough-coated kernel, making it easy for stock to bite or break. Makes a silage that has no equal. Stock fed on this corn are sure to bring the highest market price.

Bloody Butcher—Our crop of Bloody Butcher was grown for us in

North Texas in the best corn county in the state. This variety is unequalled for its feeding value and earliness. It very seldom fails to make a good crop.

Sucrerooper is an early, quick maturing, drought-resisting variety. It makes roasting ears in 53 to 65 days, and usually requires only 103 to 120 days to mature, counting from planting to browning of the shuck. It is two weeks earlier than common native corn. It is early, like Northern Corn, but has a great advantage in its drought-resisting qualities. It usually yields more than twice as much as Northern varieties.

MISCELLANEOUS SEEDS

Spanish Peanuts	Sudan Grass
White Kaffir Corn	Soja Beans
Dwarf Yellow Milo Maize	Early Speckled Velvet Beans
Dwarf Evergreen Broom Corn	Tepary Beans
Feterita	Clay Peas
Dwarf Essex Rape	Whippoorwill Peas
Early Amber Cane	Blackeye Peas
Orange Cane	Gallivrant or Lady Peas
Red Top or Sumach Cane	Lone Star Cotton Seed
Texas Seeded Ribbon Cane	Mebane Cotton Seed
Johnson Grass	Rowden Cotton Seed

GRASS SEEDS

Alfalfa—We make a specialty of Alfalfa, handling the highest and purest grade of the seed, and selling more of it than any other house in the South. We have articles on this subject much to impress its value upon our friends as any other concern in Texas. There have been a number of articles written recommending farmers to sow non-irrigated seed. We have been selling Alfalfa seed for 15 years and never yet been able to see where non-irrigated seed had any advantage over irrigated seed; and, in fact, we consider the irrigated seed by far the best, as it is always well matured, is much stronger and has more vitality; and why? because it is better prepared to plant in the field, cleaned seed you can get, and the recommendation of some parties to sow non-irrigated seed that is not thoroughly cleaned is all bosh. A large number of the best Alfalfa farms in Texas were seeded with seed furnished by us. We can furnish either the irrigated or non-irrigated Alfalfa seed.

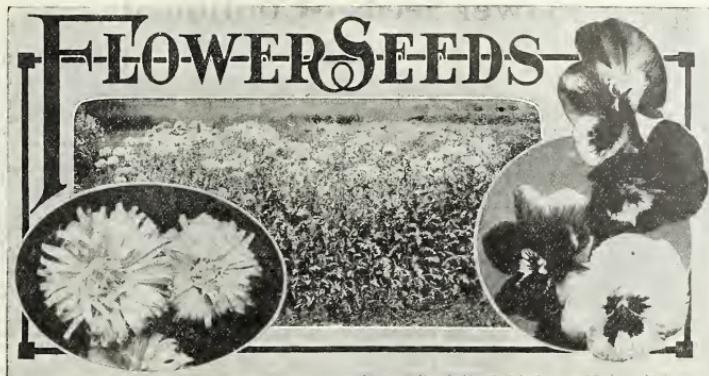
Bokara or Sweet Clover—Sweet Clover can be grown in all sections of the United States and will prove a valuable addition to any farm crop. It thrives on poor clay and poor sandy soil, but does best on limestone soil. On poor soils and where it is uncommon, the seed should be inoculated at the time of sowing. As the bacteria of the roots of the Sweet Clover can infect Alfalfa, it makes it a valuable crop where Alfalfa is to be sown later.

Burr Clover—An annual Clover for the South; can be sown in Spring and Fall; the most valuable Winter grazing crop for the South, growing luxuriantly all through the Winter. After once being seeded, it reseeds itself and improves in growth each succeeding year. It is admirably adapted for growing with Bermuda Grass; the combination of the two makes a splendid all-the-year-round pasture. Sow 20 pounds per acre.

White Dutch—In connection with Kentucky Blue Grass, it furnishes finest and most nutritious pasture for sheep and cows. Also used for lawns and lawns 6 to 8 feet per acre. Price, \$1.00 per lb.

Kentucky Blue Grass—Well known pasture grass, when combined with white clover makes a close lawn grass, for which purpose sow 50 lbs. to the acre; for pasture, 25 is sufficient. Fancy re-cleaned seed, the best to be had. Price, prepaid, 75c per lb.

Bermuda Grass—Very fine for binding loose and dry soils. The habits of this grass is to set roots at each joint that touches the ground, thus forming a lawn that is extremely strong and durable pasture. Is decidedly a summer grass, as it does not start off until the ground is thoroughly warm in the spring and turns to a buff color after killing frost in the fall. We believe this grass will help solve the pasture question during the hot dry summer months. Sow during April or May. Also valuable as a lawn grass. Sow 3 to 5 pounds to the acre. Price, \$1.25 per lb.

**PLANT FLOWERS TO**

*Beautiful your home grounds, to
Hide unsightly foundations, in
Borders, or hedge, or in
Artistically arranged beds, to
Make your back yard radiate with
their beauty and fragrance.*

We offer varieties in every color and height to suit every particular place you wish to beautify. Nothing can be so enjoyable and profitable, at so little expense, as the planting of flowers about your home grounds.

Plan your spring planting of flowers NOW.

SELECTED VARIETIES OF FLOWERS
Adapted to Southwestern Soil and Climate

The Most Popular Variety and Choicest Strain.—Cultural directions are given on the packets, and we urge purchasers to study them carefully. While some seeds need special treatment, the following general rules will apply to all. Make the surface of the soil as fine, smooth and level as possible; do not plant with the ground is wet; cover each lot of seeds to a uniform depth, which should not be more than four or six times the diameter of the seed; press the soil firmly over the seed; plant in rows, so that the starting plants can be seen easily; be careful not to allow the young plants to be crowded or to be smothered by weeds. All Flower Seeds sent postpaid on receipt of price. Our Flower Seeds are put up in fancy packets, showing the colored flowers on one side and on the back the full directions How to Sow and Cultivate Each Kind.

Ageratum, or Floss Flower

A hardy annual of easy culture. Especially valuable for bedding, as it is literally covered with blossoms all summer.

Mexicanum.—Lavender-blue; height, 18 inches. Pkt., 10c.

Alyssum

A free-flowering annual easily grown. Seems to thrive well in most any soil and location. Excellent for borders.

Little Gem.—The plants are dwarf and spreading; growing only 3 to 4 inches high. They soon become one mass of white and remain in bloom until fall. Pkt., 10c.

Amaranthus

Bright colored plants from 2½ to 5 feet high. Thriving in hot sunny locations.

Caudatus (Love Lies Bleeding).—Light yellowish-green foliage; long, drooping crimson flower spikes. Plants grow three to four feet high. Pkt., 10c.

Crinifer.—(Prince's Feather). Dark red feathery flowers. Pkt., 10c.

Tricolor.—(Joseph's Coat). Two and one-half feet. Leaves red, yellow and green. Pkt., 10c.

Antirrhinum

(Snap Dragon)

This fine old-fashioned flower is very popular and very hardy. A beautiful tree-blooming plant that seems to do well everywhere.

TALL VARIETIES.

Queen Victoria.—Pure white. Pkt., 10c.; ¼ oz., 35c.

Light Rose.—Pkt., 10c.; ¼ oz., 35c.

Carmine Rose.—Pkt., 10c.; ¼ oz., 35c.

Atrococcineum.—Scarlet. Pkt., 10c.; ¼ oz., 35c.

Majus.—Tall sorts mixed. Pkt., 10c.; ¼ oz., 30c.

DWARF VARIETIES

Brilliant Rose.—Pkt., 10c.; ¼ oz., 35c.; oz., \$1.00.

Daphne.—Darkest rose, white throat. Pkt., 10c.; ¼ oz., 35c.; oz., \$1.00.

Defiance.—Bright scarlet. Pkt., 10c.; ¼ oz., 45c.; oz., \$1.25.

Queen of the North.—Pure white. Pkt., 10c.; ¼ oz., 35c.; oz., \$1.00.

Black Prince.—Darkest red. Pkt., 10c.; ¼ oz., 45c.; oz., \$1.25.

Dwarf Sorts Mixed.—Pkt., 10c.

Asters

Culture.—The Aster is hardy and easily grown. Sow seed in the open ground in May or August for September blooms, or in March or April in cold frames for earlier bloom. The seed should be covered about ¼ inch in good rich soil. When the plants are strong enough transplant about 18 inches apart in deeply dug, well prepared beds.

Queen of the Market.—One of the earliest blooming varieties, blossoming frequently in July. Of spreading habit, 8 to 10 inches high. Blossoms medium sized, and the petals curve outward. Mixed, pkt., 10c.

Balloon Vine

(Cardiospermum Halicacabum).—Climbing vine of rapid growth with white flowers and seed vessels which resemble miniature balloons. Light, warm soil suits them best. Hardy annual. Pkt., 10c.

Balsam

(Lady Slipper or Touch-Me-Net)

One of the showiest of our annuals, blooming all summer. Plants grow 15 to 20 inches tall and produce an abundance of flowers that are fine for table decoration.

Camellia-Flowered. Double, Finest Mixed.—Pkt., 10c.

Balsam Apple

Vigorous climber, has handsome leaves which give quick and dense shade for verandas, etc., and bears a small yellowish white flower. The orange-colored fruit, which is covered with warty protuberances, bursts open when ripe and turns back, showing bright red seeds. Preserved in spirits, the ripe fruit is highly valued for its supposed value in healing cuts and bruises. Half hardy annual. Twelve feet. Pkt., 10c.

Calendula

(Pot Marigold)

Very hardy annual, one foot high, blooming freely practically the whole year round. Is of the easiest culture and is desirable for rather inferior soils, where less sturdy flowers do not thrive. A medicinal extract resembling arnica is made from the flowers.

Double Mixed.—A good mixture of 8 or 10 different shades of yellow, some clear colors and some shaded and striped. Pkt., 10c.

Calliopsis or Coreopsis

Very showy annual or perennial plants, easily cultivated in ordinary soil. They are abundant in bloom and of bright, attractive colors. Pkt., 10c.

Lanceolata.—One of the best, hardy flowers, large yellow flower from June until frost. Pkt., 10c.

Candytuft (Iberis)

A hardy annual growing about 6 to 18 inches high, according to the variety. The blossoms are borne on variously long spikes and the newer varieties are quite large, flowering and very fragrant.

Coronaria Empress.—Large trusses of pure white flowers. Pkt., 10c.

Canna

These are usually and preferably planted from roots or started plants, but can be successfully grown from seed if planted early. See bulbs on page 12.

Giant Flowered Mixed.—Pkt., 10c.

Flower Seeds---Continued



Canterbury Bells

One of the best known plants grown in the garden. If sown early in good soil, will bloom early the following season. Finest Double Mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Cardinal Climber

(Ipomoea Quamoclit Hybrid)

The finest new annual climber introduced in many years. Very graceful and beautiful, growing rapidly, and in a warm, sunny location, in good soil, it reaches a height of 20 feet and is densely clothed with deeply laciniate palm-like rich green leaves, bespangled with clusters of fiery scarlet, tubular, spear-shaped flowers, measuring $\frac{1}{4}$ inches across. Pkt., 25c.

Carnation

In the splendid strains of carnation we offer, a remarkably large percentage of the flowers will be more or less double. Some kinds bloom the first year from seed. Although they bloom earlier than the old race of common carnations, in comparison with them as to beauty, fragrance and productiveness. Carnations in the southwest rarely require any protection whatever, although it is generally worth while to throw around them little loose litter in midwinter. Hardy annual. One and one-half ft.

Marguerite—Fine mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c.

Centaurea

(Bachelor's Button)

A well known, hardy annual embracing a number of species, some being grown for their foliage. Except the white leaved sorts, all make excellent cut flowers. If seed is sown early it will furnish a profusion of white, blue and pale pink single flowers from June until September.

Centaurea Cyanus (Blue Bottle)—Corn Flower or Bachelor's Button. Pkt., 10c.

Centaurea Gynnoecarpa (Dusty Miller).—One foot. Foliage finely cut of silvery gray color, used for bedding. Pkt., 10c.

Imperial Mixed.—Pkt., 15c.

Cockscomb (Celosia)

Annual plants of tropical origin, and one of the most satisfactory and showy plants for garden decorations, bearing in the greatest profusion spikes of beautiful feather-like blossoms. In this class is included the well-known Cockscomb.

Glasgow Prize. A greatly improved strain with numerous heads borne on sturdy robust plants of dwarf habit. The color is a rich crimson, excellent for borders. Pkt., 15c.

Thompson's Magnificent.—A very fine selection of the popular feathered Celosia containing many pleasing shades of color varying from pale yellow to the deepest crimson. Pkt., 10c.

Cosmos

Showy summer and autumn bloomers, the flowers of which resemble the single Dahlia, although much more beautiful, owing to their daintiness. Few flowers have grown more into popularity in late years than the Cosmos, and we recommend it to all who have space for large plants in their gardens. Hardy annual. Pour, five feet.

Lady Lenox, Pink Pkt., 10c

Lady Lenox, White Pkt., 10c

Lady Lenox, Mixed Pkt., 10c

Dianthus, or Pinks

Hardy annuals, about 1 foot high, and bearing beautifully colored single and double blossoms in profusion all Summer. Sow seed early in boxes and transplant, or sow in rows where the plants are to remain, and thin.

Chinese Double.—Choice mixed. Largest double flowers of beautiful colors. Pkt., 10c.

Mixture of Double and Single Pinks.—This mixture contains the best of the Dianthus varieties. Pkt., 10c.

Eschscholtzia

(California Poppy)

Very showy, free flowering plants, of low growth, with fine divided foliage of a silver-gray color. When sown in a bed of loose flower soil the seed may be so thinly broadcast over the bed and lightly raked in. This is the most effective way of planting this gorgeous flower. When well started, the young plants may be thinned out to stand 8 to 10 inches apart each way, flowering profusely throughout the season. Pkt., 10c.

Feverfew

(Matricaria Capensis)

Called Double Feverfew. A plant growing 18 inches high and bearing profusely pure white, very double flowers. Pkt., 10c.

Four O'Clock

(Marvel of Peru)

The plants are large and require 4 feet space; make a pretty hedge. Some of the varieties have beautifully variegated leaves. Will grow in any common garden soil, from seed sown in open ground. Hardy annual. 2 feet high.

Marvel of Peru.—Hybrid, finest mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Gaillardia

(Blanket Flower)

A beautiful, showy, free-flowering plant of easiest culture that grows wild in some parts of Texas. They are very hardy, bloom freely from seed sown early in the Spring. Plant grows 18 to 20 inches high, and is covered with brilliant flowers in scarlet and yellow shades. Fine Mixed.—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 30c; 1 oz., 50c.

Geranium

These grow readily from seed the first year and produce blooming plants the first Summer.

Fine Mixed.—All varieties and colors. Pkt., 10c.





African Marigold

Heliotrope

Well known, deliciously fragrant plants, excellent for bedding purposes or pot culture. Half hardy perennials.

Heliotropium Grandiflora. — Finest mixed; 18 inches. Packet, 15c.

Hibiscus

A hardy annual, growing about 2 feet high, showing an ornamental class of plants with large, beautiful colored flowers: grows freely in common garden soil.

New Annual Mixed. — Saved from the best trial varieties. Pkt., 10c.

Hollyhock

The flowers are as double as the rose, of many shades of color, from deep yellow, red and purple to pure white. Plant the seeds in June or July, in open ground, and in the autumn, when the plants have made five leaves, transplant to permanent positions, 3 feet apart. The following summer they will bloom. Hardy perennial; 5 feet high.

Hollyhock Double. — Extra choice; finest mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Separate Colors. — Double; white, pink, yellow, maroon. Pkt., 15c.

Hyacinth Beans

(Dolichos)

A very ornamental and rapid growing climber, with dense foliage and handsome purple and white flowers; 10c per packet; ounce, 25c.

Lamb's Ears. — Tender perennial, growing from 2 to 3 feet high, bearing Verbena-like clusters of flowers, in orange, white, rose and other colors, excellent for bedding.

Choice Mixed. — Pkt., 10c.

Ice Plant

(Mesembryanthemum)

Valuable for hanging baskets, rockwork, vases and window boxes. It is curious growing, the leaves and stems appearing as though covered with ice crystals. A tender trailing annual growing about six inches high, and the vines will extend 2 feet long. Pkt., 10c.

Larkspur

One of the best hardy annuals. In order to have blossoms from July until frost the seeds should be sown in the open as early as possible. Exceptionally good for cutting.

Dwarf Double Rocket. — Beautiful spikes of double flowers, white, pink, lavender, light blue etc. Grows one foot high. Oz., 60c; pkt., 10c.

Tall Branching. — A hardy annual 2 feet high, producing large double flowers on spikes 15 inches long. Colors rose, white and shades of blue. Valuable for cutting. Oz., 60c; pkt., 10c.



Pansies

Nasturtium

(Tropaeolum)

Offers a great variety of soft and pleasing colors. The seed we offer is a selected strain and mixed in proper proportions so that our customers may be assured of having all the effective shades of pink, rose, scarlet, crimson, brick, claret, chocolate, brown, garnet, orange, primrose, yellow and white. Seed may be planted, one inch deep, in early April, in any convenient place, and the plants when large enough transplanted to their permanent place.

Nasturtium, Dwarf. — Very useful for bedding and not equaled for gaudiness of color and brilliancy of effect; 10c per pkt., oz., 35c; 1/4 lb., 65c; lb., \$2.75.

Nasturtium, Tall Sorts. — Pkt., 10c.

Pansy

Pansies thrive best in a cool moist but well-drained soil, enriched with fine round barnyard manure or fine ground bone. Sow in July and August, and protect the plants during the winter. Will bloom next spring. We import our pansy seed direct from some of the best growers in the world.

Giant Trimardean. — The largest flowering type of pansies, called the French Strain. Blossoms are simply enormous, perfect in form and run through all the various colors from the lightest shade to the darkest purple. Per pkt., 25c.

International Mixed. — Handsome blossoms. This splendid class produces flowers of immense size and of the best attractive markings and colors. Pkt., 15c.

Petunia

Most valuable plants, succeeding well almost anywhere. They are particularly showy in beds or masses and are universal favorites on account of their richness of color, fragrance and continued bloom.

Giants of California. — The gigantic size of blooms, variety and beauty of colors, and the beautiful ruffled and frilled flowers all combine to make this the best of all petunias. Pkt., 35c each.

Rosy Morn. — Covered completely with ocellated flowers one and one-half inches in diameter. The throat is silvery white while the edge is heavily flushed with soft rosy pink. Pkt., 15c.

Howard's Star. — A clear purple with a distinct white star filling throat and extending to edge of petals. Pkt., 15c.

Single Fine Mixed. — Pkt., 10c.

Petunia Hybrid Double. — Large flowering, striped, mixed; very fine strain, with large, perfect flower. Pkt., 25c.



Phlox Perennial

The varieties of perennial phlox are among the choicest of our flowers for bedding and border plants. They are perfectly hardy and need no protection, and will flourish in any soil, succeeding best, however, in deep, rich, rather moist ground.

Phlox Perennial—Finest mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Phlox Drummondi

Grandiflora

One of the standard bedding plants which have a place in almost every garden, being unequalled for constant profusion of bloom and diversity of colors. For early flowering sow the seed in boxes to transplant in the border or bed when the weather is warm, and later sowing may be made in the open ground. Height, 1 foot. Hardy annuals. One and one-half to two feet.

Cupulata (or Star Phlox Stellata).—A flower of a color which strongly resembles that of the popular dwarf sort Fireball. Excellent for dwarf groups and for pots. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 15c.

Drummondi Grandiflora Alba.—Pure white flowers very large and perfectly formed. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 15c.

Splendens.—Crimson with white eye. Pkt., 15c.

Grandiflora.—Choice mixed, all colors. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c.

Poppy

The different varieties of poppies are always favorites for outdoor display and the cultivation of them being so extremely simple entitles them to a place in every garden. Seed should be sown where the plants are intended to grow, because it is difficult to transplant them with any measure of success. During March or April sow in rows or groups and thin to about 1 foot apart.

Carnation Flowered.—Brilliant, large, showy, double flowers of various colors. Mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Tow Flowered Mixed. Double ball-shaped flowers of gigantic size. Pkt., 10c.

Shirley.—These charming poppies range in color, extending from pure white through the most delicate shade of rose and carmine to deepest crimson. Pkt., 10c.

Oriental (Perennial).—A row of these in bloom makes a splendid show. The prevailing color is the brightest scarlet imaginable. Pkt., 10c.

Portulaca

(Rose Moss or Sun Plant)

This plant will grow and bloom in a hot, dry and sterile situation where almost any other plant would soon die. Can be easily grown anywhere. It is a low growing or creeping annual 6 to 8 inches high and bearing glossy cup-shaped flowers in very brilliant and gorgeous colors. Beautiful in flower boxes or in open beds.

Single Fine Mixed.—Pkt., 10c.

Grandiflora Flore Pleno.—Fine double mixed. Pkt., 20c.



Sweet Peas

Salvia

(Scarlet Sage)

This very popular plant is a tender perennial, but could be treated as an annual. Its beautiful flaming spikes of blossoms will add more to a border than any other plant, and where a brilliant scarlet is wanted it is unsurpassed.

Splendens.—One of the most gorgeous of annuals, blooming throughout the summer and fall. The plants grow from one and one-half to three feet in height and are completely covered with showy sprays of bright scarlet flowers. Pkt., 15c.

Smilax

Sow in shallow boxes in light soil at any season of the year. Press the seed evenly into the soil, and then cover to the depth of one-sixteenth of an inch. The seed often germinates slowly, lying sometimes three or four months before it all comes up. When fit to handle transplant into shallow boxes or small pots. Pkt., 10c.

Sunflower

(Helianthus)

Stately, hardy annuals of easy culture. The smaller flowering varieties being also useful for cutting.

New Red Sunflower.—Is a very apt description of this new variety. The plant is of freely branching habit, with well-shaped, dark centered flowers of bright chestnut red, merging to yellow at the tips of the petals; height 6 feet. Pkt., 15c.

Sweet William

(Dianthus Barbatus)

A sturdy, old-fashioned perennial. Free-blooming, easy to cultivate and is worthy of a place in every garden. Produces an abundance of richly colored flowers throughout the season. Fine for cutting. Choicest mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Vinca

(Periwinkle)

Splendid, tender perennials with luxuriant dark green foliage and round, single flowers that bloom freely all summer. Excellent for summer bedding and pot culture. One foot.

Rosea.—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c.

White.—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c.

Mixed.—All colors. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30c.

Sweet Peas

Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; lb., \$3.00

Earliest, Hardest and Most Prolific Varieties.

The delicate beauty and fragrance of the Sweet Pea, coupled with the vigorous growth and large flowers of the newer sorts, are making these very popular flowers more and more desirable yearly. Enormous quantities are grown by the florists throughout the United States to supply the increasing demand. In larger cities the supply has never met the demand for white and pink varieties of Sweet Peas. In this climate Sweet Peas can be sown either in the fall or early in the spring. They should be sown as early in the spring as the ground can be worked.

Verbena

Verbenas are the most popular and satisfactory bedding plants in cultivation. Their heads of brilliantly colored flowers are born in constant succession from June until frost. To secure early plants the seed should be sown in the green house or hothouse in February or March and the seedlings transplanted to the open border in May. Seeds may be sown in the open border when all danger from frost is passed.

Mammoth Mixed.—Extra large flowered. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ ounce, 25c.

Scarlet Defiance.—10c per packet. White, finest variety. 10c per packet.

Zinnia

Few flowers are so easily grown from seed sown in the open ground, or bloom so abundantly and continuously as this hardy annual. Many fine improvements have been wrought in the newer strains. During the month of August, Zinnias are incomparably bright. We recommend them for groups, beds, borders and summer hedges. Sow seed in the open ground early in spring. Height, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet.

Giant Flowered Double

Zinnias

These are not to be confused with the common or small flowered strains, as they are a distinct race of truly giant flowered Zinnias.

Giant Flowered Crimson.—A rich shade. Pkt., 10c.

Giant Flowered Orange.—Pure Orange. Pkt., 10c.

Giant Flowered Pink.—Clear light pink. Pkt., 10c.

Giant Flowered Scarlet.—A flaming red. Pkt., 10c.

Giant Flowered White.—Pure snow white. Pkt., 10c.

Giant Flowered Mixed.—A splendid mixture of all the above and others. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30c.





Landscape and Engineering Department



Owing to an ever increasing demand for advice along the line of landscape work, we were, a few years ago, forced to add a landscape department to our business. That such a department was not added any too soon has been abundantly proven by the many calls and demands made upon us from our city and from surrounding cities and states as well. While it is usually very difficult to give proper advice in making up a landscape plan to be beautified, yet it is possible to give many "helpful hints" if the place has been fairly well described in letter of inquiry. Of course it is always better to send our experienced landscape artist right to the place.

In our landscape department we have adopted and try our best to live up to the motto, "What is worth doing at all is worth doing well." For that reason, we employ none but the most efficient help, and our stock of trees, flowering shrubs, roses and plants is the very best that can be secured. We handle all the ornamental stock suitable to this part of the country, and we do not advise people to use any but the hardest and the best.

SHADE TREES

ASH, NATIVE.—This handsome tree is too well known to need description. Prices—Six to eight feet, \$1.00 each, \$9.00 per dozen; eight to ten feet, \$1.75 each, \$18.00 per dozen. Large trees, \$5.50 to \$7.50 each.

CATALPA SPECIOSA.—This is a beautiful and ornamental tree with its large heart-shaped leaves and large clusters of fragrant white flowers. In spring it grows rapidly and furnishes very durable timber, resisting rot. Horses and cattle will not touch it. Prices—Six to eight feet, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; eight to ten feet, \$1.75 each, \$17.00 per dozen.

China Trees

Texas Umbrella.—The best tree for dry places, as it will grow fine with very little water. Prices—2 to 3 feet, 30 cents each, \$3.00 per dozen; four to five feet, 75 cents each, \$7.50 per dozen; six to seven feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen. Extra large trees, \$3.00 to \$5.00 each.

HYBRID CHINA.—This variety is taller, handsomer, more spreading, and longer lived than the Umbrella variety but not quite so symmetrical in growth. Where a real shade tree is wanted this is often used in preference to the Texas Umbrella. Prices same as the Texas Umbrella.

Note.—In small China trees we can not always be certain which is the Umbrella and which is the Hybrid variety. So remember this, when you order the smaller size, if it should develop to be different to what you desired.

ELM, WHITE.—As an all-round shade tree it ranks very high, and when well taken care of it always gives satisfaction. Prices—Six to eight feet, \$1.00 each; \$9.00 per dozen; eight to ten feet, \$1.75 each, \$17.00 per dozen; ten to twelve feet, \$2.25 to \$2.75 each. \$18.00 to \$24.00 per dozen.

LOCUST (BLACK).—This is a quick growing and hardy tree. With

DRUMM'S Landscape Service

Is maintained and operated on the same High Standards that Characterize Drumm's Service and High Quality

TREES, SHRUBS, AND SEEDS

If you contemplate laying out a public park, beautifying your own private grounds or planting a few things around your little cottage, do not fail to correspond with us and we will be pleased to give you all the information we can.

We are perfectly well qualified to execute a large work and we do not despise the small business.

We are landscape architects and as such we will be pleased to furnish you plans, estimate of cost and planting list of your park or home grounds.

Inquiry Department

This has grown to be an important part of our business. Whenever you are in doubt as to what to plant, when to plant, how to prepare the ground, etc., write us, and we will cheerfully give you the needed information.

TREES

its large clusters of flowers it is very beautiful in spring. As it stands a good deal of dry weather it is especially recommended for West Texas. Prices—Three to four feet, 35 cents each, \$3.50 per dozen; \$20.00 per \$100; four to five feet, 50 cents each, \$5.00 per dozen, \$35.00 per \$100; six to seven feet, 75 cents each, \$9.00 per dozen; eight to ten feet, \$1.25 each, \$12.00 per dozen; ten to twelve feet, \$2.00 each, \$18.00 per dozen. Extra large trees, \$4.00 to \$7.50 each.

Mulberries

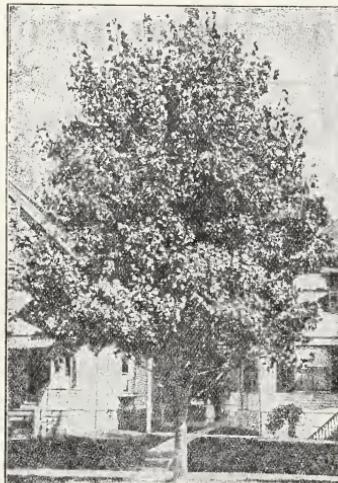
Russian.—Very hardy, vigorous growth, valuable for feeding silk worms. Fruiting small, varies in color from white to black, 75 cents each, \$8.00 per dozen. Large trees, \$1.50 each.

Hicks.—The Hicks Mulberry is valuable as a shade tree, an upright and rapid grower, makes a handsome permanent hedge. It often makes a large tree in three to four years, growing as much as twelve feet from graft the first season. Prices—Four to six feet, 85 cents to \$1.00 each, \$9.00 per dozen; six to eight feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

Downing.—Fruit of rich, sub-acid flavor; lasts six weeks. Stands winters of Western and Middle states. 75 cents each, \$7.50 per dozen.

Wine-leaves.—Some people object to the fruit falling off and littering up the ground under trees. In such cases we can furnish the non-bearing mulberry. It grows much slower than the bearing and it never makes such a large tree, but yet it is very pretty where it is well cared for. Prices—Six to eight feet, \$1.00 each; \$9.00 per dozen; eight to ten feet, \$1.50 each; \$15.00 per dozen; ten to twelve feet, \$2.25 each, \$22.50 per dozen.

MAPLE (Silver).—If well taken care of, it makes a rapid growth, especially in sandy soil, and it is a favorite with many people. Six to eight feet, \$1.00 each, \$9.00 per dozen; eight to ten feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen; ten to twelve feet, \$2.25 each, \$20.00 per dozen. Large specimens, \$3.50 to \$7.50 each.



Carolina Poplar

Poplars

Carolina.—Unexcelled for quick growth and effect and makes a fine appearance sooner after planting than almost any other tree. It is showy and cheerful from the constant movement of its glossy silver-lined leaves yet also making a decided cool shade. Six to eight feet, \$1.25 each; \$12.00 per dozen; eight to ten feet, \$1.75 each; \$17.50 per dozen; ten to twelve feet, \$2.25 each; \$20.00 per dozen.

Lombardy.—A very rapid, upright grower. As an avenue tree it ranks among the handsomest and the best. Its striking appearance gives it a strong decorative feature. Prices—Five feet, 75 cents each, \$7.50 per dozen; seven feet, \$1.25 each, \$13.50 per dozen; ten feet, \$1.75 each, \$17.50 per dozen.

Silverleaved.—Beautiful, rich silver foliage; good grower, but it



Sycamores

does not make such large trees as the other poplars. Prices: 75 cents to \$1.00 each. Large trees \$1.50 to \$3.00 each.

SYCAMORE.—The sycamore is by far the best shade tree for all purposes. It grows moderately rapid on all soils and is longer lived than most trees. It is more uniform and symmetrical in growth than almost any other tree. When this tree is wanted in lots of 500 or 1,000, we will be pleased to quote special prices. Prices—6 feet, 90 cents each, \$10.50 per dozen; 8 to 9 feet, \$1.25, \$14.00 per dozen; 10 to 12 feet, \$1.75 to \$2.50 each; \$18.00 to \$24.00 per dozen. Extra large trees, \$3.75 to \$7.50 each.

The Value of Shade Trees

Can not be determined by their cost from us, as a few shade trees planted on your property will increase its value many times the cost of the trees. They are an unusually good investment. The same fact applies to the complete Landscaping of your grounds.

Special Prices.—Whenever you need shade trees in 100 or 1,000 lots, write us, we will quote you special prices.

ORNAMENTAL TREES

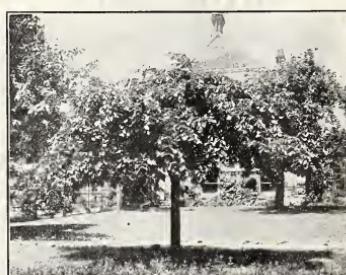
BUCKEYE—HORSE CHESTNUT (*Aesculus Glabra*).—A stately tree of variable size. Leaves broad, dark green and numerous. Bear clusters of greenish yellow flowers. A pleasing and ornamental lawn tree. Prices—\$1.00 to \$1.50 each.

CATALPA—BUNGEI (*Umbrella Catalpa*).—It is perfectly hardy and flourishes in almost all soils and climates and without pruning it makes a beautiful umbrella shaped top. Leaves are large, glossy, deep green and heart-shaped and lay like shingles on a roof, always making a symmetrical head. Price—Grafted on a three to six-foot stem, \$5.00 each; on a three to four-foot stem, \$4.00 each. Large specimens either height, \$6.00 to \$10.00 to \$25.00 each.

JAPANESE VARNISH TREE (*Sterculia Platanifolia*).—A tree with smooth green bark. When young it puts out stiff branches with a cluster of tuttlke foliage. It rapidly develops into a perfect rounded symmetrical head. Large panicles of white aromatic flowers appear in early summer.

RUSSIAN OLIVE (*Elaeagnus Augustifolia*).—Is a very beautiful ornamental tree attaining a height of from 20 to 30 feet; bark dark green, flowers deep golden and very fragrant. It is also very fine for the background of shrubberies and perfectly hardy. It should be in every collection. 75 cents to \$1.50 each.

TEAS' WEEPING MULBERRY.—A very hardy weeping tree of low growth. Trunk is straight, capped by numerous vine-like branches which droop to the ground. Foliage bright lustrous green. An ex-



Catalpa Bungei

A very desirable quick-growing tree. Five to seven feet, \$1.25; eight to nine feet, \$2.00 to \$2.50; ten to twelve feet, \$3.00 to \$3.50.

JAPANESE PERSIMMON.—In addition to its fruiting qualities the Japanese Persimmon makes a very beautiful and ornamental lawn tree. The foliage is beautiful and in the fall it presents a very fine sight, as it is loaded with large, golden fruit. Price, \$1.50 each, \$2.00 each.

POPLAR—BOLEANA (Belle's Silver Poplar).—It grows very tall and graceful, developing a crown on one side like a pagoda. Foliage silvery white and very striking. Dark grayish-green. Similar in shape to Lombardy Poplar. Six to seven feet, \$1.50; eight to nine feet, \$2.00; ten to twelve feet, \$2.50 to \$3.00.

RED BUD (*Cercis Canadensis*).—Judas Tree.—A medium sized tree, perfectly covered with purplish flowers in early spring. Leaves are heart-shaped, beautiful clear green. \$1.25 to \$2.50 each.

WEPPING WILLOW (*Salix*).—A beautiful, graceful tree. Fine for wet locations. The Wisconsin and Babylonian varieties are the best. Prices—75 cents, \$1.00, \$1.50 each.

PECANS AND WALNUTS also furnish very pretty ornamental trees for lawns. For prices see "Nut-bearing Trees."

Shade and Ornamental Trees add to the appearance and comfort of your home.



EVERGREEN ORNAMENTALS

The handsomest, most easily grown and useful of the following list are the Magnolia Grandiflora, Arbor Vitae, Rosedale Hybrid, Euonymus Japonicus, Ligustrum, Abelia Grandiflora.

ARBOR VITAE are among the best and hardiest of the coniferous evergreens.

Chinese.—A hardy and rapid grower, inclined to branch; but can be made a compact tree by frequent and careful pruning. Prices—two feet, \$2.50 each, \$24.00 per dozen; three to four feet, \$4.50 each, \$40.00 per dozen; small plants, 35 cents each, \$3.50 per dozen.

Golden.—Very close and symmetrical in its growth. It is considered the most popular evergreen in the South. Twelve to fifteen inches \$1.25; fifteen to twenty inches, \$1.50 to \$2.50 each; twenty-four inches to thirty inches, \$3.50 to \$4.50 each; larger trees, \$7.50 and up.

Pyramids.—Very beautiful, pyramidal growth and very compact. Prices—Ten to twelve inches, \$1.00; twelve to eighteen inches, \$1.75; eighteen inches to two feet, \$3.00; two to three feet, \$5.00; larger trees, \$7.50 and up.

Rosedale Hybrid.—Soft and feathery to the touch, and in color it is a bright, fresh pea green, very striking and attractive. It is inclined to be dwarf, and has become a popular tree to lovers of that class of growth. Prices—ten to fifteen inches, \$1.50; eighteen to twenty inches, \$2.00 to \$2.50; specimen trees, \$4.00 to \$6.00 and up.

Well rooted pot-plants, 25 cents each; \$2.50 per dozen; 4 inch plants, 50c each; \$5.00 per dozen.

These pot plants are very well rooted and are pretty sure of making a good start, as the ball of dirt around the roots is not disturbed in transplanting.

ABIES CONCOLOR (Colorado Silver Fir).—A quick-growing tree of graceful habit, bright handsome foliage, bluish above, silvery beneath. This is one of the best Fir trees. Price—One foot with ball of dirt and burlapped, \$7.50 each. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, \$12.50.

CEDRUS DEODORA.—A vigorous and large growing tree, very graceful, with light green foliage. Price—Balled and burlapped, \$5.00, \$10.00, \$15.00, \$25.00 and up.

CYPRESS PYRAMIDALIS.—Tall, slender, upright evergreen. It will make a beautiful setting to your residence, is very graceful, hardy and quick growing. Prices—eighteen to twenty-four inches, \$4.00 each; three feet, \$7.50 each. Balled and burlapped.

CAPE JASMINE OR GARDENIA FLORIDA

This splendid plant is a great favorite with all who know its true worth. The blooms are pure white, and measure 2 inches across, and are delightfully fragrant. The flowers are extremely fashionable, and for this reason, together with its ease of culture, we feel sure of a lively demand. Price, 75c each; one-year size, \$1.00 each; two-year size, \$2.00 to \$5.00 each.

JUNIPERUS.

Irish Juniper.—Closely related to the Red Cedar. Beautiful compact growing evergreen, bright green foliage with metallic luster making the whole tree very attractive. Prices balled and burlapped, \$2.50 to \$4.50 each and up.

Virginia (Red Cedar).—A most beautiful tree after it becomes established and will grow almost anywhere and under any treatment. Price balled and burlapped, fifteen to eighteen inches, \$3.00; two to



Evergreen Ornamentals

three feet, \$7.50; larger, \$10.00 each. We have also smaller plants, \$1.00 to \$2.50 each.

Sabina.—This is one of the most picturesque of the dwarf growing Junipers. It is especially suited for hillsides and among rocks and as a ground cover. Since it is prostrate in habit it is useful for all low plantings. The foliage is deep green and unchanging in its color. Prices—fifteen to eighteen inches, \$7.50 each; eighteen to twenty-four inches, \$12.50 each, balled and burlapped.

Recrusa (Japanese Trailing Juniper).—Very attractive with its long trailing branches covered with numerous short branchlets of glaucous green foliage. Admirable for natural and artificial rockeries. Prices, balled and burlapped—fifteen to eighteen inches, \$7.50 each; eighteen to twenty-four inches, \$12.50 each.

PICEA PUNGENS (Blue Spruce).—It is the most beautiful of all conifers. Its silvery foliage, glistening in the sunlight, makes it surpass in beauty any other evergreen. It is easily transplanted when balled and burlapped—eighteen inches, \$7.50; two feet, \$12.00.

Broadleaved Evergreen Ornamentals

BOX TREES (*Buxus Sempervirens*).—Beautiful evergreens for boxes and tubs as well as for lawn and for low evergreen hedges. Prices—Small for hedges, 25 to 50 cents each; eight to twelve inches, \$1.50 to \$2.00 each; twelve to eighteen inches, \$3.00 to \$4.00 each.

Euonymus

Aurea Variegata (Golden Euonymous).—A beautiful variety of this popular plant, with leaves variegated green and gold. A very striking plant; eight to ten inches, bushy, each \$1.00.

Japonicus.—A hardy and ornamental plant with rich, handsome foliage. Small plants, 15c to 25c, \$1.75 per dozen; larger plants, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 each and up.

Ligustrum Japonicus.—(Standards).—When the Ligustrum Japonicus is trained as a standard it makes a very beautiful lawn tree, and when it is properly trimmed it will largely take the place of Catalpa Bungei with the additional advantage that it stays green all winter. Stems 6 to 9 feet, price \$5.00 to \$7.50 each—fine trees.

Magnolia Grandiflora.—This is the grandest of all evergreen and flowering trees; hardy in this latitude. There are now a number of blooming trees in Fort Worth. One foot to two feet, \$1.50; four feet, \$3.50; five feet, \$6.00.

Mahonia.—**Aquifolium**.—(Ashberry).—A beautiful shrub, with smooth, shining leaves, covered with bright yellow flowers in May, and a profusion of blue berries in autumn. In fall and winter foliage changes to a scarlet-bronze. Each, \$1.50.

Pittosporum Tobin.—Like the Oleander, it is not quite hardy here. A pretty, compact evergreen, with glossy, dark green leaves and fragrant cream-colored blossoms, \$3.50 to \$6.00 each.



Arbor Vitae

HARDY FLOWERING SHRUBS

TO BEAUTIFY YOUR HOME GROUNDS BY PLANTING SHRUBS IS TO ENHANCE THE VALUE OF YOUR PROPERTY

Abelia Chinensis Grandiflora.—A choice, small shrub of graceful habit, producing through the entire summer and fall months white tinted lilac heather-like flowers in such abundance as to completely cover the plant. A beautiful evergreen shrub. \$1.50 to \$2.00 each.

Althea (Rose of Sharon).—The Altheas are among the most valuable of our tall hardy shrubs on account of their late season of blooming, which is from August to October. The period when our few shrubs are in flower. They are also extensively used as hedge plants for which they are admirably adapted. We offer the following choice sorts:

Alba Plena.—Double white, crimson center.

Atropurpurea Plena.—Double purple.

Coccinea Plena.—Double blue.

We can furnish Altheas in single and double, red, pink, white and purple. Price, 75¢ each; \$7.50 per dozen.

ALMOND (Flowering).—This furnishes one of the best shrubs for mixed shrub-

Berberis Vulgaris var. Purpurea (Purple Leaved) S.—A fine shrub, growing three to five feet high, with violet purple foliage and fruit; blossoms and fruit beautiful; very effective in groups, hedges or planted by the road. 60 cents each.

CALICARPA PURPUREA.—A splendid berried shrub for the border or planted in clumps on the lawn; it grows about 3 feet high, its branches gracefully recurving; these are covered in August with tiny pink-tinted flowers, followed in late September by great masses of violet-purple berries, borne in clusters from the axil of every leaf, these remain on the plant until mid-winter. All fall berried plants are useful and attractive, and this is one of the most desirable. (See cut.) Strong plants, \$1.00 to \$1.25 each.

CHILOPSIS (Flowering Willow).—This shrub, being a native of southwest Texas, is one of the hardiest shrubs to plant in this climate. It will stand drought and neglect, and blooms from mid-summer to fall.

Linearis.—Leaves linear, flowers very showy in terminal racemes. Each flower is composed of a corolla-like tube divided at the end into five lobes, nicely crimped. Tubes are lilac, the end of corolla mottingled with yellow like two yellow stripes in center of tube. 60 cents each; \$6.00 per dozen.

Linaria Alba.—Of the purest white and very free flowering. This variety is more compact in its growth than the lilac colored one, and it is altogether one of the finest shrubs for Texas we have ever tried. Same price as Linearis.

Linearis Violacea.—A distinct new variety of great value and beauty. Tube almost white, delicately tinted with rose. Lobes nicely crimped and of the same color as the tube, the lower one splashed with deep rose. It is a splendid addition to the family. Same price as the two above.

CORNUS SANGUINEA (Red Osier).—This is one of the finest of the Dogwood family for this climate. Branches red, flowers white. Toward fall it is covered with black berries. 75 cents each.

CALYCANTHUS FLORIDAS (Sweet Shrubby).—This should in this climate always be planted on the shady side. It is beautiful and very sweet scented. Flowers chocolate color. 75 cents each.

CARYOPTERIS MASTACANTHUS.—Also called Blue Spirea. A compact shrub 2 to 3 feet high, producing lavender-blue flowers nearly all summer in the greatest profusion. 75 cents each.

CITRUS TRIFOLIATA (Hardy Orange).—Dwarf, symmetrical in growth with glossy green trifoliate leaves. The fragrant white flowers are borne continually. The fruit is small, orange in color, very curious. \$1.00 to \$1.50 each. It is very good for hedges and if wanted in large quantities for that purpose, write for special prices.

CRAPE MYRTLES—Lagerstroemia.—This beautiful and free flowering shrub ought not to be missing anywhere in this climate as it stands drought and neglect perhaps better than any other shrub. It is literally covered with flowers nearly all summer.

Red.—75 cents each, \$7.50 per dozen.

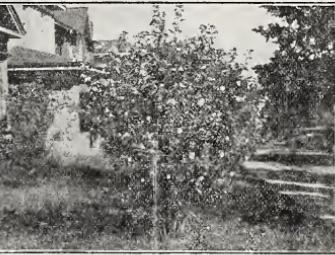
Pink.—80 cents each, \$7.50 per dozen.

Purple.—75 cents each, \$7.50 per dozen.

White.—\$1.00 each, \$9.00 per dozen.

Dwarf Lavender.—A dwarf variety that hardly ever grows over 18 inches to two feet, color lavender, profuse bloomer, fine for foreground of shrubberies. \$1.25 each; \$12.50 per dozen.

Dwarf Crimson.—This grows a little taller than the dwarf lavender,



Althea

berry beds as it is literally covered with the most beautiful flowers in early spring. Colors, pink and white. \$1.00 each.

BUDDELEIA VERIABILIS VEITCHIANA (Butterfly Shrub or Summer Lilac).—This is one of the most desirable summer flowering shrubs; beginning to bloom in July it continues until cut short by severe frost. The leaves are of a pleasant shade of violet mauve and are borne in dense cylindrical spikes which under liberal cultivation are from 15 to 18 inches in length by three inches in diameter. It succeeds everywhere and flowers freely the first season planted. It is always admired. 75 cents each; \$7.50 per dozen.

BUDDELEIA LINDLEYANA.—One of our thirstiest growing shrubs, blooms constantly from the middle of summer until late fall. It has wide, dark green leaves, and it usually attains a height of 5 to 6 feet. Flowers are violet purple in dense branching racemes 4 to 8 inches long. 75 cents each; \$7.50 per dozen.

der, 2 to 3 feet; but in every way it is just as commendable. \$1.25 each; \$12.50 per dozen.

CUDONIA JAPONICA (Japanese Quince).—You ought not to be without this beautiful shrub which in early spring is covered with an abundance of bright scarlet flowers. It is also fine for hedges, 75 cents each; \$7.50 per dozen; \$45.00 per 100.

Dentzias.—These valuable shrubs vary considerably in height and habit; but all bloom alike in dainty bell or tassel-shaped flowers borne thickly in wreaths along the branches in June. The taller varieties are useful for specimens, groups on lawn, and for the background of shrubberies; the dwarf for borders or for planting near the house.

Gracilis (Slender Branched).—Dwarf, dense, bushy, its drooping branches wreathed with pure, white flowers in May. It is also valuable for winter blooming in pots. Fifteen to eighteen inches. 75 cents each; \$7.50 per dozen. Assorted tall varieties, 60 cents each.

FORSYTHIAS.—On account of their early blooming season and their hardiness these shrubs ought not to be left out of any collection. Assorted varieties, 60 cents each.

GENISTA TINTORIA (Scotch Broom).—A hardy free-flowering shrub with small leaves and slender green branches, low and spreading in habit, very suitable for borders in well-drained soils in sunny situations. Flowers yellow, in upright, horizontal racemes, unclipped at the ends of the branches. Splendid for rock gardens or in groups or masses in the foreground of larger shrubs. 75 cents each.

HYDRANGEA HARDY.—If you have a cool shady place you ought by all means to try some of these beautiful shrubs. The blooms are large and showy.

Paniculata Grandiflora.—This spreading form of Hydrangea bears immense pyramidal panicles of white flowers more than a foot long, which chance to look and feel like lime. It blooms from June till frost. It is a very attractive plant, and its clusters of bloom present a striking appearance. \$1.25 to \$1.50 each.

Aborecens Grandiflora Alba.—This new magnificent hardy Hydrangea is literally covered with immense snow-white pinnacles of bloom all through June, July and August. The foliage is elegant and finely finished. The plant is absolutely hardy, standing twenty degrees below zero without the least injury. Strong plants, \$1.00 to \$1.50 each; \$9.00 to \$15.00 per dozen.



Hydrangeas



HYPERICUM DENSIFLORUM (Dense-flowered St. John's Wort).—The leaves are long and narrow; dark green. Flowers bright golden yellow. July to August. Two to three feet, \$1.00.

JASMINUM.—We have several varieties of Jasminum which are very pretty and bloom practically all summer.

Jasmine.—Evergreen, yellow, each 75c.

Jasminum Officinale.—White, each 75c.

Jasminum Nudiflorum.—Yellow, each 75c.

KERRIA JAPONICA.—(Globe Flower).—This graceful shrub of medium height with double yellow flowers is a beautiful sight from June to October. Price, 75 cents each.

Lilac, or Syringa

Common Purple.—(*Syringa Vulgaris*).—The common purple lilac, and one of the best. 75c to \$1.00 each.

Common White.—(*S. Vulgaris Alba*).—Flowers white, fragrant, beautiful. \$1.00 to \$1.50.

Persian Lilac.—We have beautiful varieties in the Persian Lilac. Purple, pink and white. Each 75c.



Syringa

LONICERA (Bush or Upright Honeysuckle).—Early-blooming. The flowers are white and yellow, very fragrant, and appear in great masses. Bears masses of red berries in late summer. Succeeds over wide areas. We can furnish six different named varieties. 60c each.

PHILADELPHUS (*Syringa* or Mock Orange).—The Philadelphus is an invaluable shrub. Very hardy, with an abundance of foliage and beautiful white flowers produced at the blooming season. Most of the varieties except the dwarfs form large shrubs 12 to 15 feet high. Assorted Varieties, 60 cents each.

POMEGRANATE.—Grown here as a flowering shrub, but grows larger and bears abundant crops of fruit in Southern Texas. 75c.

PARKINSONIA ACULEATA (*Jerusalem Thorn*).—A very rare, odd looking shrub, the tree with pine-like leaves and feathered, drooping branches; flowers 1 inch, snowy, yellowish. Will thrive in the driest locations. As a specimen tree or for lawns it always attracts attention. Heavy plants, 5 feet, \$1.00 each.

POINCIANA GILLIESII (*Bird of Paradise*).—This hardy shrub adapts itself to even the poorest soils, and attains a height of 8 to 10 feet. Its light yellow, large, pea-shaped flowers, 2 inches long, with their brilliant protruding red stamens, produced in terminal racemes and appearing all summer, render it a very showy and worthy plant. For heat, drought, poor soil, neglect and other hard conditions it has no equal. 4 to 6 feet, 75c; \$7.50 per dozen.

PEACH (Double-flowering).—This magnificent tall shrub or low tree ought not to be missing in any collection. It is extremely beautiful and effective when it is in full bloom in early spring. Everyone who has seen it in bloom will not fail to plant one or more. We furnish double-flowering peaches in red and white. Price, \$1.25 to \$1.75 each.

PRUNUS PITTARDII.—Ornamental Plum, beautiful tall-growing shrub with very showy purple leaves, flowers white. \$1.75 each.

ROBINIA HISPIDA (*Rose Acacia* or *Moss Locust*).—This medium to tall-growing shrub with rose-colored flowers, resembling in form the Wisteria bloom, will prove a desirable addition to your garden or border. \$1.00 each.

RHUS TYPHINA LACINIATA (*Staghorn Sumac*).—Beautiful cut-leaved sumac, large spikes of purple flowers. Leaves turn a fine purple in Fall. Each, 75c to \$1.00.

RHUS COTINUS (*Purple Fringe*, or *Smoke Tree*).—Greatly admired for its cloud-like masses of very delicate flowers that cover the entire plant during the Summer. \$1.00 each.

Glabra (*Smooth Sumac*).—Large-growing shrub, with smooth bark. Very effective in Autumn with its crimson seeds and foliage. 50c each.

SAMBUCUS—Elder.

Nigra.—The well-known Elder. Grows well here. 60c.

Nigra Angustifolia (*Golden Elder*).—The bright golden-yellow leaves

turn a beautiful contrast with other shrubs. 60c.

Lanceolata.—The leaves of this variety are very finely cut. 60c.

SALVIA GREGGII.—New, hardy, everblooming red-flowering shrub. A native of the cold mountainous country of Western Texas, very hardy, standing extremely cold weather; begins blooming in the early spring; the heat and drought do not seem to affect this wonderful little shrub which is covered with beautiful flowers of a lovely shade of red for nearly two months, again in the fall it blooms in great profusion and continues to flower until checked by frost; a hardy shrub growing 3 to 4 feet high and compact in form. It is something which no one should be without. Field-grown plants 50c each; pot-grown plants, 15c to 25c each.

SALVIA GREGGII (White).—What may be said of the above red variety as to hardiness, etc., is equally true of this white variety. The two go well together. Same price.

SYMPHORICARPUS RACEMOSUS (*Snowberry*).—A beautiful shrub with white flowers followed by an abundance of pearl white berries which stay on a long time. Fine for shady places. 60c each.

SYMPHORICARPUS VULGARIS (*Coral Berry* or *Indian currant*).—A native shrub, producing a wealth of red or purplish berries which remain on the branches all winter. Leaves ovate, bright green, often tinged with reddish purple when young, persisting until early winter; flowers greenish red; berries coloring in early autumn; very showy. The handsome effect of the berries makes this a valuable shrub. 50c each.

SNOWBALL.—A great favorite where it succeeds well, but it too often succumbs to our very long, hot summers. When in full bloom very early in spring, the great bushes are thickly massed with spherical, fluffy balls of snowy white. Gives the same effect in spring that hydrangeas do in August. 75c each.

Spiraea

Reevesi Fl. Pl.—Beautiful and graceful shrub of medium growth with double white flowers in clusters in May. 60 cents each.

Prunifolia Fl. Pl. (*Bridal Wreath*).—This variety has plum-leaved foliage, blooms early and is tall growing, but may be pruned to keep it to any desired height. It is very effective with its long gracefully-curving branches covered thickly their whole length with small double-white flowers. 75 cents each.

Thunbergii.—This forms a dense feathery bush and is one of the most charming of all low growing shrubs, with delicate foliage, changing in autumn to bright red and orange. Flowers are pure white. Blooms in great profusion in early spring. Dwarf. Good for foreground of borders. 75 cents each.

Van Houttei.—Is perhaps the grandest of all Spireas, and one of the best of all shrubs; a complete fountain of pure white bloom in May and June. Also very popular for beds. 60 cents each; \$6.00 per dozen; \$40.00 per 100.

Anthony Watterer.—This is a neat low-growing shrub, foliage beautiful, variegated green, red and white; flowers dark crimson, produced during the entire summer. Fine for low beds. 60 cents each.

TAMARIX.—We can especially recommend these shrubs on account of their hardiness. They will stand drought and neglect. Their beautiful feathery, plume-like foliage makes them very attractive. Assorted varieties, 60 cents each.

VITEX AGNUS CASTUS (*Chaste Tree*).—This shrub is a strong grower, growing as high as 10 feet. It is one of the best for the background of shrub borders and for hiding old and unsightly buildings and undesirable views. It blooms in dense spikes, 6 to 8 inches long late in summer and continues till frost. We have them in two colors, purple and white. 60 cents each.

WEIGELIA.—Beautiful shrubs that bloom in May, June and July. These flowers are produced in great profusion as to almost entirely hide the foliage. They are very desirable for the border and for grouping and also as specimen plants for the lawn. But they ought as far as possible to be planted on the shady side.

Abel Carriere.—Of all the Hybrid Weigelia this is one of the finest, growing to be a tall shrub in time. It blooms during May and June with great quantities of rose-carmine flowers with a yellow spot in the throat. 75 cents each.

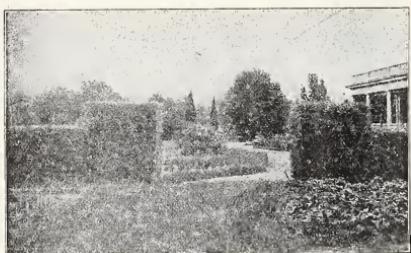
Eva Ratke.—The most distinct and one of the most attractive varieties, flowers deep carmine red. 60 cents each.

Broad-leaved Evergreen Shrubs

ABELIA GRANDIFLORA.—A choice small shrub of graceful habit, producing through the entire summer and fall months white-tinted lilac heather-like flowers in such abundance as to completely cover the plant. \$2.00 each.

COTONEASTER ACTIFOLIA.—This is the hardiest of the Cotoneasters. 25 to 30 degrees below zero does not hurt it. It thrives well in all soils. The foliage is dark green and shiny, and it very often takes on the autumn colors nicely. The flowers are white, borne the entire length of the stems, and are followed in the autumn by black berries. It is one of the best plants for evergreen hedges. \$1.50 each; \$15.00 per dozen. If you want smaller plants in larger quantities for hedges, write for special prices.

EUONYMUS JAPONICA.—A very beautiful and hardy evergreen shrub. It is fine for grouping in large mixed shrubberies, as foundation planting round house, and on lawn either in groups or as single specimen. It is also one of the best for hedges. It is worth using extensively for all purposes. 30c, 60c, 75 cents, \$1.00, \$1.50 each; larger specimen plants, \$2.50 and up.



Hedge Planting

LIGUSTRUM (Privet).—We now have a very large assortment of those beautiful and useful shrubs, and the different uses to which they are put and the quality used is increasing by leaps and bounds. This is but natural, for we all like to plant trees and shrubs that are evergreen and that at the same time are perfectly hardy, so they will stand drought and neglect. The different varieties of Ligustrum we offer meet all of these conditions.

Amurensis (Amoor River Privet South).—This is a rapid grower and a graceful looking variety. Wherever you will allow it will grow 10 to 12 feet, but by pruning you may keep it down to any height you desire. For single specimens or in groups on lawn, for background of large shrubberies and as foundation planting nothing better could be asked. It is most useful for hedges in this climate, as it retains the foliage all winter, much better than California Privet. Two to four feet, 50 cents; \$5.00 per dozen; \$25.00 per 100. Three to four feet, 75 cents each; \$7.50 per dozen; \$45 per 100.

We can furnish this variety in large lots for hedges, 12 to 18 inches, at \$15.00 per 100, \$90.00 per 1,000. We also have a large lot

of plants 6 to 8 feet high with 15 to 30 canes each with a top spread of 3 to 4 feet, which we can furnish at \$2.00, up to \$5.00 each. This is a size which would really require a wheelbarrow when you want a few to plant in prominent places. This size ought to be balled and burlapped to make it transplant well. If you want it balled and burlapped make special mention of it in your order, as we will have to charge you 25 cents extra per plant.

Nepalense.—This is a broad-leaved evergreen privet of compact growth and rich dark green hairy foliage. Bare-rooted, \$1.50 each; balled and burlapped, \$3.50 each.

Japonica (Japan Privet).—Much used in Mexico and Southwest Texas as a shade tree; but while it is perfectly hardy here it will not grow to that size. However, it will grow at least 8 to 10 feet. It may be used to good effect wherever Amurensis is used. It is beautifully evergreen with large broad-leaved foliage, much larger than the Amoor River Privet. It has lovely white flowers, followed by purple berries. \$1.00 to \$2.50 each large specimens, \$4.00 to \$8.00 each. Large plants ought to be balled and burlapped.

Lucidum (Nanum).—Very much like Japonica only it is a good deal harder. The leaves are a trifle smaller. Prices the same as Japonica.

Ovinafolia (California Privet).—The old well-known variety with bright green leaves and white flowers. Make a good, substantial hedge, grows rapidly and may be trimmed to any shape. Prices—1 year, well branched, twelve to fifteen inches, \$1.00 per dozen; \$5.00 per 100; fifteen to eighteen inches, \$1.25 per dozen; \$7.00 per 100; eighteen to twenty-four inches, \$1.75 per dozen; \$9.00 per 100; twenty-four to thirty inches, \$3.50 per dozen, \$12.00 per 100; thirty to thirty-six inches, \$4.00 per dozen, \$15.00 per 100. Specimens, \$1.00 to \$1.50 each.

Hedge Plants

The following are very fine for hedges, and where a large quantity is used, we furnish special prices on application: *Berberis Thunbergii*, *Cyclonia Japonica*, *Spiraea Reevesii*, *Spiraea Van Houttei*, *Citrus trifolia*, *Ligustrum Amurensis*, *California Privet*, *Althea*, *Boxwood*, *Euonymus Japonicus*.

For Beautiful Home Grounds Plant Shrubs

Drumm's Hardy Perennials

AMARYLLIS.—Of all the many varieties of perennial and bulbous plant suitable for out of doors border planting we can not think of any that can in magnificence and grandeur compete with the different varieties of Amaryllis. And we can certainly recommend a more extended planting of these splendid bulbous plants.

Hallii.—Also known as *Lycoris Squamigera* (The Magic Lily of Japan). A perfectly hardy Amaryllis producing beautiful rose-lilac, fragrant flowers three to four inches across, lily-shaped. The foliage appears early in Spring, disappears in June and is followed two months later by naked flowers, flowerstalk growing to a height of 2 to 3 feet, developing an umbel or large and beautiful flowers, eight to twelve on the same stalk. The bulb is perfectly hardy without any protection, and can be planted either in the Fall or Spring, but we advise Spring planting. Strong flowering bulbs, 50 cents each, 3 for \$1.25, \$4.50 per dozen, \$35.00 per 100.

Johnsonii.—One of the most gorgeous bulbous plants grown. Color

CARNATION (Hardy).

Crimson King.—This is one of the most satisfactory plants for the perennial border, double, double crimson flowers and blooms the entire summer. 40 cents each; \$4.00 per dozen.

Her Majesty.—Fine for hardy perennial border. Blooms nearly all summer. Double, pure white. 45 cents each; \$4.50 per dozen.

DAISIES.

Shasta.—For cut flowers this is one of the most productive of any hardy perennial grown. Flowers large, ranging in shape from fully double to single, from pure white to pale lavender, 25 cents each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Burbank's Alaska.—Of superlative size and perfect formation; glistening pure white. 25 cents each; \$2.50 per dozen.

DELPHINIUM (Hardy Larkspur).—Indispensable to herbaceous garden. Their long, showy spikes of flowers are beautifully formed, always conspicuous; bloom from June till frost. Good assorted varieties, any color from white to deep blue. 30 cents each; \$3.00 per dozen.

DIANTHUS—Pinks.

Barbatus (Sweet William).—A well known, attractive, free-flowering hardy perennial, great variety and richness of coloring, flowers all beautifully marked. 30 cents each; \$3.00 per dozen.

is a glowing, velvety crimson with stripe glistening white down each petal and green center in throat. 65 cents each; \$6.25 per dozen.

ACHILLEA MALVAVISCUS (Buckwheat).—Beautiful shrub-like plant, growing from 12 to 18 inches in height, of a spreading habit, producing an abundance of fine scarlet flowers all summer. Foliage large and showy. 50 cents each, \$5.00 per dozen.

Coreopsis Lancolata Grandiflora.—The perfected strain of a long popular hardy plant. Flowers are rich golden yellow borne in great profusion nearly the entire summer. 30 cents each; \$3.00 per dozen.

Crinum.—Beautiful bulbous plants, blooming nearly all summer, lily-like flowers, fine for cut flowers.

Fimbristylatum.—Also called Angel Lily and Milk and Wine Lily. The flower is pure white with a streak of pink down the center of each petal. It is delightfully fragrant and blooms all summer. It ought to be in every garden. 50 cents each; \$4.50 per dozen; \$35.00 per 100.

Plumbaria (Hardy Garden or Spice Pink).—These beautiful old-fashioned plants are very valuable for borders and edgings. Flowers are beautifully marked, brilliantly colored and strongly clove-scented. 35 cents each; \$3.50 per dozen.

Deltoides (Maiden Pink).—A charming growing variety with medium sized pink flowers in June and July; especially suited for rock gardens. 35 cents each; \$3.50 per

Deltoides Alba.—A pretty white-flowered variety. Same price as the pink above.

GAILLARDIA GRANDIFLORA (Blanket Flower).—Grows fine in sunny position, is very showy and hardy, growing about 2 feet high, blooms from June to the end of season.

Flowers are large and magnificently colored. The center is dark red brown, while the petals are marked with rings of brilliant crimson, orange and vermilion, and often a combination of all in one flower. 30 cents each; \$3.00 per dozen.

GOLDEN ROD (Solidago Shortii).—Of our native Golden Rods this is the most desirable for most places, beautiful golden yellow flowers in July and August, 3 feet high. 25 cents each. \$2.50 per dozen.

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HIBISCUS (Mallows).—A desirable border plant, succeeding in any sunny position, but doing best in damp places, grows 4 feet high, with large foliage and large showy flowers of delicate coloring, producing during the entire Summer.

Malva Marvels.—A robust type of upright habit, producing an abundance of flowers of enormous size in all the richest shades of crimson, pink and white; mixed colors. 50 cents each, \$5.00 per dozen.

Heucherella (Yellow Day Lily).—Popular hardy plants belonging to the lily family. They succeed in sun or shade, and will also do well in shaded corners. 35 cents each; \$3.50 per dozen.

HOLLYHOCKS.—These beautiful hardy perennials are especially suitable to plant in the background of perennial border or to plant in among medium tall shrubs. We can furnish them in separate colors; crimson, yellow, white, maroon and pink; double and single. \$3.50 per dozen.

IRIS GERMANICA.—Old and familiar Iris. It thrives well in any place; white and purple. 30 cents each; \$3.00 per dozen.

LAVENTULERA VERA (Lavender).—This is the true Sweet Lavender; grows about 18 inches high; delightfully fragrant, blue flowers in July and August. 35 cents each; \$3.50 per dozen.



Peony

PEONIES.—We have a few varieties of this beautiful plant which will stand in the sun if planted on the shady side in a moist place. 75 cents to \$1.00 each, according to variety. More fully described under "Tuberous and Bulbous Plants for Outdoor Planting."

Phlox (Perennial).—No plant is more desirable than the Perennial Phlox, when planted in the right place and properly cared for. They may be used to good advantage in hardsy borders, for large clumps on lawn and in the foreground of shrubbery. But they should always be on the shady side and in a cool, moist place. If they are pinched back carefully and the faded flowers removed, they will continue to bloom all summer. We offer a select list of red, white and pink varieties, all strong field-grown plants, 40 cents each, \$4.00 per dozen.

Phlox subulata (Mass., or Mountain Pink).—An early spring-flowering type with pretty moss-like evergreen foliage, which during the flowering season, is hidden under the masses of bloom. This plant is excellent for rockery, borders, for carpeting the ground and for covering graves. It does best in a shady place. We can furnish them in white, blue and bright rose. 35 cents each; \$3.50 per dozen.

RUDBECKIA ((Coneflower)).—A well-known popular plant, a strong robust grower, attaining a height of 4 to 6 feet, producing masses of double golden-yellow Cactus-Dahlia-like flowers from July to September. 30 cents each; \$3.00 per dozen.

SANTOLINA (Lavender Cotton, Mexican Sage, Chamaceyparisus Incana).—A dwarf evergreen perennial with attractive silvery-white foliage; useful as a rock or border plant and largely used for carpet bedding; prefers light soil and a rather dry position. 20 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen; \$15.00 per 100.

SALVIA AZUREA (Meadow Sage).—A Rocky Mountain plant growing 3 to 4 feet, producing during August and September pretty, sky-blue flowers in great profusion. 40 cents each; \$4.00 per dozen.

VIOLETS.—There is nothing prettier in spring than a few groups or lines of hardy violets offering their unadorned splendor of color and perfume of perfume from the lawns or odd nooks and corners of the garden. Russian or English.—10 cents each; \$1.00 per dozen; \$7.50 per 100.

California Violets.—10 cents each; \$1.00 per dozen; \$7.50 per 100.

YUCCA.—These beautiful and tropical-looking plants are especially desirable on large and medium sized places; but even on smaller places they may be used with good effect, if combined with surroundings, especially the style of architecture, in which it grows.

Filamentosa (The Bear Grass).—Our variety is a giant sort, much better than the common strain, and worthy of being extensively planted. The white flowers are borne aloft on tall stalks and are very attractive.

and graceful. Strong transplanted stock 30 cents each; \$3.00 per dozen; heavier plants, 50 to 75 cents each.

HARDY ORNAMENTAL GRASSES.—For a real natural effect nothing is prettier than ornamental grasses. They lend a beautiful graceful effect to any shrubbery or border where they may be planted. We have some of the best varieties for the climate.

Arundina Donax (Great Reed).—A magnificent variety, growing to a height of 20 feet. 60 cents each; \$5.00 per dozen.

Arrhenatherum Bulbiferum Variegatum.—A pretty dwarf tufted grass; leaves green and white; 4 to 8 inches. 50 cents each.

Bulbella Japonica Variegata.—A very ornamental variety with long narrow leaves, striped green, white and often pink or yellow. Flower stalks from 4 to 6 feet. 50 cents each.

Pennisetum Japonicum (Hardy Fountain Grass).—This variety grows about 4 feet high, foliage narrow, of a bright green, while the cylindrical flower heads, carried well above the foliage, are tinged with bronze purple. It is one of the most valuable hardy grasses. 50 cents each.

Make Your Home a Beauty Spot

Plant Vines Around It

"Twill be like a new spring suit every year if you get these hardy climbers. First cost only cost, and their beauty will increase with years.

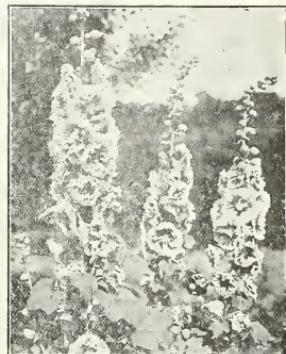
We suggest for covering front porch: One Honeysuckle Halliana, one Clematis Paniculata, two Climbing Roses. Four for \$2.50, postpaid.

We suggest for covering walls: Ampelopsis Veitchii, 75c, and English Ivy, 50c each.

Porch or Window-Box Collection

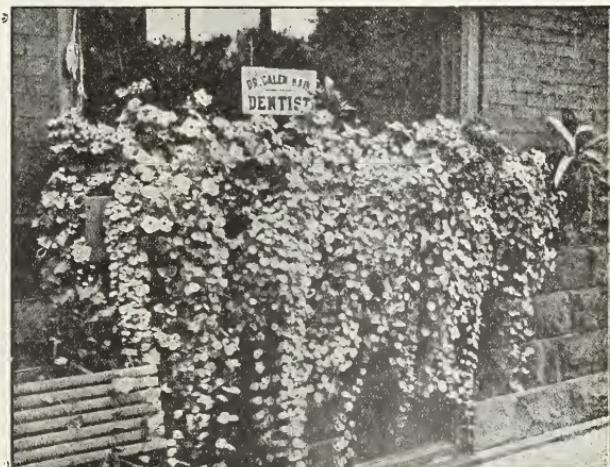
On account of the hardship in keeping flowers indoors, the out of doors window and porch boxes are becoming more popular every day, and justly so, for properly filled they add greatly to the beauty of the home. The following plants are among the best and most useful for this purpose:

Asparagus Sprengerii (Asparagus Fern). each 20c



Hollyhocks

Porticus Variagatum, beautifully striped leaves, each	20c
Pardiv Ivy, climbing habit, yellow flowers, each	15c
Acalypha, beautiful ornamental foliage, each	20c
Nepeta Variagata, leaves green and white, trailing, each	15c
Pilea, fine moss-like foliage, small flowers, each	15c
Gomphrena, best scarlet varieties, each	20c
Trailing Coleus, beautifully colored leaves, each	10 to 20c
Vinca Variagata, trailing, foliage green, margined white, each	25 to 50c
Vinca Major, trailing green, blue flowers, each	20c
Weeping Lantana, a wonderfully profuse bloomer, each	20c
Tradescantia (Wandering Jew), three varieties, each	10c
Verbena, always in bloom, red, pink, white and purple, each	20c
Petunia, blooms all summer, many colors, each	15 to 25c
Upright Coleus, leaves of my colors, each	10c



Porch or Window Box

Hardy Climbing Vines

AMPELOPSIS.—The different varieties of Ampelopsis are all good, hardy climbers. They cling freely to any kind of wall. Foliage is bright green in summer time, changing to bright red, gold, purple and scarlet towards the fall, remaining that way till the leaves drop off, which makes them very beautiful and attractive.

Veitchii or Boston Ivy.—No buildings are considered too humble to be covered with this climbing vine, and the most unsightly buildings are made picturesque by its use. It lends an air of elegance to any city or country residence. Extra strong, field-grown plants, 75c cents; \$7.50 per dozen.

Quinquefolia (Virginia Creeper or American Ivy).—This well known climber is one of the best and quickest growing varieties for covering trees, trellises, arbors, etc. Foliage is larger and not as glossy as Veitchii; but for many purposes it is better. 60 cents each.

ANTIGONON LEPTOPUS (*Rosa de Montaña* or Mexican Rose).—Beautiful climbing rose, with clusters of flowers produced freely in large racemes of a beautiful rose pink color. Leaves heart-shaped. A most desirable vine for the South. Strong plants, 50 cents each; \$5.00 per dozen; extra large plants, 75 cents to \$1.00 each.

BIGNONIA (Trumpet Vine).—It flourishes everywhere under the most unfavorable conditions. It is always pretty and satisfactory. 50 cents each.

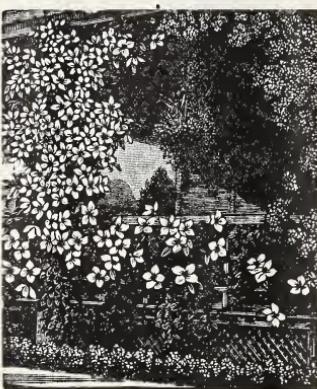
CHINESE KUDZU VINE.—A hardy and remarkably vigorous vine, freely producing stems four to six feet long in a single season. It is well adapted for covering arbors or verandas, especially where rampant vines and large bold leaves are required. It is also now in many countries used as a forage plant for stock. It has been especially recommended for the dry parts of Texas, where, if planted in large fields, it may be cut and made into hay year after year. It is very rich in nutritive qualities, very productive and profitable. Price 50 cents each; 3 for \$1.25; \$4.00 per dozen.

WISTARIA.—This is one of the handsomest vines in cultivation, producing long pendulous clusters of flowers in the greatest profusion.

White.—\$1.00 each.

Purple.—\$1.00 each.

CLEMATIS.—Whenever you want a climber that does not make such extremely strong and dense foliage, we will especially recommend clematis. The foliage is fine and most graceful and beautiful, and during the blooming season the plant is literally covered with the most magnificent flowers.



Clematis Paniculata

Jackmanii.—The best known of the perpetual clematis. Blooms from April to October. Flowers intense violet purple, remarkable for their velvety richness. \$1.25 each.

Paniculata.—Flowers white, star-shaped, produced during mid-summer and fall upon long shoots. In addition to its profusion of flowers, the latter are also very fragrant, and the foliage is handsome. 75 cents each; \$7.50 per dozen.

EUONEMOUS RADICANS.—One of the finest evergreen vines, with small rich green foliage. It bears an abundance of white flowers in spring, followed by pink fruits. It does not run so high, but it is one of the finest for rock walls, tree trunks and low garden walls; also good for very large vases, border of beds, etc. 75 cents to \$1.00 each. Smaller size, 50 cents; larger plants, \$1.50 to \$2.00.

HONEYSUCKLE (*Lonicera*).—We can furnish these beautiful climbing vines in the following varieties:

Helleiana.—Color, an intermingling of white and yellow; extremely fragrant and most satisfactory. This variety is most often found growing on porch trellises or used as a covering for unsightly fences. 60 cents each.

Bulgica (Monthly Fragrant or Dutch Honeysuckle).—Blooms all summer. Red and yellow; very fragrant. 60 cents each.

Coral Honeysuckle (Scarlet Trumpet).—It is a strong, rapid grower, and produces scarlet flowers. The handsomest honeysuckle in cultivation. 60 cents each.

Chinese Evergreen.—Blooms at intervals through the summer and retains its foliage late in the winter; flowers nearly white; quite distinct. 60 cents each.

FICUS REPENS.—A beautiful climber with very small foliage. It will cling to any kind of wall. It is especially useful to cover inside walls in greenhouses, conservatories and sunparlors. If planted outside, it should be against a south wall. 75 cents each.

English Ivy.—This evergreen vine is too well known to need any description. In this climate it ought to be planted on the shady side. 25 to 50 cents each.

JASMINEUM ORNAMENTALUM.—It is an evergreen vine, hardy as far north as Washington. It begins blooming in March and continues fully three months. Flowers are light golden yellow, as large as a half dollar, and very fragrant. It blooms in long sprays and when cut and placed in water it keeps indefinitely. Besides being valuable to cover trellises, rockwork, old stumps or fallen logs and similar places, it is also excellent to plant in large porch boxes and vases. Price, \$1.00 per dozen.

MADEIRA VINE.—Is a rapidly growing vine with dense foliage. Leaves bright green, thick and fleshy looking, flowers white and fragrant. It has bulbous roots, which are perfectly hardy and withstand the winter's frosts. The top dies in fall. Strong tubers, 15 cents each; \$1.25 per dozen.

ROSES

The Rose, the Queen of Flowers, is justly one of the most popular. Few people give better satisfaction to the lover of beautiful flowers when properly treated.

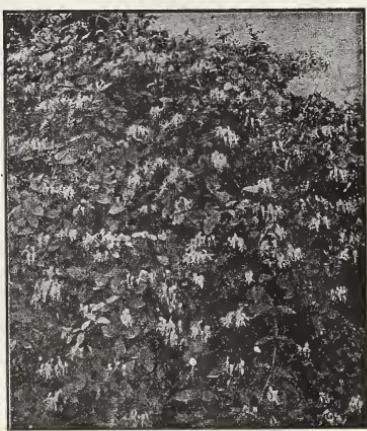
Two-year-old field-grown roses ought to be planted during the late Fall, after frost. Winter and very early Spring, up until the middle of March. Pot-grown, small roses from greenhouse may be planted from the middle of March until the middle of May.

There is no branch of our business that we watch more closely than our Roses. We try to catalogue the best, and the list you will find on our supply notices and in good lists of the older and well tried and tested ones which never fail to respond in luxuriant growth and abundance of fine blooms when given good soil and plenty of water.

The preparation of soil is very essential, and to obtain the most satisfactory results they should be planted in well-drained, rich, deep loamy soil and given a good location, where they will have sunlight and a free circulation of air. Plant your roses well back, digging out all the roots. Pack the dirt hard about the plants and water thoroughly so you are sure the bed is well soaked to the bottom. Cultivate very shallow, just enough to keep the top of the ground loose and mellow. After your plants have started to grow, give them a light mulch of well rotted cow manure or chip dirt. This will prevent the ground from baking and cracking.

Pruning is very important in Rose growing, and should be done every season. It is best done during February, cutting away all the weak or dead wood, and leaving all the well matured, strong branches with five or six eyes.

All Roses listed below 2½-inch pots, 25c each; \$2.75 per dozen; 2-year-old, \$1.00 each, unless otherwise noted.



Honeysuckle

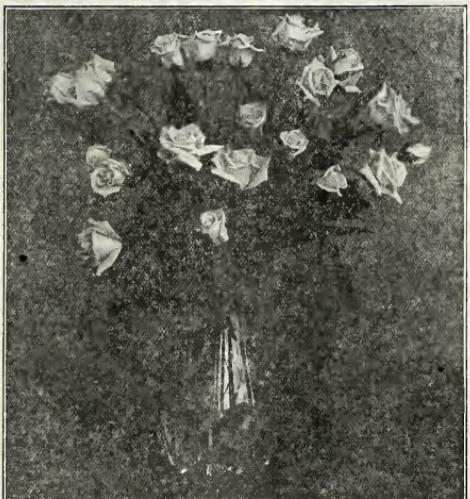


Angelus

**THREE OF THE LATEST ADDITIONS TO THE ROSE FAMILY—
ANGELUS, GOLDEN OPHELIA AND WHITE OPHelia**

These, the newest introductions in roses, should be planted by every lover of the beautiful.

Angelus.—A seedling of Columbia and Ophelia. White with cream-tinted center—a big, rounded rose like Premier in form with higher center; very lasting and fragrant. Foliage dark green; handsome like Ophelia. A vigorous, upright grower and full in bloom. Awarded silver medal New York Flower Show, Spring of 1921. 2½-inch pot plants, \$1.00 each.



Golden Ophelia

Golden Ophelia.—This is not a sport but a seedling from the universal favorite, Ophelia. It is a sturdy, stiff-stemmed grower, with beautiful foliage, quite closely set, and glossy. The flower is of medium size, from a beautifully formed bud of bright golden yellow. Has excellent texture; will fill the place of Mrs. Ward, for it makes fine crops throughout the year; profuse in bloom; makes a marvelous

bush, and for this reason the rows should be spaced wider apart than the average to avoid crowding. 2½-inch pot plants 75¢ each.

Hadley.—In color it is a deep velvety crimson, retaining its brilliancy at all seasons. Double and buds are well formed. The fragrance is excelled only by American Beauty. Strong, rapid grower, and the flowers are borne on long, stiff stems. 2½-inch pots. 25¢.

Princess Sophie.—A heavy double Rose of great substance. Color, red. It shows good growing characteristics and is a valuable variety. Throughout the Summer this Rose was unseated as cut Rose, and it is proving equally good in mid-winter to be an excellent grower, opening perfectly and worthy of unqualified recommendation. 2½-inch pots. 25¢.

White Mamam Cochet. (H. T.).—A beautiful pure white.

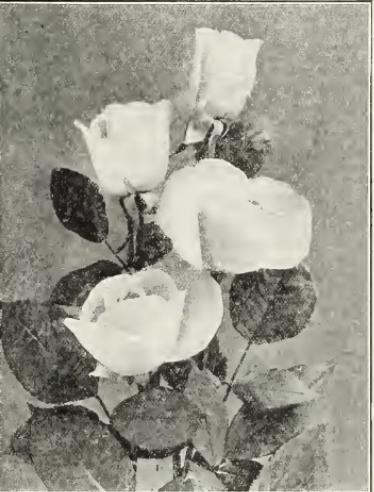
Mamam Cochet.—A valuable pink bedding Rose, with large flowers on long, straight stems; color, deep rosy pink, inner side or petals silvery rose.

Queen of Bedders.—Upright grower, every branch terminates by a cluster of beautiful buds and flowers. The flower is large, full and regular. The color is a bright, glowing, velvety crimson. It blooms constantly from early Summer to late Autumn. We recommend this rose highly. It is a rich, highly colored and double to the center. 2-inch pots, 25¢ each.

Helen Gould or Baldwin.—This is a grand Rose of the very highest merit for the garden; bright watermelon red; very free grower and bloomer.

Bessie Brown.—A rose of transcendent beauty, totally distinct. It is erect and vigorous in growth, flowering profusely in the open ground all through the Summer. Color pure white, sometimes faintly flushed pink. Petals enormous and shell-shaped. Received gold and silver medals from the National Rose Society, England, and numerous certificates and prizes.

Perle von Wiedenberg.—The Yellow Kaiserin. This is identical with Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, the peer of any Rose, except in color, being a pure white with yellow center. Exquisitely beautiful. Field grown, \$1.25 each.



White Ophelia

White Ophelia.—This is the sport of OPHELIA, so favorably known to the trade. It produces a large flower, with more petals than the parent, and has the same qualities of growth, foliage and constitution. Owing to the stiff, beautifully-formed outer petals it holds the bud form longer than the parent, and the golden stamens, not brown as in OPHELIA, add to the beauty of the opening flower. The color is white, sometimes showing a daybreak pink in the center on opening, but infinitely whiter than White Kilarney, which is never good in dark weather, while WHITE OPHELIA never shows a disagreement of color, and is free from mildew, the pest of the Kilarneys. 2½-inch pot plants. 75¢ each.

Florence Forrester.—Clear snow-white with a lemon tinge; as the flowers age they become a pure white, the blooms are even larger than Paul Neyron. Its habit is absolutely perfect, and the freedom with which it flowers is marvelous. Grandest of all whites for bedding. For size and substance has no equal among Hybrid Teas. It is very sweetly perfumed. Gold medal, National Rose Society. 2½-inch pots, 25¢ each.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. (H. T.).—A beautiful Rose, with elegant, large pointed buds and very large, full double flowers; color, delicate creamy white; deliciously fragrant.

La France (Tea).—Delicate silvery rose, shaded with cerise pink, often silvery pink, with peach shading.

Mad. Caroline Testout. (H. T.).—An old favorite; cherry red, edged silvery rose. 2½-inch pot, 35¢ each.

ROSES---Continued

Mrs. Herbert Stevens.—A hardy Tea Rose of extraordinary merit. The bloom is as long and even more pointed than the Maman Cochet, being faultless in shape and form. Color, white, with a perfect face and peach shading toward the center. Perfectly hardy, and nearly always in bloom. 2½-inch pots, 25c.

Junkheer J. L. Mock.—This grand Rose is the strongest growing in the Hybrid Tea class. The blooms, which are produced with the greatest freedom, are carried on stiff and erect stems, and are of the largest size, perfect formation and highly perfumed. Color, clear imperial pink. We can confidently recommend this sterling novelty as a most valuable addition. 2½-inch pots, 25c.

Premier.—A cross between Ophelia and Russia; made an unheard of record in 1918-19 and its reputation as a very excellent rose is still growing. Strong 3-inch pot grown plants, \$1.00 each; field grown, \$1.50 each.

Radiance.—A brilliant rosy-carmine, displaying beautiful rich and opaline pink tints, in the petals; over the face, fine creases, size and full, with ciliated petals. The bud is large, brilliant, radiant; the stems are long, buds and flowers borne erect on the strong stems; foliage of splendid substance, a dark, healthy green. It blooms constantly, delightfully fragrant. 2½-inch pots, 25c.

Hoosier Beauty.—A grand new rose having many admirers. The flowers are a glowing crimson with darker shadings that makes its beauty indescribable. It is very fragrant and the flowers are well placed on strong, strong stems. The flowers have a texture of velvet. The rose is very free flowering. The bush is remarkably vigorous and sturdy in growth. 2½-inch pots, 35c.

Killarney. (H. T.)—(The Irish Rose). Bright carmine pink marbled in creamy white, petals extremely large, and of a texture that makes it one of the most lasting of roses; this variety has the longest bud on the stiffest stem that we have ever seen; it is a fine grower, with beautiful foliage, very free in producing strong ground shoot.

White Killarney.—A pure white sport of the popular Irish rose. It is identical in appearance with its parent, only it is pure white. The petals are extremely large and it is one of the most lasting of roses. Strong, well rooted.



Mrs. Herbert Stevens



Columbia

Antoine Riviere.—Will grow in almost any situation, strong and healthy. Always blossoming. Flowers exquisite in form, large, double and fragrant; rosy-flesh with yellow ground, shaded with border of carmine. The plant forms a big, vigorous bush and is perfectly hardy. Field grown, \$1.25 each; 2½-inch pots, 25c.

Lady Hillingdon.—Has a long, slender pointed bud of brilliant deep golden-yellow; is always even deep; intense golden-yellow; forces well. Awarded gold medal, N. R. S. 2½-inch pots, 35c each; field grown, \$1.25 each.

Sunburst.—This magnificent giant yellow Rose is superior to all others of its color, and with its golden-yellow petals it looks like a sunburst in the garden. The color is orange-copper or golden-orange to golden yellow; edge of petals lighter; all intense shades, extremely brilliant in effect. 2½ inch pots, 35c each; field-grown, \$1.25 each.

Lady Alice Stanley.—This has become very popular as a garden Rose. The petals are shell-shaped, forming a perfect flower; the color on outside of petals is a deep coral-rose; inside, delicate flesh, often flushed and suffused with bright flesh. Remarkably attractive, without doubt a magnificent Rose.

American Beauty.—One of the largest size having the overwhelming qualities of the Tea Rose, consequently equally valuable for winter or summer flowering. In color it is a deep brilliant pink, shaded toward the center with rich carmine crimson. 2½-inch pots, 50c each, strong 3-inch pot-grown plants, \$1.00 each; field-grown, \$1.50 each.

HYBRID POLYANTHUS OR "BABY RAMBLER" GROUP

This charming class of Roses bring the vivid colors, prodigal freedom and beautiful clustering form of the grand outdoor Rambler Roses into the house for winter decoration.

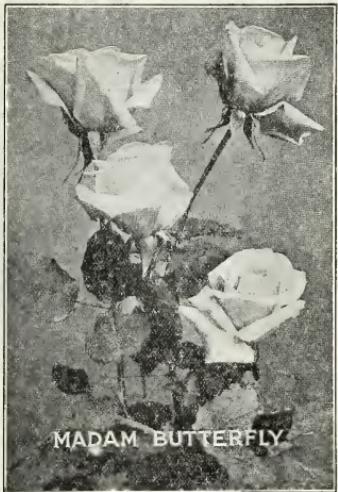
"Baby Dorothy" (Pink).—A true dwarf form of Dorothy Perkins, continuing the family virtue, and pink beauty.

White Baby Rambler.—Its pure white flowers are perfect double and bloom with the unceasing freedom of the reds and pinks of this class.

Crimson Baby Rambler.—The original of the group; dwarf, bushy, profusely blooming; its compact clusters of bright crimson flowers continuous indoors and out.



Baby Rambler



MADAM BUTTERFLY

Madame Butterfly is without doubt one of the finest roses ever introduced. It is a rapid grower and produces a succession of beautiful bright pink blooms, in which the shadings are beyond description. No lover of the beautiful in roses should be without this latest introduction. Price, 2½-inch pots, each field grown, \$1.50.

Milady.—Similar to Richmond in color, but far richer in the bud. In form and fragrance it resembles Gen. Jacqueminot. Strong and sturdy in habit with excellent foliage. It is a free bloomer and keeps well.

Gruss an Teplitz.—Fiery crimson, shaded with a dark velvety sheen totally unlike any other color. Large, handsome flowers. Produced in most wonderful profusion throughout the whole growing season. The flowers are produced singly, sometimes in clusters, producing a gorgeous effect on the lawn or in the garden all summer through. Very fragrant.

Edward Mawley.—We have no hesitation in stating that this is the finest of all dark crimson Roses, a true perpetual flowering Hybrid Tea. It is an enormous big-petaled Rose, much larger than Malanie Soupert; a Rose it resembles in form, but of the beautiful rich color of a Louis Van Houtte, only with a more velvety shading upon the inside of its petals.

Rosa Reid.—The growth is vigorous, throwing out long shoots with rich, green leaves and each shoot bearing a flower well above the foliage. It is a variety which will produce flowers as large as the

American Beauty, and as fragrant as the beautiful La France. The buds are long, oval and pointed, of a most beautiful rich crimson, and retain their form a long time. 2½-inch pots, 25c.

Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt.—Color, deep orange-red, shaded brownish apricot with some other Roses in cultivation. The flower is absolutely perfect in shape and form, with petals of wonderful depth and substance, blooming freely throughout the entire season; fine garden Rose. When known, this Rose is bound to take the very first place among Roses. Very fragrant. Gold medal, N. R. S. 2½-inch pots, 25c.

Alexander Hill Gray.—Deep lemon-yellow which intensifies as the blooms develop; large, of great substance and perfect formation; it has a high-pitched center, in which the petals gracefully reflex.

Arthur R. Goodwin.—Color in the bud and after the flower opens is very attractive coppery orange-red, and this shades to salmon-pink as the flowers age. Perfectly double and the blooms are extra large. 25c.

British Queen.—Experts who have seen British Queen growing agree that it is the finest white Rose in existence, surpassing in beauty and elegance of form all other white varieties. Field grown. 2½-inch pots, 35c.

Classic Mackellar.—Crimson-carmine on rich deep ochremadder, becoming orange pink as the semi-double blooms develop. Field grown. 2½-inch pots, 25c.

Columbia.—Could be rightfully called the Giant Pink, owing to the enormous blooms it produces. Of distinctive merit, being an extremely strong, rank grower, one of the strongest of the ever-blooming, blooming as it does with the greatest freedom, the buds carried on long, stiff, erect stems, of the very largest size imaginable in a Rose that is open. The flowers are of a most brilliant shade of pink and of wonderful depth, which it retains in perfect formation. Very fragrant. Color clear imperial pink on the order of the La France, deepening as it opens to glowing pink. Being fully double makes it a fine Summer Rose, particularly adapted to garden culture. Strong 2½-inch pot-grown plants, 35c each; field grown, \$1.25 each. See cut page 38.

Mrs. Chrs. Russell.—A new Hybrid Tea Rose of American origin and considered to be equal to American Beauty. Buds long and pointed, produced on long, stiff stems, 3 feet in length, each one crowned with a bloom of a beautiful shade of rosy pink. Blooms large, full and magnificent formation. Field grown, \$1.25 each; 2½-inch pots, 35c.

Ophelia.—Ophelia is a fine grower, with big, bright foliage that shows at glance that it is a variety that will hold its flowers well. Long-stemmed, bushy and free branching, and a free producer of bloom. Very fragrant and resembles Richmond in this respect. Color clear, bright pink, suffused yellow. Field grown, \$1.25 each; 2½-inch pots, 35c.

Lady Ursula.—Color a most beautiful shade of flesh-pink, of great substance and good form; petals large, circular and delicately perfumed. A grand grower, producing its round, full blooms in wonderful profusion. 2½-inch pots, 25c.

Red Radiance.—No Rose has excelled Radiance as a garden Rose, when all points are taken into consideration, such as hardiness, freedom of bloom, vigorous growth and character of bloom. In Red Radiance we have the exact replica of its prototype, Radiance, except in color and bud. The color is an even shade of clear red, without a trace of any other color, retaining its vividness for an unusually long time after being cut. It is a remarkable bloomer, being constantly in flower, from early Spring until freezing weather. Strong, vigorous, branching grower, each branch terminating in a large, bold, double bloom. Hardy everywhere. Price, 2½-inch pot plants, 25c each; two-year-old, \$1.00 each.

Evelyn de Berne.—Color a lovely shade of clear, red-crimson velvet; very fragrant and keeps well. In England, where it has been tried extensively, it has caused quite a sensation. Our opinion is that it will become as much of a favorite as La France.

Everblooming Climbing Roses

ALL CLIMBING ROSES, 2½-INCH POTS, 25c EACH; \$2.75 PER DOZEN; FIELD-GROWN, 2-YEAR-OLD, \$1.00 EACH; \$9.00 PER DOZEN, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

Climbing Bridesmaid.—The flowers are simply beautiful (identical with Bridesmaid) a clear, dark pink; in bud they are superb beyond that of any climbing rose.

Renee Marie Henriette.—A strong growing and climbing rose, making a grand pillar rose in the South. Flowers full and well formed; rich, brilliant crimson; a grand rose and a fine companion to Marechal Niel.

Crimson Rambler.—The famous crimson-clustered climber. Makes shoots 8 to 10 feet long in a season. Flowers are produced from ground to tip in large pyramid clusters of 30 to 40.

Dorothy Perkins.—A most beautiful deep pink; the flowers are borne in large clusters of small double blooms and are very sweetly scented.

Climbing Helen Gould.—Probably no red Rose has held its place secure in the hearts of Rose lovers for so long a period as has the beautiful Helen Gould. Everybody is familiar with the warm water-melon-red color of its charming flowers. This is a grand climber.

Climbing Kaiserin Augusta Victoria.—Also known as Mrs. Robt. Peary. A strong climbing form of the beautiful variety of the same name, now known as Climbing Kew.

Climbing Killarney.—An exact counterpart of Killarney in every respect except that it is of vigorous climbing habit; deep shell-pink. This will prove a great Rose wherever a climber is needed.

Climbing Liberty.—A climbing form of Liberty. Color brilliant velvety crimson; flowers of good size and beautifully formed; a superb variety for any purpose, the blooms lasting well when cut; very free flowering.

Climbing Madame Caroline Testout.—A rampant climber. In flower identical with Mme. C. Testout. Beautiful growing pink.

CAN BE USED TO HIDE MANY UNSIGHTLY OBJECTS ON FENCES, OR TO FORM A SCREEN FOR YOUR PORCH OR WINDOWS.

BUSH ROSES SHOULD BE IN EVERY HOME YARD. THE ROSE IS SURELY THE QUEEN OF FLOWERS

CASH WITH EVERY ORDER. WE DO NOT SHIP C. O. D.
NO ORDER ACCEPTED FOR LESS THAN \$1.00.



The Home Orchard You've Been Planning



Winesaps

No home or farm is complete without an orchard. It takes just a few trees to provide all the delicious fruit one family can consume. And it is not difficult to grow those trees and to keep them producing. You will be surprised at the quantity of delicious fruit one good tree will yield. The cost of a good tree is less than you think and trees are mighty little. It pays to buy good nursery stock. Our nurseries have been properly inspected, and each shipment will bear certificate duly signed by commissioners of agriculture.

APPLES

We give list below of many of the old and well-tried varieties, just a few of the newer varieties, but all have been thoroughly tried and have proven themselves worthy of a place in any orchard.

San Jacinto.—Like an enormously large Red June Apple, of which it appears to be a seedling, coming in just as the Red June goes out. Tree vigorous and prolific; very productive. A variety of the highest merit, both for market and table. Fruit hangs to the tree remarkably well and a fine keeper for an early apple.

Gandy.—Very prolific; bright red; large; good market. This variety is similar in every way to the Ben Davis, but of a rich red all over. Very valuable.

Red June.—Medium; conical; deep red; juicy; productive; June 20.

Ben Davis.—Large greenish yellow, with crimson cheek; very showy; keeps well.

Winesap.—Medium, dark red; juicy; good flavor; one of the best.

Early Harvest.—Fine size, bright yellow, tender, juicy; can be cooked long before it is ripe; June 15.

CRAB APPLES

Price, \$1.00 each



Hyslop

Hyslop.—This variety has been long and extensively cultivated. The trees are hardy and the growth strong and rather spreading. The fruit is produced in clusters; roundish ovate; dark, rich red covered with small blisters; yellow inside; good for culinary purposes and for cider. September to December.

Transcendent.—Tree is productive; fruit from $\frac{7}{16}$ to 2 inches in diameter; excellent for sauce and pies; is also good eating apple; skin yellow, striped with red; vigorous and an early bearer. This is one of the best early varieties, and gives a fruit with flesh of creamy yellow, sub-acid, and an astringent until fully mellow, when it is pleasant and agreeable. Ripe in August and September.

SHOULD BE
PLANTED
THIS SPRING



Early Richmond Cherries

CHERRIES

Cherries \$1.75 each

Cherries are rather uncertain in Texas, save in some localities. We have culled from long lists of cherries the finest varieties which seemed adaptable to our soil and climate, and we can supply the following sorts—strong, two-year-old trees.

Early Richmond. (English Pit Cherry).—A well-known old standard variety. Tree is hardy, healthy, a free grower, very productive and regular in bearing. Fruit red, of medium size, acid, rich and one of the best for canning. The most popular of the true Kentish cherries. Ripens in May.

English Morello.—Fruit large, very dark red, nearly black; tender, juicy, acid, rich, of good quality; owing to its rich red color looks much better when canned than the Early Richmond. Tree dwarf, slender and spreading, bears young. Ripens middle June.

Cupcake Cherry.—This is by far the most remarkable fruit we have ever seen, both as to bearing and as to its withstandinig injury from frost. We have seen one year trees mature fifteen to twenty cherries in the nursery row, and two year trees are as white with blooms as any flowering shrub and as heavily loaded with fruit as any old tree. Price \$2.00.

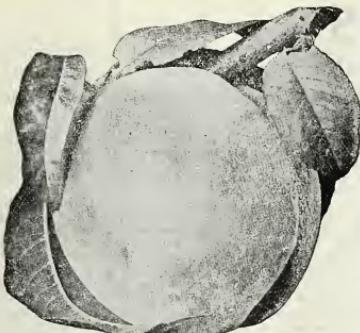
PEACHES

All Peaches, 3 to 4 feet, 60¢ each; 5 to 6 feet, 75¢ each; unless otherwise noted. Best Varieties for Commercial Orchards indicated by “^b”



J. H. Hale

Directions for Cultivating the Peach.—A sandy loam is best suited to the peach, but it will adapt itself to almost any soil, provided it is well drained. Plant two-year-old trees, 18x18 feet; cut the trees back to 18 to 24 inches, as it is always best to have a low-headed tree. In the Spring, after the growth has started, remove all but three branches and let these be distributed so that the tree will be well balanced. For the first two years fertilize with well decomposed barnyard manure, or a mixture of one part of cotton seed or bone meal to



Carmen



Heath Cling

two parts of acid phosphate. Apply $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 pounds to each tree. After the third year avoid nitrogenous fertilizers and use a fertilizer containing a good percentage of bone phosphate and potash. Prune every year by cutting to one-third of the previous year's growth.

Cowpeas drilled in two feet apart, leaving at least four feet on each side of the trees is the best crop to grow in a peach orchard. Cultivate frequently. When the orchard begins to bear it would have clean cultivation. After the cowpeas have been raised under all subsequent protection, it can be drilled with harrow and cultivator. After the fruit is harvested, drill in peas for a cover crop.

Spray.—Never spray when a tree is in bloom.

J. H. Hale.—Very large; rich golden yellow, with carmine blush; flesh firm but of delicate texture, dripping with rich, sweet juice. Very hardy and stands shipping better than any other variety. \$1.00 each.

Slaphey.—A large yellow freestone, being planted largely for commercial purposes. Ripens about the fifteenth of June, making it a very profitable peach to grow.

*Belle of Georgia.—Very large, skin white, with red cheeks; flesh white, firm and of excellent flavor. Fruit uniformly large and showy; free rapid grower; prolific. July 1 to 15. \$1.00 each.

*Arap Beauty.—It comes forward as a rival to Elberta. It is the same size, color, quality, and characteristics as Elberta and three to four weeks earlier. The value of this as a family or market peach will be easily seen. \$1.00 each.

Alexander.—Above medium; highly colored in clay soils; flesh greenish white, very juicy, vigorous and of good quality; adheres to the stones. Matures from May 20 to June 15. Trees are remarkably prolific and bear very young.



PLUMS

Price, \$1.25 Each

Plums are among the most profitable fruits grown in Texas. Peaches and other fruit sometimes fail. Plums are certain. Plant several varieties together. They will pollenate each other and fruit more abundantly.

Climax.—The newest and claimed to be by far the finest Japan plum yet produced. Fruit large, heart-shaped, beautifully colored, and so fragrant that a single fruit will perfume a whole house. Indescribably delicious and ripens earliest of all. Free, very vigorous and productive.

Abundance.—A very early bearer; it often fruits in the nursery row. It bears such loads of fruit that it is often necessary to prop the limbs to keep them from breaking. Fruit large, beautiful and of an amber color. Flesh yellow, tender, sweet.

Burbank.—It is the most promising of any variety of Japanese origin. Vigorous, strong branches. Fruit almost curculio-proof. A good shipper. June.

Red June.—A vigorous, hardy, upright, spreading tree, as produc-

tive as Abundance, with fruit a large vermillion-red, with handsome bloom; very showy; flesh light lemon-yellow, slightly sub-acid, of good and pleasant quality; half cling; pit small. Reliability of tree, since make it a favorite name.

Eagle.—Medium to large; clear yellow, slightly tinged with red; sweet, juicy and excellent quality; valuable alike for eating and cooking; tree a good grower and most remarkable variety for the fruit grower; begins ripening the latter part of June and continues until August 10, thus giving the fruit through an extended season.

Gonzales.—A Japan variety crossed with Wild Goose; fruit very large, meaty, of a brilliant red, finest of flavor, good shipper and keeper; tree very strong and immensely productive; very valuable.

Gold.—Medium yellow, round; flesh firm and pleasant; should not be eaten until quite ripe, when the flavor equals that of the finest apricot; this is another late bloomer and sure bearer, and should be in every collection. August 10 to 25. The tree of this variety usually runs small.

Extra large stock, \$1.50 each.

FIGS

The fig adapts itself to a wide range of soils and climates. We grow none but the best varieties. Price, 75¢ each.

Celestial.—(Sugar; Celeste, etc.)—Medium; pale violet, with bloom; sweet and excellent; prolific. Hardest of all figs.

Magnolia.—(Dalmatian).—Large to very large; greenish amber; quality good; productive, but tender.

APRICOTS

Make good shade and ornamental trees, being an object of great beauty, especially when in bloom.

Price, \$1.50 each.

Early Golden.—Fruit small, pale orange-yellow, juicy and sweet. Tree hardy and productive. The best of the small fruited sorts. Ripens about June 1st.

Royal.—French origin; fruit medium, oval, slightly compressed; dull yellow, with red cheek on side exposed to the sun; flesh pale orange, with rich vinous flavor; very desirable and more extensively planted than any other variety; excellent for canning and drying; June.

QUINCES

Champion.—A prolific and constant bearer, fruit averaging larger than the orange, more oval in shape, quality equally fine and a long keeper; bears extremely young. Ripens late. \$1.75.

Small Fruits

EVERY HOME GARDEN SHOULD HAVE ENOUGH SMALL FRUIT PLANTS TO AMPLY SUPPLY YOUR TABLE

Strawberries

\$2.50 per hundred

When ordering Strawberry plants, kindly always state your second choice of varieties—in case we should be sold out of any sort—when too late in the season for correspondence. We substitute similar, equally good, if not better sorts, unless advised to the contrary.

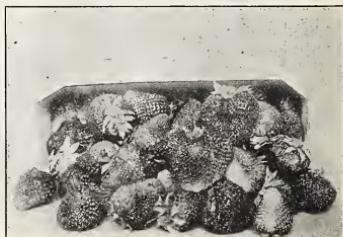
Excelsior.—The very earliest berry grown, and one that stands the dry summers well.

Klondike.—An old standard variety that is planted largely all over the south. Season a week to ten days later than Excelsior.

Imp. Lady Thompson.—A good plant maker and stands the dry summers well.

Michel.—An old variety, and one of the very best for home use. They are very sweet and fine to eat out of hand.

Progressive.—The very best EVERBEARING Strawberry grown; none better; a good plant maker average seasons; bears all summer up to frost and in all we consider them the best berry grown for a fall-bearing sort. Price, \$1.00 per dozen; \$6.50 per 100.



Klondike Strawberries

Gooseberries and Currants

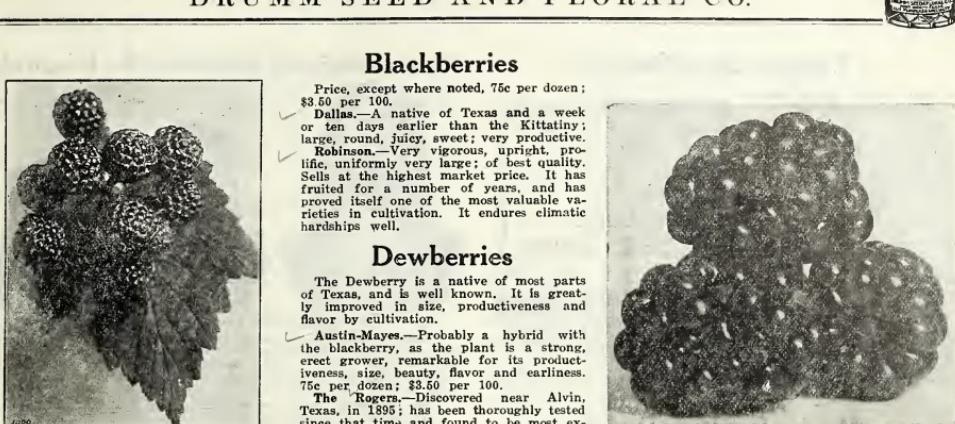
These are classed among the uncertain fruits for Texas. They can be grown with moderate success in a moist, partially shaded place. Price, 40¢ each; \$4.00 per dozen.

We can supply any of the leading varieties of Raspberries, including both the blackcap and the red sorts, in any quantity. Price, 15¢ each; \$1.50 per dozen.

Raspberries



Raspberries



Dewberries

Price, except where noted, 75c per dozen; \$3.50 per 100.

Dallas.—A native of Texas and a week or ten days earlier than the Kittatinny; large, round, juicy, sweet; very productive.

Robinson.—Very vigorous, upright, prolific, uniformly very large; of best quality. Very productive and hardy. It has fruited for a number of years, and has proved itself one of the most valuable varieties in cultivation. It endures climatic hardships well.

Dewberries

The Dewberry is a native of most parts of Texas, and is well known. It is greatly improved in size, productiveness and flavor by cultivation.

Austin-Mayes.—Probably a hybrid with the blackberry, as the plant is a strong, erect grower, remarkable for its productivity, is a beauty, flavor and earliness. 75c per dozen; \$2.50 per 100.

The Rogers.—Discovered near Alvin, Texas, in 1895; has been thoroughly tested since that time and found to be most excellent. It is a vigorous grower, stands drouth well, and is not affected by disease or bothered by insect pests. The berry is large, oblong, very firm and possesses a fine flavor. Same as above.

GRAPES

Price, 30c each; \$3.00 per dozen, unless otherwise quoted.

Carmen.—Medium, round, black, fine quality, vigorous and productive. August.

Concord.—Has long been the standard variety on account of its extreme hardiness, productiveness and adaptability to almost any soil, climate and condition; large, black; good for table, market or wine.

Delaware.—Bunches small, compact, shouldered; fruit small, round, light red; one of the best table or market grapes.

El Paso or Mission.—Medium dark red; long clusters; very sweet; very popular in the West and Southwest.

Humboldt.—Bunches large, shouldered and compact; fruit black, sweet, juicy; highly flavored; fine wine grade.

Ivy's Seedling.—Bunches round and firm; medium; often shouldered; black when fully ripe; very early; this and the Champion are the earliest and most popular market grape grown.

Moore's Diamond.—Large, greenish-white; juicy; little pulp and of very good quality. Yields abundantly; fruit perfect and showy. Ripens very early in July; the best very early white variety.

Moore's Early.—Bunch medium, berry large, round; black with heavy blue bloom; medium quality. Very early. Desirable market sort.

Niagara.—White; bunch and fruit very large; very showy, and as hardy and productive as the Concord; a superb white Grape and one of the most profitable grown.

Triumph.—Skin thin, pulp tender and sweet, quality superb. Bunch and berry medium size. Vine hardy, vigorous and productive.



Warden

Warden.—A handsome black grape, immense size, much superior to Concord. Plant Warden for quality in the home garden, and for profit in the vineyard. The best black grape.

NUT TREES

Hard-Shell Almond.—A more certain bearer than Soft-shell. \$1.50 each.

English Walnut.—The common thin shelled walnut of commerce. \$3.00.

PECANS

Within the last few years pecans have been attracting a great deal of attention on account of the enormous profits to be derived from groves of large, thin-shelled varieties. The trees are easily transplanted, require comparatively little attention (although they respond readily to liberal treatment), and when they commence bearing—usually six to ten years from time of planting.

Budded Pecans

Prices, 2 to 3 feet, \$3.00; 3 to 4 feet \$3.50; 5 to 6 feet, \$4.25 each.

Stuart.—Large to very large; about $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 inch; grayish brown, dotted with purplish black; base rounded; blunt both ends; shell medium thickness; cracking quality very good; kernel large, full, plump, solid, fine-grained; flavor rich sweet; quality good; a strong grower

and a heavy bearer. Has proven adapted to a very wide range of country. One of the best.

Frotscher.—From Louisiana; large, fine. It was this variety that was planted on Governor Hogg's grave.

The Halbert Pecan.—This variety of pecan originated in Coleman County, Texas, and the parent tree is still alive and has produced in one year \$253.24 in pecans, marketed in the town of Coleman.

This is one of the very best native pecan trees of the day. An abundant bearer, rarely ever failing to make a crop. It bears very much younger from graft than other thin-shelled varieties. It has been known to bear in nursery rows in two years and produce two clusters of small nuts. Clusters average from 9 to 13 pecans to each cluster.

Texas is the home of thin pecan and every household should plant a pecan tree. They make an ideal shade and are long lived and are practically without any enemies.

The Halbert, in our opinion, is the tree to consider.

Prices, 3 to 4 feet, \$3.50 each.

Vin Deman.—Large to very large, about $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ inches, oblong, cylindrical; reddish brown; pointed; shell medium thickness; kernel fine grained, compact; sweet and delicious, quality excellent. A good grower; produces well.

Cyclone Seed Sower

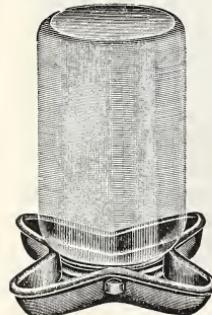
A Very Popular Seeder and very extensively sold

This sower is guaranteed to distribute seed perfectly even, and will not throw seed in an upward direction, thus saving the operator, but direct and evenly to the land. Sows clover, timothy, red top or herds grass, alfalfa, oats, rye, wheat, millet, buckwheat, turnip and other varieties of farm seeds. It also distributes bone dust, lime, plaster and fertilizer to advantage. Clover seed is sown a width of 18 feet; timothy, 15 feet; alfalfa, 20 feet; wheat, 25 feet; millet, 18 feet; oats, 18 feet. Thus it will be seen that one operator can sow from forty to sixty acres per day, according to the kind of seed. Price, \$2.50 each.

**Moe's Poultry Punch**

A poultry punch for marking baby chicks. Punches a clean hole in the web between the toes that will not bruise the foot. Guaranteed to work perfectly.

No. 38 \$.30

**MOE'S Star Jar Fountain and Feeder**

Will fit pint, quart or one-half gallon Mason jar. Manufactured of one piece of non-rusting metal. No parts to come unslotted. Leaking impossible. Convenient, cheap and sanitary. Provides greater drinking surface than the round fountain. Little chicks cannot get drowned. Can be used for feed as well as water. Manufactured in one size only.

No. 32 each \$.15

Moe's Round Baby Chick Feeder

The most convenient and commodious feeder on the market for the price. A great feed saver, as the little chicks cannot get into it and contaminate the feed. Can also be used for water. This is not a novelty, but a practical well-made feeding device that will last for years. Made of the best grade of galvanized iron in two sizes:

No. 11. Small size.....\$.25
No. 12. Large size..... .35

**Moe's Adjustable Leg Bands**

These bands are made of aluminum and packed in cartons of 25, 50 and 100 bands each.

25 bands.....	\$.25	100 bands.....	\$.75
50 bands.....	.45	500 bands.....	3.50
1000 bands.....			

1000 bands..... \$.60

Moe's Sanitary Bottom-Fill Fountain**A General Utility Fountain at a Low Price**

Made in two pieces. Easily cleaned, and owing to its shape it will not burst from freezing. The cone-shape top prevents chickens from roosting thereon. This fountain fills the breeder's need for an inexpensive fountain. Made of the best grade of galvanized iron in three sizes:

No. 19—About 1-quart capacity.....	\$.45
No. 20—About ½-gallon capacity.....	.60
No. 24—About 1-gallon capacity.....	.80

Moe's Grit and Shell Boxes

Grit, shell and charcoal have now become a recognized essential part of the diet insuring healthy fowls. They cannot be more economically supplied than in one of our inexpensive compartment boxes. Can also be used as a feed bopper for little chicks. Each box has a substantial handle so that it can be hung up anywhere.

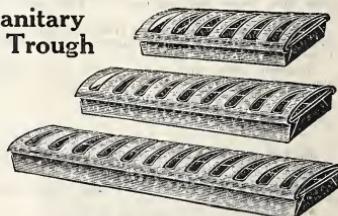
The round bottom prevents clogging and insures an ample supply of the contents at all times. Made of heavy galvanized iron.

No. 9—3 compartments, for grown birds..... \$.25

**Moe's Square Brood Coops**

A complete home for the hen and her brood. Manufactured with removable bottom for sanitation. A combination door for ventilation, to keep the hen inside, give the little chicks their liberty, for absolute protection against animals and weather, and to keep chicks in if desired. Collapsible and packed six to the crate. Manufactured of heavy galvanized iron in one size only.

No. 49—16x25x16 inches high each \$.50

Moe's Sanitary Feeding Trough

An old and popular stand-by.

Can be used for Feed, Wet Mash or Water.

Barred top prevents wasting of feed and if used for water does away with the little chicks drowning. The feed saved by using this trough will more than pay for itself in a few weeks. Made of the best grade of galvanized iron in three sizes, namely:

No. 21—12 inches long..... \$.50c each

No. 22—18 inches long..... .75c each

ANDERSON'S SITTING EGG BOXES

are made of corrugated paper with double-faced corrugated paper partitions protecting each individual egg.

	Parcel Express post doz. each
15-egg size	\$ 3.75 .40
30-egg size	5.00 .65
50-egg size	7.50 .75
100-egg size	10.00 1.00



Tested Thermometers

Tested Thermometers.—The best incubators or brooder manufactured is worthless unless the thermometer used therein is accurate. Hundreds of batches fail in incubators because of inferior thermometers, and large numbers of chickens are killed in brooders owing to defective or worthless thermometers.

Incubator thermometers, each, postpaid..... \$1.00
Brooder thermometers, each, postpaid..... 1.50

Insecticides, Fungicides, Etc.

Arsenate of Lead-Dry Powder.—For spraying trees and shrubs against attacks of leaf-biting insects of all kinds. It adheres well to the foliage, does not readily wash off by rain, and does not injure tender foliage. Remains well suspended in solution, so that an even distribution is obtained. Being white in color it shows just where it has been applied. Is rapidly taking place of Paris Green. Use one pound to 40 gallons of water. (Not malleable). One pound, \$1.00.

Whale Oil Soap.—Makes an excellent wash for trees and plants where insects and eggs affect the bark, and for smearing on the trunks of trees to prevent worms from crawling up. Pound, 35c; two pounds, 60c; if by mail, add postage.

Tobacco Dust.—Very effective, being of leaves, not ground stems. Used on cabbage and in vegetable hothouses. Pound, 10c; by mail, postpaid, 17c; by express, 10 pounds, 75c.

Hammond's Grade Dust.—A readily diffusible, lightweight powder formula, very efficient in destroying mildew and in preventing blight in greenhouses or in the open; also, for destroying aphis and black fly. 1-lb. can, 50c.

Hammond's Slug Shot.—Used from ocean to ocean. A light, composite fine powder, easily distributed either by duster, bellows or in water by spraying. Thoroughly reliable in killing currant worms, potato bugs, cabbage worms, chicken lice, slugs, sow bugs, etc., and it is also strongly impregnated with fungicides. 1-lb. can, 35c; 5-lb. package, 75c.

Hammond's Thrip Juice.—Is a contact insecticide for use against Thrips and Black Fly, Aphis, Red Spider, White Fly, Soft Scale and Mealy Bugs. Per can, 75c.

DRY LIME-SULPHUR

The use and success of Lime-Sulphur Solution is known to practically every fruit grower in the country, and even those who are unfamiliar with the inconvenience and unpleasantness of handling Liquid Lime-Sulphur. Dry Lime-Sulphur is Standard Lime-Sulphur Solution in dry powdered form, having all the advantages of the liquid material, but eliminating its disadvantages. Its effectiveness has been proven by many large fruit growers. For dormant spray use 8 to 10 level tablespoonsfuls to one gallon water. Summer spray for Seed Fruits, 1 to 2 tablespoonsfuls; Summer Spray for Stone Fruits, 3-4 to 1 tablespoonful. Prices, 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.50.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE

For blight, mildew and all fungous diseases. Can be applied alone or in connection with Paris Green, or Arsenate of Lead. For hardy foliage, such as apple, pear, potato, tomato, egg plant, use 8 to 12 pounds in 50 gallons of water. For tender foliage, such as peach, cherry and cucumber, 6 to 8 pounds in 50 gallons of water.

5-lb. package, \$2.75; 10-lb. package, \$4.50; 100-lb. keg, \$30.75.

"BLACK LEAF 40"-Nicotine Sulphate—40 Per Cent Nicotine

This is the insecticide that is so highly recommended by Experiment Stations. It destroys Aphis (plant lice), Thrips, Leafhoppers on all tree, bush and vine fruits, vegetables, field crops, flowers and shrubs; also Apple, Red Bug, Pear Psylla and similar soft-bodied sucking insects—all without injury to foliage.

May be combined with other sprays. Highly concentrated. Soluble in water—easy to mix—does not clog nozzles.

You cannot go wrong by ordering "Black Leaf 40" for sucking insects.

1 ounce, 25c, makes 6 gallons spray.
One-half lb., \$1.25, makes 40 to 120 gallons spray.
Two lbs., \$3.75, makes 200 to 500 gallons spray.
10 lbs., \$15.50, makes 800 to 2,500 gallons spray.

CONKEYE'S BUTTERMILK STARTING FOOD

Conkeye's Buttermilk Starting Food is a scientifically balanced slightly medicated food, easily digested and taken up by the system while the lactic acid released from the buttermilk acts as a preventive measure against White Diarrhoea and digestive trouble.

Only the best grains we can buy, pure medicine and Conkeye's Dry Buttermilk are used in its making. Get your chicks started right by feeding it to every brood. One pound will feed 12 chicks 3 weeks. 3 lbs., 30c; 9 lbs., 75c; 15 lbs., \$1.15; 100 lbs., \$7.50.

DRUMM'S BLUE BUG EXTERMINATOR

Will Positively Rid Your Chickens of Blue Bugs, Lice, Mites and Stick Tight Fleas.

It also is a good general tonic and will not in any way effect their laying qualities or the flesh as human food.

DIRECTIONS

On starting the use of this exterminator we would advise using two tablets to each quart of drinking water for the first week, from then on one tablet to each quart is sufficient. Do not allow fowls access to any drinking water that does not contain these tablets.

These tablets may also be dissolved and mixed with the feed if desired. In cases where chickens are badly infected with vermin, tablets may be placed in bird's mouth, thus assuring quicker results.

If used according to these directions we guarantee this product to do all that we claim for it.

50 Tablets	\$.50
115 Tablets	1.00

Put up and sold by

DRUMM SEED AND FLORAL CO.
507 Houston Street

Fort Worth, Texas



TALBOT'S INSECT EXTERMINATOR

Positively kills ants, roaches, chicken lice, fleas, moths, bed bugs, mosquitoes, etc., and is a fine disinfectant. We guarantee this powder to do the work.

Price, 30c and 60c per can.

Moe's Key Ring Celluloid Leg Band

Made of celluloid in six sizes and ten colors. They are snapped on the bird without difficulty and make identification readily discernible.

Poultry, Baby Chick and Pigeon Sizes

12 bands	\$.15	100 bands	\$.75
25 bands	.30	500 bands	3.60
50 bands	.50	1000 bands	7.00

Made of celluloid in six sizes and ten colors. They are snapped on the bird without difficulty and make identification readily discernible.

Poultry, Baby Chick and Pigeon Sizes

12 bands	\$.15	100 bands	\$.90
25 bands	.30	500 bands	4.00
50 bands	.50	1000 bands	7.50

Here's a Sure Way to Make Hens Lay

Eggs will undoubtedly be higher in price this year than ever before. If you can keep your hens laying, this is your opportunity to make money.

Don Sung (Chinese for egg laying) is a new scientific discovery for hens that stimulates the egg-laying organs and makes the hen healthy, strong and vigorous. As a result, she lays regularly in any season.

PRICE, 50 CENTS.

Large Size, \$1.—Holds 3 times the 50c size.
Special Size, \$5.—Holds 6 times the \$1. size.



Midget Sprayer.—Designed especially for domestic purposes, but is practical for all purposes. 40c each, by mail, 45c.



The Misty Sprayer.—A single-tube Sprayer adapted for all kinds of general spraying; used very extensively; capacity one quart. 50c each; by mail, 60c.



The Hudson Powder Gun.—For using Paris Green, Tobacco Dust, etc., on plants and poultry; capacity one quart. Aluminum finish. \$1.00 each; by mail, \$1.10.

The Perfection Compressed Air Sprayer

In our opinion this is the best sprayer of its size on the market today. It has a heavy galvanized tank with a capacity of three gallons, well built, and does not develop leaks very quickly as is the case with many other sprayers. The working of the machine is very simple and has no complicated parts to get out of order. The cut-off on the nozzle shuts off instantly so that none of the solution in the tank is wasted. It has an adjustable shoulder strap, making it easy to handle in your spraying work. Price, \$6.50 each.



Hudson Combination Seeder

(No. 201 Double Wheel)

This is a combination tool quickly convertible into a double or single wheel hoe, hill and drill Seeder, or double and single-wheel Cultivator. It will sow accurately anything from beans down to the smallest garden seeds in hills, 4, 6, 8, 12 or 24 inches apart, or in drills at any desired depth to two inches.

The brush force feed, constructed of selected bristles, is guaranteed not to injure the most delicate seeds, and to feed all the seed from the hopper. By means of a thumb-screw the seed can easily be adjusted to feed the required amount of seed. Should the hopper run out of seed this can be detected by the operator, as the seed flow is in plain sight at all times.

The handles have a plow-handle grip, giving great leverage with little exertion and are not tiresome to the hands. Wheel diameter 16 inches; tire 1½ inches with 16 spokes. Arch made of angle steel and will not spring, giving more rigidity and longer life than any other in use.

Tool Equipment.—Hoes, Shovels and Plows are made of special high-grade steel; all shanks are of malleable. When used as a hill or drill seeder, will open its own furrow, drop the seed perfectly, cover it and mark the next row, all at one operation.

Complete combination. Price, each, \$19.20.

"Success" Bucket Sprayer

For spraying a small number of trees; for flower and vegetable gardens, greenhouses, etc. It is practically indispensable. The "Success" is also widely used for washing windows, buggies and autos; for applying whitewash and disinfecting barns and poultry houses; also for applying cattle-hy oil, stock dip, etc. An easy working, powerful pump; will last a lifetime if given reasonable care. Price, \$8.50.

Continuous Sprayer.—Constructed to give a continuous, uniform spray on both strokes of the plunger; will handle fly oils, insecticides and disinfectants with great rapidity, giving a fine, effective spray; easily cleaned. \$1.00 each; by mail, \$1.10.

IDEAL



For Whitewash

A strong, durable wheelbarrow-sprayer. The Ideal is well designed and will develop a higher pressure than any other wheelbarrow-sprayer. Particularly desirable for whitewashing and very practicable for spraying medium sized orchards or vineyards.

Pump.—Same as our regular No. 4 Barrel Pump. Seamless Brass Cylinder 1¾ in. diameter, 7 in. long. Air chamber 2 in. diameter, 30 in. long, made of steel tubing. Handle of correct length and well balanced in weight for easy operation. Pump is fastened to top of tank by spider casting and can be removed by loosening one thumb screw.

Tank.—Heavy galvanized steel or brass, reinforced top and bottom with heavy channel iron hoops, malleable castings for attaching to frame. Capacity 15 gallons.

Wheels.—20 in. diameter, 2½ in. tire; strong, light and rigid.

Valve.—Bronze balls—Inlet and outlet both mounted in one cage, brass intake screen.

Agitator.—Heavy swinging type, very efficient.

Frame.—Heavy steel tubing with channel iron braces. Tank hung on frame.

On Frame Tank.—Boiler iron, all joints welded, tested to 275 pounds pressure. Fixed to frame with channel iron. Pressure gauge reading to 200 pounds.

Discharge Equipments.—15 ft. ¼ in. Ideal Spray Hose; 8 ft. ¼-in. Iron Pipe Extension—Fog Nozzle and leakless shut-off. Two lines of hose can be used if desired.

Shipping Weight.—Crated 130 pounds.

No. 21. Ideal with Galvanized Supply Tank. Price each \$40.00

No. 30. Ideal Outfit as above (less air pressure tank), each 25.00



NOTICE, NON-WARRANTY.

We give no warranty, express or implied as to purity, description, quality, productiveness or any other matter of seeds, bulbs or plants we send out, and we will not be in any way responsible for the crop.

**ORDER SHEET
FOR**

Drumm Seed & Floral Co.

PLANTS, NURSERY STOCK & SEEDS

FORT WORTH, TEXAS

You Must Name Express Company as well as Express Office and Rural Route.

Our Mailing List in no case applies to Farm Seeds, Onion Sets or any other heavy Seeds, Nursery Stock, Cut Flowers, Hanging Baskets, Flower Pots, etc. See Page 2 of Cover. Packet, Ounce, Quarter-Pound, Pound, Pint or Quart, Mailed FREE. NO GOODS SENT C. O. D.

NO ORDER ACCEPTED FOR LESS THAN \$1.00

Name _____

AMOUNT ENCLOSED Personal check must include exchange.

Postoffice

Postoffice Order . \$..... Postal Note . . . \$.

Express Office If different from P. O. _____

Express Order . . . \$ Postage Stamps . . \$

County _____

Cash \$..... Draft \$.....

State _____

Date....., 192

Total Plants

ORDER SEEDS ON NEXT PAGE.

ORDER SEEDS HERE.

No Goods Sent C. O. D.

No Goods Sent C. O. D.

Total for Seeds.

WRITE NAMES OF FRIENDS OR NEIGHBORS YOU BELIEVE WOULD APPRECIATE OUR CATALOG

NO ORDER ACCEPTED FOR LESS THAN \$1.00